

**First Regular Session  
Seventy-second General Assembly  
STATE OF COLORADO**

**REENGROSSED**

*This Version Includes All Amendments  
Adopted in the House of Introduction*

LLS NO. 19-0031.01 Michael Dohr x4347

**HOUSE BILL 19-1177**

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**A BILL FOR AN ACT**

101 **CONCERNING CREATION OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER,**  
102 **AND IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, MAKING AN APPROPRIATION.**

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**Bill Summary**

*(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at <http://leg.colorado.gov>.)*

The bill creates the ability for a family or household member or a law enforcement officer to petition the court for a temporary extreme risk protection order (ERPO). The petitioner must establish by a preponderance of the evidence that a person poses a significant risk to self or others by having a firearm in his or her custody or control or by possessing, purchasing, or receiving a firearm. The petitioner must submit

Shading denotes HOUSE amendment. Double underlining denotes SENATE amendment.  
*Capital letters or bold & italic numbers indicate new material to be added to existing statute.*  
*Dashes through the words indicate deletions from existing statute.*

HOUSE  
3rd Reading Unamended  
March 4, 2019

HOUSE  
Amended 2nd Reading  
March 1, 2019

an affidavit signed under oath and penalty of perjury that sets forth facts to support the issuance of a temporary ERPO and a reasonable basis for believing they exist. The court must hold a temporary ERPO hearing in person or by telephone on the day the petition is filed or on the court day immediately following the day the petition is filed.

After issuance of a temporary ERPO, the court must schedule a second hearing no later than 14 days following the issuance to determine whether the issuance of a continuing ERPO is warranted. The court shall appoint counsel to represent the respondent at the hearing. If a family or household member or a law enforcement officer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that a person poses a significant risk to self or others by having a firearm in his or her custody or control or by possessing, purchasing, or receiving a firearm, the court may issue a continuing ERPO. The ERPO prohibits the respondent from possessing, controlling, purchasing, or receiving a firearm for 364 days.

Upon issuance of the ERPO, the respondent shall surrender all of his or her firearms and his or her concealed carry permit if the respondent has one. The respondent may surrender his or her firearms either to a law enforcement agency or a federally licensed firearms dealer. If a person other than the respondent claims title to any firearms surrendered to law enforcement, the firearm shall be returned to him or her.

The respondent can motion the court once during the 364-day ERPO for a hearing to terminate the ERPO. The respondent has the burden of proof at a termination hearing. The court shall terminate the ERPO if the respondent establishes by clear and convincing evidence that he or she no longer poses a significant risk of causing personal injury to self or others by having in his or her custody or control a firearm or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm. The court may continue the hearing if the court cannot issue an order for termination at that time but believes there is a strong possibility the court could issue a termination order prior to the expiration of the ERPO.

The petitioner requesting the original ERPO may request an extension of the ERPO before it expires. The petitioner must show by clear and convincing evidence that the respondent continues to pose a significant risk of causing personal injury to self or others by having a firearm in his or her custody or control or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm. If the ERPO expires or is terminated, all of the respondent's firearms must be returned.

The bill requires the state court administrator to develop and prepare standard petitions and ERPO forms. Additionally, the state court administrator at the judicial department's "State Measurement for Accountable, Responsive, and Transparent (SMART) Government Act" hearing shall provide statistics related to petitions for ERPOs.

1 *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:*

2 **SECTION 1.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **add** article 14.5 to  
3 title 13 as follows:

4 **ARTICLE 14.5**

5 **Extreme Risk Protection Orders**

6 **13-14.5-101. Short title.** THE SHORT TITLE OF THIS ARTICLE 14.5  
7 IS THE "DEPUTY ZACKARI PARRISH III VIOLENCE PREVENTION ACT".

8 **13-14.5-102. Definitions.** AS USED IN THIS ARTICLE 14.5, UNLESS  
9 THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE CLEARLY REQUIRES:

10 (1) "EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER" MEANS EITHER A  
11 TEMPORARY ORDER OR A CONTINUING ORDER GRANTED PURSUANT TO THIS  
12 ARTICLE 14.5.

13 (2) "FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER" MEANS, WITH RESPECT TO  
14 A RESPONDENT, ANY:

15 (a) PERSON RELATED BY BLOOD, MARRIAGE, OR ADOPTION TO THE  
16 RESPONDENT;

17 (b) PERSON WHO HAS A CHILD IN COMMON WITH THE RESPONDENT,  
18 REGARDLESS OF WHETHER SUCH PERSON HAS BEEN MARRIED TO THE  
19 RESPONDENT OR HAS LIVED TOGETHER WITH THE RESPONDENT AT ANY  
20 TIME;

21 (c) PERSON WHO REGULARLY RESIDES OR REGULARLY RESIDED  
22 WITH THE RESPONDENT WITHIN THE LAST SIX MONTHS;

23 (d) DOMESTIC PARTNER OF THE RESPONDENT;

24 (e) PERSON WHO HAS A BIOLOGICAL OR LEGAL PARENT-CHILD  
25 RELATIONSHIP WITH THE RESPONDENT, INCLUDING STEPPARENTS AND  
26 STEPCHILDREN AND GRANDPARENTS AND GRANDCHILDREN;

27 (f) PERSON WHO IS ACTING OR HAS ACTED AS THE RESPONDENT'S

1 LEGAL GUARDIAN; AND

2 (g) A PERSON IN ANY OTHER RELATIONSHIP DESCRIBED IN SECTION  
3 18-6-800.3 (2) WITH THE RESPONDENT.

4 (3) "FIREARM" HAS THE SAME MEANING AS IN SECTION 18-1-901  
5 (3)(h).

6 (4) "PETITIONER" MEANS THE PERSON WHO PETITIONS FOR AN  
7 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5.

8 (5) "RESPONDENT" MEANS THE PERSON WHO IS IDENTIFIED AS THE  
9 RESPONDENT IN A PETITION FILED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5.

10 **13-14.5-103. Temporary extreme risk protection orders.** (1) A  
11 FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF THE RESPONDENT OR A LAW  
12 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY MAY REQUEST A TEMPORARY  
13 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER WITHOUT NOTICE TO THE RESPONDENT  
14 BY INCLUDING IN THE PETITION FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER  
15 AN AFFIDAVIT, SIGNED UNDER OATH AND PENALTY OF PERJURY,  
16 SUPPORTING THE ISSUANCE OF A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
17 ORDER THAT SETS FORTH THE FACTS TENDING TO ESTABLISH THE GROUNDS  
18 OF THE PETITION OR THE REASON FOR BELIEVING THEY EXIST AND, IF THE  
19 PETITIONER IS A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER, ATTESTING THAT THE  
20 PETITIONER IS A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER. THE PETITION SHALL  
21 COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 13-14.5-104 (3). IF THE  
22 PETITIONER IS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR LAW ENFORCEMENT  
23 AGENCY, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR LAW ENFORCEMENT  
24 AGENCY SHALL CONCURRENTLY FILE A SWORN AFFIDAVIT FOR A SEARCH  
25 WARRANT PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-3-301.5 TO SEARCH FOR ANY  
26 FIREARMS IN THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE RESPONDENT AT A  
27 LOCATION OR LOCATIONS TO BE NAMED IN THE WARRANT. IF A PETITION

1 PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-65-106 IS ALSO FILED AGAINST THE  
2 RESPONDENT, A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION CAN HEAR THAT  
3 PETITION AT THE SAME TIME AS THE HEARING FOR A TEMPORARY EXTREME  
4 RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR THE HEARING FOR A CONTINUING EXTREME  
5 RISK PROTECTION ORDER.

6 (2) IN CONSIDERING WHETHER TO ISSUE A TEMPORARY EXTREME  
7 RISK PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL  
8 CONSIDER ALL RELEVANT EVIDENCE, INCLUDING THE EVIDENCE DESCRIBED  
9 IN SECTION 13-14.5-105 (3).

10 (3) IF A COURT FINDS BY A PREPONDERANCE OF THE EVIDENCE  
11 THAT, BASED ON THE EVIDENCE PRESENTED PURSUANT TO SECTION  
12 13-14.5-105 (3), THE RESPONDENT POSES A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF CAUSING  
13 PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR OTHERS IN THE NEAR FUTURE BY HAVING IN  
14 HIS OR HER CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY PURCHASING,  
15 POSSESSING, OR RECEIVING A FIREARM, THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A  
16 TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.

17 (4) THE COURT SHALL HOLD A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK  
18 PROTECTION ORDER HEARING IN PERSON OR BY TELEPHONE ON THE DAY  
19 THE PETITION IS FILED OR ON THE COURT DAY IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING  
20 THE DAY THE PETITION IS FILED. THE COURT MAY SCHEDULE A HEARING BY  
21 TELEPHONE PURSUANT TO LOCAL COURT RULE TO REASONABLY  
22 ACCOMMODATE A DISABILITY OR, IN EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES, TO  
23 PROTECT A PETITIONER FROM POTENTIAL HARM. THE COURT SHALL  
24 REQUIRE ASSURANCES OF THE PETITIONER'S IDENTITY BEFORE  
25 CONDUCTING A TELEPHONIC HEARING. A HEARING BY TELEPHONE MUST BE  
26 RECORDED AND PROVIDED TO THE RESPONDENT PRIOR TO THE ISSUE OF AN  
27 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.

1 (5)(a) IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 13-14.5-105(1), THE COURT  
2 SHALL SCHEDULE A HEARING WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER THE  
3 ISSUANCE OF A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER TO  
4 DETERMINE IF A THREE-HUNDRED-SIXTY-FOUR-DAY EXTREME RISK  
5 PROTECTION ORDER SHOULD BE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5.  
6 NOTICE OF THAT HEARING DATE MUST BE INCLUDED WITH THE  
7 TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER THAT IS SERVED ON THE  
8 RESPONDENT. THE COURT SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE HEARING DATE  
9 TO THE PETITIONER.

10 (b) ANY TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED  
11 EXPIRES ON THE DATE AND TIME OF THE HEARING ON THE EXTREME RISK  
12 PROTECTION ORDER PETITION OR THE WITHDRAWAL OF THE PETITION.

13 (6) A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MUST  
14 INCLUDE:

15 (a) A STATEMENT OF THE GROUNDS ASSERTED FOR THE ORDER;

16 (b) THE DATE AND TIME THE ORDER WAS ISSUED;

17 (c) THE DATE AND TIME THE ORDER EXPIRES;

18 (d) THE ADDRESS OF THE COURT IN WHICH ANY RESPONSIVE  
19 PLEADING SHOULD BE FILED;

20 (e) THE DATE AND TIME OF THE SCHEDULED HEARING;

21 (f) THE REQUIREMENTS FOR SURRENDER OF FIREARMS PURSUANT  
22 TO SECTION 13-14.5-108; AND

23 (g) THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:

24 TO THE SUBJECT OF THIS TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK  
25 PROTECTION ORDER: THIS ORDER IS VALID UNTIL THE DATE  
26 AND TIME NOTED ABOVE. YOU MAY NOT HAVE IN YOUR  
27 CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR PURCHASE, POSSESS,

1 RECEIVE, OR ATTEMPT TO PURCHASE OR RECEIVE A FIREARM  
2 WHILE THIS ORDER IS IN EFFECT. YOU MUST IMMEDIATELY  
3 SURRENDER TO THE (INSERT NAME OF LAW ENFORCEMENT  
4 AGENCY IN THE JURISDICTION WHERE THE RESPONDENT  
5 RESIDES) ALL FIREARMS IN YOUR CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR  
6 POSSESSION, AND ANY CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT ISSUED  
7 TO YOU. A HEARING WILL BE HELD ON THE DATE AND AT  
8 THE TIME NOTED ABOVE TO DETERMINE IF AN EXTREME RISK  
9 PROTECTION ORDER SHOULD BE ISSUED. FAILURE TO APPEAR  
10 AT THAT HEARING MAY RESULT IN A COURT ENTERING AN  
11 ORDER AGAINST YOU THAT IS VALID FOR THREE HUNDRED  
12 SIXTY FOUR DAYS. AN ATTORNEY WILL BE APPOINTED TO  
13 REPRESENT YOU, OR YOU MAY SEEK THE ADVICE OF YOUR  
14 OWN ATTORNEY AT YOUR OWN EXPENSE AS TO ANY MATTER  
15 CONNECTED WITH THIS ORDER.

16 (7) A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHALL SERVE A TEMPORARY  
17 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER CONCURRENTLY WITH THE NOTICE OF  
18 HEARING AND PETITION IN THE SAME MANNER AS PROVIDED FOR IN  
19 SECTION 13-14.5-105 FOR SERVICE OF THE NOTICE OF HEARING WHERE THE  
20 RESPONDENT RESIDES.

21 (8) (a) IF THE COURT ISSUES A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK  
22 PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL STATE THE PARTICULAR REASONS  
23 FOR THE COURT'S ISSUANCE.

24 (b) IF THE COURT DECLINES TO ISSUE A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK  
25 PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL STATE THE PARTICULAR REASONS  
26 FOR THE COURT'S DENIAL.

27 **13-14.5-104. Petition for extreme risk protection order.** (1) A

1 PETITION FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MAY BE FILED BY A  
2 FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF THE RESPONDENT OR A LAW  
3 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY. IF THE PETITION IS FILED BY A LAW  
4 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY, THE OFFICER OR AGENCY SHALL BE  
5 REPRESENTED IN ANY JUDICIAL PROCEEDING BY A COUNTY OR CITY  
6 ATTORNEY UPON REQUEST. IF THE PETITION IS FILED BY A FAMILY OR  
7 HOUSEHOLD MEMBER, THE PETITIONER, TO THE BEST OF HIS OR HER  
8 ABILITY, SHALL NOTIFY THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IN THE  
9 JURISDICTION WHERE THE RESPONDENT RESIDES OF THE PETITION AND  
10 THE HEARING DATE WITH ENOUGH ADVANCE NOTICE TO ALLOW FOR  
11 PARTICIPATION OR ATTENDANCE. UPON THE FILING OF A PETITION, THE  
12 COURT SHALL APPOINT AN ATTORNEY TO REPRESENT THE RESPONDENT,  
13 AND THE COURT SHALL INCLUDE THE APPOINTMENT IN THE NOTICE OF  
14 HEARING PROVIDED TO THE RESPONDENT PURSUANT TO SECTION  
15 13-14.5-105 (1)(a). THE RESPONDENT MAY REPLACE THE ATTORNEY WITH  
16 AN ATTORNEY OF THE RESPONDENT'S OWN SELECTION AT ANY TIME AT THE  
17 RESPONDENT'S OWN EXPENSE. ATTORNEY FEES FOR THE ATTORNEY  
18 APPOINTED FOR THE RESPONDENT SHALL BE PAID BY THE COURT.

19 (2) A PETITION FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MUST  
20 BE FILED IN THE COUNTY WHERE THE RESPONDENT RESIDES.

21 (3) A PETITION MUST:

22 (a) ALLEGE THAT THE RESPONDENT POSES A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF  
23 CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR OTHERS BY HAVING IN HIS OR HER  
24 CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY PURCHASING, POSSESSING, OR  
25 RECEIVING A FIREARM AND MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY AN AFFIDAVIT,  
26 SIGNED UNDER OATH AND PENALTY OF PERJURY, STATING THE SPECIFIC  
27 STATEMENTS, ACTIONS, OR FACTS THAT GIVE RISE TO A REASONABLE FEAR



1 OF FUTURE DANGEROUS ACTS BY THE RESPONDENT;

2 (b) IDENTIFY THE NUMBER, TYPES, AND LOCATIONS OF ANY  
3 FIREARMS THE PETITIONER BELIEVES TO BE IN THE RESPONDENT'S CURRENT  
4 OWNERSHIP, POSSESSION, CUSTODY, OR CONTROL;

5 (c) IDENTIFY WHETHER THE RESPONDENT IS REQUIRED TO POSSESS,  
6 CARRY, OR USE A FIREARM AS A CONDITION OF THE RESPONDENT'S  
7 CURRENT EMPLOYMENT;

8 (d) IDENTIFY WHETHER THERE IS A KNOWN EXISTING DOMESTIC  
9 ABUSE PROTECTION ORDER OR EMERGENCY PROTECTION ORDER  
10 GOVERNING THE PETITIONER OR RESPONDENT;

11 (e) IDENTIFY WHETHER THERE IS A PENDING LAWSUIT, COMPLAINT,  
12 PETITION, OR OTHER ACTION BETWEEN THE PARTIES TO THE PETITION; AND

13 ■

14 (f) IF THE PETITIONER IS NOT A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY,  
15 IDENTIFY WHETHER THE PETITIONER INFORMED A LOCAL LAW  
16 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY REGARDING THE RESPONDENT.

17 (4) THE COURT SHALL VERIFY THE TERMS OF ANY EXISTING ORDER  
18 IDENTIFIED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3)(d) OF THIS SECTION GOVERNING  
19 THE PARTIES. THE COURT MAY NOT DELAY GRANTING RELIEF BECAUSE OF  
20 THE EXISTENCE OF A PENDING ACTION BETWEEN THE PARTIES. A PETITION  
21 FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MAY BE GRANTED WHETHER OR  
22 NOT THERE IS A PENDING ACTION BETWEEN THE PARTIES.

23 ■

24 (5) IF THE PETITION STATES THAT DISCLOSURE OF THE PETITIONER'S  
25 ADDRESS WOULD RISK HARM TO THE PETITIONER OR ANY MEMBER OF THE  
26 PETITIONER'S FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD, THE PETITIONER'S ADDRESS MAY BE  
27 OMITTED FROM ALL DOCUMENTS FILED WITH THE COURT. IF THE

1 PETITIONER HAS NOT DISCLOSED AN ADDRESS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION,  
2 THE PETITIONER MUST DESIGNATE AN ALTERNATIVE ADDRESS AT WHICH  
3 THE RESPONDENT MAY SERVE NOTICE OF ANY MOTIONS. IF THE PETITIONER  
4 IS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY, THE ADDRESS OF RECORD  
5 MUST BE THAT OF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.

6 (6) A COURT OR PUBLIC AGENCY SHALL NOT CHARGE A FEE FOR  
7 FILING OR SERVICE OF PROCESS TO A PETITIONER SEEKING RELIEF  
8 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5. A PETITIONER OR RESPONDENT MUST BE  
9 PROVIDED THE NECESSARY NUMBER OF CERTIFIED COPIES, FORMS, AND  
10 INSTRUCTIONAL BROCHURES FREE OF CHARGE.

11 (7) A PERSON IS NOT REQUIRED TO POST A BOND TO OBTAIN RELIEF  
12 IN ANY PROCEEDING PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.

13 (8) THE DISTRICT AND COUNTY COURTS OF THE STATE OF  
14 COLORADO HAVE JURISDICTION OVER PROCEEDINGS PURSUANT TO THIS  
15 ARTICLE 14.5.

16 **13-14.5-105. Hearings on petition - grounds for order issuance.**

17 (1) (a) UPON FILING OF THE PETITION, THE COURT SHALL ORDER A  
18 HEARING TO BE HELD AND PROVIDE A NOTICE OF HEARING TO THE  
19 RESPONDENT. THE COURT MUST PROVIDE THE NOTICE OF THE HEARING  
20 NOT LATER THAN ONE COURT DAY AFTER THE DATE OF THE EXTREME RISK  
21 PROTECTION ORDER PETITION. THE COURT MAY SCHEDULE A HEARING BY  
22 TELEPHONE PURSUANT TO LOCAL COURT RULE TO REASONABLY  
23 ACCOMMODATE A DISABILITY OR, IN EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES, TO  
24 PROTECT A PETITIONER FROM POTENTIAL HARM. THE COURT SHALL  
25 REQUIRE ASSURANCES OF THE PETITIONER'S IDENTITY BEFORE  
26 CONDUCTING A TELEPHONIC HEARING.

27 (b) BEFORE THE NEXT COURT DAY, THE COURT CLERK SHALL

1 FORWARD A COPY OF THE NOTICE OF HEARING AND PETITION TO THE LAW  
2 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IN THE JURISDICTION WHERE THE RESPONDENT  
3 RESIDES ■ FOR SERVICE UPON THE RESPONDENT.

4 (c) A COPY OF THE NOTICE OF HEARING AND PETITION MUST BE  
5 SERVED UPON THE RESPONDENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE RULES FOR  
6 SERVICE OF PROCESS AS PROVIDED IN RULE 4 OF THE COLORADO RULES OF  
7 CIVIL PROCEDURE OR RULE 304 OF THE COLORADO RULES OF COUNTY  
8 COURT CIVIL PROCEDURE. SERVICE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION  
9 TAKES PRECEDENCE OVER THE SERVICE OF OTHER DOCUMENTS, UNLESS  
10 THE OTHER DOCUMENTS ARE OF A SIMILAR EMERGENCY NATURE.

11 (d) THE COURT MAY, AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 13-14.5-103, ISSUE  
12 A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER PENDING THE HEARING  
13 ORDERED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (1)(a) OF THIS SECTION. THE  
14 TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MUST BE SERVED  
15 CONCURRENTLY WITH THE NOTICE OF HEARING AND PETITION.

16 (2) UPON HEARING THE MATTER, IF THE COURT FINDS BY CLEAR  
17 AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE, BASED ON THE EVIDENCE PRESENTED  
18 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (3) OF THIS SECTION, THAT THE RESPONDENT  
19 POSES A SIGNIFICANT RISK OF CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR  
20 OTHERS BY HAVING IN HIS OR HER CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY  
21 PURCHASING, POSSESSING, OR RECEIVING A FIREARM, THE COURT SHALL  
22 ISSUE AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER FOR A PERIOD OF THREE  
23 HUNDRED SIXTY-FOUR DAYS.

24 (3) IN DETERMINING WHETHER GROUNDS FOR AN EXTREME RISK  
25 PROTECTION ORDER EXIST, THE COURT MAY CONSIDER ANY RELEVANT  
26 CORROBORATED EVIDENCE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY OF THE  
27 FOLLOWING:

1 (a) A RECENT ACT OR CREDIBLE THREAT OF VIOLENCE BY THE  
2 RESPONDENT AGAINST SELF OR OTHERS, WHETHER OR NOT SUCH VIOLENCE  
3 OR CREDIBLE THREAT OF VIOLENCE INVOLVES A FIREARM;

4 (b) A PATTERN OF ACTS OR CREDIBLE THREATS OF VIOLENCE BY  
5 THE RESPONDENT WITHIN THE PAST YEAR, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO  
6 ACTS OR CREDIBLE THREATS OF VIOLENCE BY THE RESPONDENT AGAINST  
7 SELF OR OTHERS;

8 (c) A VIOLATION BY THE RESPONDENT OF A CIVIL PROTECTION  
9 ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14 OF THIS TITLE 13;

10 (d) A PREVIOUS OR EXISTING EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER  
11 ISSUED AGAINST THE RESPONDENT AND A VIOLATION OF A PREVIOUS OR  
12 EXISTING EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER;

13 (e) A CONVICTION OF THE RESPONDENT FOR A CRIME THAT  
14 INCLUDED AN UNDERLYING FACTUAL BASIS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AS  
15 DEFINED IN SECTION 18-6-800.3 (1);

16 (f) THE RESPONDENT'S OWNERSHIP, ACCESS TO, OR INTENT TO  
17 POSSESS A FIREARM;

18 (g) A CREDIBLE THREAT OF OR THE UNLAWFUL OR RECKLESS USE  
19 OF A FIREARM BY THE RESPONDENT;

20 (h) THE HISTORY OF USE, ATTEMPTED USE, OR THREATENED USE OF  
21 UNLAWFUL PHYSICAL FORCE BY THE RESPONDENT AGAINST ANOTHER  
22 PERSON, OR THE RESPONDENT'S HISTORY OF STALKING ANOTHER PERSON  
23 AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 18-3-602;

24 (i) ANY PRIOR ARREST OF THE RESPONDENT FOR A CRIME LISTED  
25 IN SECTION 24-4.1-302 (1) OR SECTION 18-9-202;

26 (j) EVIDENCE OF THE ABUSE OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES OR  
27 ALCOHOL BY THE RESPONDENT;

1 (k) WHETHER THE RESPONDENT IS REQUIRED TO POSSESS, CARRY,  
2 OR USE A FIREARM AS A CONDITION OF THE RESPONDENT'S CURRENT  
3 EMPLOYMENT; AND

4 (l) EVIDENCE OF RECENT ACQUISITION OF A FIREARM OR  
5 AMMUNITION BY THE RESPONDENT.

6 (4) THE COURT MAY:

7 (a) EXAMINE UNDER OATH THE PETITIONER, THE RESPONDENT, AND  
8 ANY WITNESSES THEY MAY PRODUCE, OR, IN LIEU OF EXAMINATION,  
9 CONSIDER SWORN AFFIDAVITS OF THE PETITIONER, THE RESPONDENT, AND  
10 ANY WITNESSES THEY MAY PRODUCE; AND

11 (b) REQUEST THAT THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
12 CONDUCT A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK [REDACTED] RELATED TO THE  
13 RESPONDENT AND PROVIDE THE RESULTS TO THE COURT UNDER SEAL.

14 (5) THE COURT SHALL ALLOW THE PETITIONER AND RESPONDENT  
15 TO PRESENT EVIDENCE AND CROSS-EXAMINE WITNESSES AND BE  
16 REPRESENTED BY AN ATTORNEY AT THE HEARING.

17 (6) IN A HEARING PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5, THE RULES OF  
18 EVIDENCE APPLY TO THE SAME EXTENT AS IN A CIVIL PROTECTION ORDER  
19 PROCEEDING PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14 OF THIS TITLE 13.

20 (7) DURING THE HEARING, THE COURT SHALL CONSIDER ANY  
21 AVAILABLE MENTAL HEALTH EVALUATION OR CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY  
22 EVALUATION PROVIDED TO THE COURT.

23 (8)(a) BEFORE ISSUING AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE  
24 COURT SHALL CONSIDER WHETHER THE RESPONDENT MEETS THE  
25 STANDARD FOR A COURT-ORDERED EVALUATION FOR PERSONS WITH  
26 MENTAL HEALTH DISORDERS PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-65-106. IF THE  
27 COURT DETERMINES THAT THE RESPONDENT MEETS THE STANDARD, THEN,

1 IN ADDITION TO ISSUING AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE  
2 COURT SHALL ORDER MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT AND EVALUATION  
3 AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-65-106 (6).

4 (b) BEFORE ISSUING AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE  
5 COURT SHALL CONSIDER WHETHER THE RESPONDENT MEETS THE  
6 STANDARD FOR AN EMERGENCY COMMITMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION  
7 27-81-111 OR 27-82-107. IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE  
8 RESPONDENT MEETS THE STANDARD, THEN, IN ADDITION TO ISSUING AN  
9 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL ORDER AN  
10 EMERGENCY COMMITMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 27-81-111 OR  
11 27-82-107.

12 (9) AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER MUST INCLUDE:

13 (a) A STATEMENT OF THE GROUNDS SUPPORTING THE ISSUANCE OF  
14 THE ORDER;

15 (b) THE DATE AND TIME THE ORDER WAS ISSUED;

16 (c) THE DATE AND TIME THE ORDER EXPIRES;

17 (d) THE ADDRESS OF THE COURT IN WHICH ANY RESPONSIVE  
18 PLEADING SHOULD BE FILED;

19 (e) THE REQUIREMENTS FOR RELINQUISHMENT OF A FIREARM AND  
20 CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-108; AND

21 (f) THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:

22 TO THE SUBJECT OF THIS EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
23 ORDER: THIS ORDER WILL LAST UNTIL THE DATE AND TIME  
24 NOTED ABOVE. IF YOU HAVE NOT DONE SO ALREADY, YOU  
25 MUST IMMEDIATELY SURRENDER ANY FIREARMS IN YOUR  
26 CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION AND ANY CONCEALED  
27 CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO YOU. YOU MAY NOT HAVE IN

1 YOUR CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR PURCHASE,  
2 POSSESS, RECEIVE, OR ATTEMPT TO PURCHASE OR RECEIVE  
3 A FIREARM WHILE THIS ORDER IS IN EFFECT. YOU HAVE THE  
4 RIGHT TO REQUEST ONE HEARING TO TERMINATE THIS  
5 ORDER DURING THE PERIOD THAT THIS ORDER IS IN EFFECT,  
6 STARTING FROM THE DATE OF THIS ORDER AND CONTINUING  
7 THROUGH ANY RENEWALS. YOU MAY SEEK THE ADVICE OF  
8 AN ATTORNEY AS TO ANY MATTER CONNECTED WITH THIS  
9 ORDER.

10 (10) WHEN THE COURT ISSUES AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
11 ORDER, THE COURT SHALL INFORM THE RESPONDENT THAT HE OR SHE IS  
12 ENTITLED TO REQUEST TERMINATION OF THE ORDER IN THE MANNER  
13 PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 13-14.5-107. THE COURT SHALL PROVIDE THE  
14 RESPONDENT WITH A FORM TO REQUEST A TERMINATION HEARING.

15 (11) (a) IF THE COURT ISSUES AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
16 ORDER, THE COURT SHALL STATE THE PARTICULAR REASONS FOR THE  
17 COURT'S ISSUANCE.

18 (b) IF THE COURT DENIES THE ISSUANCE OF AN EXTREME RISK  
19 PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL STATE THE PARTICULAR REASONS  
20 FOR THE COURT'S DENIAL.

21 (12) IF THE COURT DENIES THE ISSUANCE OF AN EXTREME RISK  
22 PROTECTION ORDER BUT ORDERED A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK  
23 PROTECTION ORDER AND A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TOOK CUSTODY  
24 OF THE RESPONDENT'S CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT OR THE RESPONDENT  
25 SURRENDERED HIS OR HER CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT AS A RESULT OF THE  
26 TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE SHERIFF WHO ISSUED  
27 THE CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT SHALL REISSUE THE CONCEALED CARRY

1 PERMIT TO THE RESPONDENT WITHIN THREE DAYS, AT NO CHARGE TO THE  
2 RESPONDENT.

3 (13) IF COURT ISSUES AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER AND  
4 THE PETITIONER IS A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY, THE  
5 PETITIONER SHALL MAKE A GOOD-FAITH EFFORT TO PROVIDE NOTICE OF  
6 THE ORDER TO A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF THE RESPONDENT  
7 AND TO ANY KNOWN THIRD PARTY WHO MAY BE AT DIRECT RISK OF  
8 VIOLENCE. THE NOTICE MUST INCLUDE REFERRALS TO APPROPRIATE  
9 RESOURCES, INCLUDING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, BEHAVIORAL HEALTH, AND  
10 COUNSELING RESOURCES.

11 **13-14.5-106. Service of protection orders.** (1) AN EXTREME  
12 RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-105 MUST  
13 BE SERVED PERSONALLY UPON THE RESPONDENT, EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE  
14 PROVIDED IN THIS ARTICLE 14.5.

15 (2) THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IN THE JURISDICTION WHERE  
16 THE RESPONDENT RESIDES [REDACTED] SHALL SERVE THE RESPONDENT  
17 PERSONALLY.

18 (3) THE COURT CLERK SHALL FORWARD A COPY OF THE EXTREME  
19 RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 ON OR  
20 BEFORE THE NEXT COURT DAY TO THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY  
21 SPECIFIED IN THE ORDER FOR SERVICE. SERVICE OF AN ORDER ISSUED  
22 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 TAKES PRECEDENCE OVER THE SERVICE  
23 OF OTHER DOCUMENTS, UNLESS THE OTHER DOCUMENTS ARE OF A SIMILAR  
24 EMERGENCY NATURE.

25 (4) IF THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY CANNOT COMPLETE  
26 SERVICE UPON THE RESPONDENT WITHIN FIVE DAYS, THE LAW  
27 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL NOTIFY THE PETITIONER. THE PETITIONER



1 SHALL THEN PROVIDE ANY ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING THE  
2 RESPONDENT'S WHEREABOUTS TO THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TO  
3 EFFECT SERVICE. THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY MAY REQUEST  
4 ADDITIONAL TIME TO ALLOW FOR THE PROPER AND SAFE PLANNING AND  
5 EXECUTION OF THE COURT ORDER.

6 (5) IF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ENTERED BY THE  
7 COURT STATES THAT THE RESPONDENT APPEARED IN PERSON BEFORE THE  
8 COURT, THE NECESSITY FOR FURTHER SERVICE IS WAIVED, AND PROOF OF  
9 SERVICE OF THAT ORDER IS NOT NECESSARY.

10 (6) RETURNS OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 MUST  
11 BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPLICABLE COURT RULES.

12 (7) IF THE RESPONDENT IS A VETERAN AND THERE ARE ANY  
13 CRIMINAL CHARGES AGAINST THE RESPONDENT THAT RESULT FROM THE  
14 SERVICE OR ENFORCEMENT OF THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE  
15 JUDGE SHALL REFER THE CASE TO A VETERANS COURT IF THE JURISDICTION  
16 HAS A VETERANS COURT AND THE CHARGES ARE VETERANS COURT  
17 ELIGIBLE.

18 **13-14.5-107. Termination or renewal of protection orders.**

19 (1) **Termination.** (a) THE RESPONDENT MAY SUBMIT ONE WRITTEN  
20 REQUEST FOR A HEARING TO TERMINATE AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
21 ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 FOR THE PERIOD THAT THE  
22 ORDER IS IN EFFECT. UPON RECEIPT OF THE REQUEST FOR A HEARING TO  
23 TERMINATE AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT SHALL SET  
24 A DATE FOR A HEARING. NOTICE OF THE REQUEST AND DATE OF HEARING  
25 MUST BE SERVED ON THE PETITIONER IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE  
26 COLORADO RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE OR COLORADO RULES OF COUNTY  
27 COURT CIVIL PROCEDURE. THE COURT SHALL SET THE HEARING FOURTEEN

1 DAYS AFTER THE FILING OF THE REQUEST FOR A HEARING TO TERMINATE  
2 AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER. THE COURT SHALL TERMINATE THE  
3 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER IF THE RESPONDENT ESTABLISHES BY  
4 CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE THAT HE OR SHE NO LONGER POSES A  
5 SIGNIFICANT RISK OF CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR OTHERS BY  
6 HAVING IN HIS OR HER CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY  
7 PURCHASING, POSSESSING, OR RECEIVING A FIREARM. THE COURT MAY  
8 CONSIDER ANY RELEVANT EVIDENCE, INCLUDING EVIDENCE OF THE  
9 CONSIDERATIONS LISTED IN SECTION 13-14.5-105 (3).

10 (b) THE COURT MAY CONTINUE THE HEARING IF THE COURT  
11 DETERMINES THAT IT CANNOT ENTER A TERMINATION ORDER AT THE  
12 HEARING BUT DETERMINES THAT THERE IS A STRONG POSSIBILITY THAT  
13 THE COURT COULD ENTER A TERMINATION ORDER AT A FUTURE DATE  
14 BEFORE THE EXPIRATION OF THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER. IF  
15 THE COURT CONTINUES THE HEARING, THE COURT SHALL SET THE DATE  
16 FOR THE NEXT HEARING PRIOR TO THE DATE FOR THE EXPIRATION OF THE  
17 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.

18 (2) **Renewal.** (a) THE COURT SHALL NOTIFY THE PETITIONER OF  
19 THE IMPENDING EXPIRATION OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER  
20 SIXTY-THREE CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE THE DATE THAT THE ORDER  
21 EXPIRES.

22 (b) A PETITIONER, A FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF A  
23 RESPONDENT, OR A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY MAY, BY  
24 MOTION, REQUEST A RENEWAL OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER  
25 AT ANY TIME WITHIN SIXTY-THREE CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE THE  
26 EXPIRATION OF THE ORDER.

27 (c) UPON RECEIPT OF THE MOTION TO RENEW, THE COURT SHALL

1 ORDER THAT A HEARING BE HELD NOT LATER THAN FOURTEEN DAYS AFTER  
2 THE FILING OF THE MOTION TO RENEW. THE COURT MAY SCHEDULE A  
3 HEARING BY TELEPHONE IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY SECTION  
4 13-14.5-105 (1)(a). THE RESPONDENT MUST BE PERSONALLY SERVED IN  
5 THE SAME MANNER PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 13-14.5-105 (1)(b) AND  
6 (1)(c).

7 (d) IN DETERMINING WHETHER TO RENEW AN EXTREME RISK  
8 PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL  
9 CONSIDER ALL RELEVANT EVIDENCE AND FOLLOW THE SAME PROCEDURE  
10 AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 13-14.5-105.

11 (e) IF THE COURT FINDS BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE  
12 THAT, BASED ON THE EVIDENCE PRESENTED PURSUANT TO SECTION  
13 13-14.5-105 (3), THE RESPONDENT CONTINUES TO POSE A SIGNIFICANT  
14 RISK OF CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY TO SELF OR OTHERS BY HAVING IN HIS  
15 OR HER CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR BY PURCHASING,  
16 POSSESSING, OR RECEIVING A FIREARM, THE COURT SHALL RENEW THE  
17 ORDER FOR A PERIOD OF TIME THE COURT DEEMS APPROPRIATE, NOT TO  
18 EXCEED ONE YEAR. IN THE ORDER, THE COURT SHALL SET A RETURN DATE  
19 TO REVIEW THE ORDER NO LATER THAN THIRTY-FIVE DAYS PRIOR TO THE  
20 EXPIRATION OF THE ORDER. HOWEVER, IF, AFTER NOTICE, THE MOTION FOR  
21 RENEWAL IS UNCONTESTED AND THE PETITIONER SEEKS NO MODIFICATION  
22 OF THE ORDER, THE ORDER MAY BE RENEWED ON THE BASIS OF THE  
23 PETITIONER'S MOTION OR AFFIDAVIT, SIGNED UNDER OATH AND PENALTY  
24 OF PERJURY, STATING THAT THERE HAS BEEN NO MATERIAL CHANGE IN  
25 RELEVANT CIRCUMSTANCES SINCE THE ENTRY OF THE ORDER AND STATING  
26 THE REASON FOR THE REQUESTED RENEWAL.

27 (3) IF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER IS TERMINATED OR

1 NOT RENEWED FOR ANY REASON, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY  
2 STORING THE RESPONDENT'S FIREARMS SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE  
3 RESPONDENT REGARDING THE PROCESS FOR THE RETURN OF THE  
4 FIREARMS.

5 **13-14.5-108. Surrender of a firearm.** (1) (a) UPON ISSUANCE OF  
6 AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5,  
7 INCLUDING A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE COURT  
8 SHALL ORDER THE RESPONDENT TO SURRENDER ALL FIREARMS BY:

9 (I) SELLING OR TRANSFERRING POSSESSION OF THE FIREARM TO A  
10 FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER DESCRIBED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC.  
11 923, AS AMENDED; EXCEPT THAT THIS PROVISION MUST NOT BE  
12 INTERPRETED TO REQUIRE ANY FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS DEALER  
13 TO PURCHASE OR ACCEPT POSSESSION OF ANY FIREARM; ■

14 (II) ARRANGING FOR THE STORAGE OF THE FIREARM BY A LAW  
15 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY. THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL  
16 PRESERVE THE FIREARM IN A SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR CONDITION THAT  
17 THE FIREARM WAS IN WHEN IT WAS SURRENDERED. IF THE RESPONDENT  
18 DOES NOT CHOOSE THE OPTION IN SUBSECTION (1)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION,  
19 A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL STORE THE FIREARM; OR

20 (III) ONLY FOR EITHER AN ANTIQUE FIREARM, AS DEFINED IN 18  
21 U.S.C. SEC. 921 (a)(16), AS AMENDED, OR A CURIO OR RELIC, AS DEFINED  
22 IN 27 CFR 478.11, AS AMENDED, TRANSFERRING POSSESSION OF THE  
23 ANTIQUE FIREARM OR CURIO OR RELIC TO A RELATIVE WHO DOES NOT LIVE  
24 WITH THE RESPONDENT AFTER CONFIRMING, THROUGH A CRIMINAL  
25 HISTORY RECORD CHECK, THE RELATIVE IS CURRENTLY ELIGIBLE TO OWN  
26 OR POSSESS A FIREARM UNDER FEDERAL AND STATE LAW.

27 (b) THE COURT SHALL ORDER THE RESPONDENT TO SURRENDER

1 ANY CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT TO THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER  
2 SERVING THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER.

3 (2) (a) THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SERVING ANY EXTREME  
4 RISK PROTECTION ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5, INCLUDING A  
5 TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER IN WHICH THE PETITIONER  
6 WAS NOT A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR OFFICER, SHALL REQUEST  
7 THAT THE RESPONDENT IMMEDIATELY SURRENDER ALL FIREARMS IN HIS  
8 OR HER CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION AND ANY CONCEALED CARRY  
9 PERMIT ISSUED TO THE RESPONDENT AND CONDUCT ANY SEARCH  
10 PERMITTED BY LAW FOR SUCH FIREARMS OR PERMIT. AFTER THE LAW  
11 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR OFFICER HAS CUSTODY OF THE FIREARMS, THE  
12 RESPONDENT MAY INFORM THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OF HIS OR HER  
13 PREFERENCE FOR SALE, TRANSFER, OR STORAGE OF THE FIREARMS AS  
14 SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION. IF THE RESPONDENT ELECTS  
15 TO SELL OR TRANSFER THE FIREARMS TO A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS  
16 DEALER DESCRIBED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC. 923, AS AMENDED, THE LAW  
17 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OR AGENCY SHALL MAINTAIN CUSTODY OF THE  
18 FIREARMS UNTIL THEY ARE SOLD OR TRANSFERRED PURSUANT TO  
19 SUBSECTION (1)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION. THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER  
20 SHALL TAKE POSSESSION OF ALL FIREARMS AND ANY SUCH PERMIT  
21 BELONGING TO THE RESPONDENT THAT ARE SURRENDERED, IN PLAIN  
22 SIGHT, OR DISCOVERED PURSUANT TO A LAWFUL SEARCH.  
23 ALTERNATIVELY, IF PERSONAL SERVICE BY THE LAW ENFORCEMENT  
24 AGENCY IS NOT POSSIBLE, OR NOT REQUIRED BECAUSE THE RESPONDENT  
25 WAS PRESENT AT THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER HEARING, THE  
26 RESPONDENT SHALL SURRENDER THE FIREARMS AND ANY CONCEALED  
27 CARRY PERMIT WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER BEING SERVED WITH

1 THE ORDER BY ALTERNATE SERVICE OR WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS  
2 AFTER THE HEARING AT WHICH THE RESPONDENT WAS PRESENT.

3 (b) IF THE PETITIONER FOR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER  
4 IS A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR OFFICER, THE LAW ENFORCEMENT  
5 OFFICER SERVING THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER SHALL TAKE  
6 CUSTODY OF THE RESPONDENT'S FIREARMS PURSUANT TO THE SEARCH  
7 WARRANT FOR FIREARMS POSSESSED BY A RESPONDENT IN AN EXTREME  
8 RISK PROTECTION ORDER, AS DESCRIBED IN SECTION 16-3-301.5, IF A  
9 WARRANT WAS OBTAINED. AFTER THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY OR  
10 OFFICER HAS CUSTODY OF THE FIREARMS, THE RESPONDENT MAY INFORM  
11 THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER OF HIS OR HER PREFERENCE FOR SALE,  
12 TRANSFER, OR STORAGE OF THE FIREARMS AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION  
13 13-14-105.5 (2)(c). THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER SHALL REQUEST  
14 THAT THE RESPONDENT IMMEDIATELY SURRENDER ANY CONCEALED  
15 CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO THE RESPONDENT AND CONDUCT ANY SEARCH  
16 PERMITTED BY LAW FOR THE PERMIT.

17 (3) AT THE TIME OF SURRENDER OR TAKING CUSTODY PURSUANT  
18 TO SECTION 16-3-301.5, A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER TAKING  
19 POSSESSION OF A FIREARM OR A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT SHALL ISSUE  
20 A RECEIPT IDENTIFYING ALL FIREARMS AND ANY PERMIT THAT HAVE BEEN  
21 SURRENDERED OR TAKEN CUSTODY OF AND PROVIDE A COPY OF THE  
22 RECEIPT TO THE RESPONDENT. WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO HOURS AFTER  
23 SERVICE OF THE ORDER, THE OFFICER SERVING THE ORDER SHALL FILE THE  
24 ORIGINAL RECEIPT WITH THE COURT AND SHALL ENSURE THAT HIS OR HER  
25 LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY RETAINS A COPY OF THE RECEIPT, OR, IF THE  
26 OFFICER DID NOT TAKE CUSTODY OF ANY FIREARMS, SHALL FILE A  
27 STATEMENT TO THAT EFFECT WITH THE COURT.

1           (4) UPON THE SWORN STATEMENT OR TESTIMONY OF THE  
2 PETITIONER OR OF ANY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER ALLEGING THAT  
3 THERE IS PROBABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THE RESPONDENT HAS FAILED TO  
4 COMPLY WITH THE SURRENDER OF FIREARMS OR A CONCEALED CARRY  
5 PERMIT AS REQUIRED BY AN ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE  
6 14.5, THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE WHETHER PROBABLE CAUSE EXISTS TO  
7 BELIEVE THAT THE RESPONDENT HAS FAILED TO SURRENDER ALL FIREARMS  
8 OR A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT IN HIS OR HER CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR  
9 POSSESSION. IF PROBABLE CAUSE EXISTS, THE COURT SHALL ISSUE A  
10 SEARCH WARRANT THAT STATES WITH PARTICULARITY THE PLACES TO BE  
11 SEARCHED AND THE ITEMS TO BE TAKEN INTO CUSTODY.

12           (5) IF A PERSON OTHER THAN THE RESPONDENT CLAIMS TITLE TO  
13 ANY FIREARMS SURRENDERED OR TAKEN CUSTODY OF PURSUANT TO  
14 SECTION 16-3-301.5 PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND HE OR SHE IS  
15 DETERMINED BY THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY TO BE THE LAWFUL  
16 OWNER OF THE FIREARM, THE FIREARM SHALL BE RETURNED TO HIM OR  
17 HER IF:

18           (a) THE FIREARM IS REMOVED FROM THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY,  
19 CONTROL, OR POSSESSION, AND THE LAWFUL OWNER AGREES TO STORE  
20 THE FIREARM SO THAT THE RESPONDENT DOES NOT HAVE ACCESS TO OR  
21 CONTROL OF THE FIREARM; AND

22           (b) THE FIREARM IS NOT OTHERWISE UNLAWFULLY POSSESSED BY  
23 THE LAWFUL OWNER.

24           (6) (a) WITHIN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS AFTER THE ISSUANCE OF AN  
25 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, A RESPONDENT SUBJECT TO THE  
26 ORDER MAY EITHER:

27           (I) FILE WITH THE COURT THAT ISSUED THE ORDER ONE OR MORE

1 PROOFS OF RELINQUISHMENT OR REMOVAL SHOWING THAT ALL FIREARMS  
2 PREVIOUSLY IN THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION,  
3 AND ANY CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO THE RESPONDENT, WERE  
4 RELINQUISHED TO OR REMOVED BY A LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY, AND  
5 ATTEST TO THE COURT THAT THE RESPONDENT DOES NOT CURRENTLY  
6 HAVE ANY FIREARMS IN THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR  
7 POSSESSION, AND DOES NOT CURRENTLY HAVE A CONCEALED CARRY  
8 PERMIT; OR

9 (II) ATTEST TO THE COURT THAT:

10 (A) AT THE TIME THE ORDER WAS ISSUED, THE RESPONDENT DID  
11 NOT HAVE ANY FIREARMS IN THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR  
12 POSSESSION AND DID NOT HAVE A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT; AND

13 (B) THE RESPONDENT DOES NOT CURRENTLY HAVE ANY FIREARMS  
14 IN THE RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION AND DOES NOT  
15 CURRENTLY HAVE A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT.

16 (b) IF TWO FULL COURT DAYS HAVE ELAPSED SINCE THE ISSUANCE  
17 OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER AND THE RESPONDENT HAS  
18 MADE NEITHER THE FILING AND ATTESTATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION  
19 (6)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION NOR THE ATTESTATIONS PURSUANT TO  
20 SUBSECTION (6)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION, THE CLERK OF THE COURT FOR  
21 THE COURT THAT ISSUED THE ORDER SHALL INFORM THE LOCAL LAW  
22 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY IN THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE COURT IS LOCATED  
23 THAT THE RESPONDENT HAS NOT FILED THE FILING AND ATTESTATION  
24 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(a)(I) OF THIS SECTION OR THE  
25 ATTESTATIONS PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(a)(II) OF THIS SECTION.

26 (c) A LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY THAT RECEIVES A  
27 NOTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (6)(b) OF THIS SECTION SHALL



1 MAKE A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO DETERMINE WHETHER THERE IS EVIDENCE  
2 THAT THE RESPONDENT HAS FAILED TO RELINQUISH ANY FIREARM IN THE  
3 RESPONDENT'S CUSTODY, CONTROL, OR POSSESSION OR A CONCEALED  
4 CARRY PERMIT ISSUED TO THE RESPONDENT.

5 (7) THE PEACE OFFICERS STANDARDS AND TRAINING BOARD SHALL  
6 DEVELOP MODEL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES BY DECEMBER 1, 2019,  
7 REGARDING THE ACCEPTANCE, STORAGE, AND RETURN OF FIREARMS  
8 REQUIRED TO BE SURRENDERED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 OR  
9 TAKEN CUSTODY OF PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-3-301.5 AND SHALL  
10 PROVIDE THOSE MODEL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES TO ALL LAW  
11 ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES. EACH LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL  
12 ADOPT THE MODEL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES OR ADOPT THEIR OWN  
13 POLICIES AND PROCEDURES BY JANUARY 1, 2020.

14 **13-14.5-109. Firearms - return - disposal.** (1) IF AN EXTREME  
15 RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
16 ORDER IS TERMINATED OR EXPIRES WITHOUT RENEWAL, A LAW  
17 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY HOLDING ANY FIREARM THAT HAS BEEN  
18 SURRENDERED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-108 OR TAKEN CUSTODY OF  
19 PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-3-301.5, OR A FEDERALLY LICENSED FIREARMS  
20 DEALER DESCRIBED IN 18 U.S.C. SEC. 923, AS AMENDED, WITH CUSTODY  
21 OF A FIREARM, OR A RELATIVE WITH CUSTODY OF AN ANTIQUE FIREARM OR  
22 CURIO OR RELIC PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-108 (1)(a)(III), MUST  
23 RETURN THE FIREARM REQUESTED BY A RESPONDENT WITHIN THREE DAYS  
24 ONLY AFTER CONFIRMING, THROUGH A CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORD CHECK  
25 PERFORMED PURSUANT TO SECTION 24-33.5-424, THAT THE RESPONDENT  
26 IS CURRENTLY ELIGIBLE TO OWN OR POSSESS A FIREARM UNDER FEDERAL  
27 AND STATE LAW AND AFTER CONFIRMING WITH THE COURT THAT THE

1 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER HAS TERMINATED OR HAS EXPIRED  
2 WITHOUT RENEWAL.

3 (2) ANY FIREARM SURRENDERED BY A RESPONDENT PURSUANT TO  
4 SECTION 13-14.5-108 OR TAKEN CUSTODY OF PURSUANT TO SECTION  
5 16-3-301.5 THAT REMAINS UNCLAIMED BY THE LAWFUL OWNER FOR AT  
6 LEAST ONE YEAR FROM THE DATE THE TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK  
7 PROTECTION ORDER OR EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER EXPIRED,  
8 WHICHEVER IS LATER, SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE  
9 LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY'S POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR THE  
10 DISPOSAL OF FIREARMS IN POLICE CUSTODY.

11 **13-14.5-110. Reporting of extreme risk protection orders.**

12 (1) THE COURT CLERK SHALL ENTER ANY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
13 ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED  
14 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 INTO A STATEWIDE JUDICIAL  
15 INFORMATION SYSTEM ON THE SAME DAY THE ORDER IS ISSUED.

16 (2) THE COURT CLERK SHALL FORWARD A COPY OF AN EXTREME  
17 RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
18 ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5 THE SAME DAY THE ORDER  
19 IS ISSUED TO THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND THE LAW  
20 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SPECIFIED IN THE ORDER. UPON RECEIPT OF THE  
21 COPY OF THE ORDER, THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION SHALL  
22 ENTER THE ORDER INTO THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND  
23 CHECK SYSTEM, ANY OTHER FEDERAL OR STATE COMPUTER-BASED  
24 SYSTEMS USED BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES OR OTHERS TO IDENTIFY  
25 PROHIBITED PURCHASERS OF FIREARMS, AND ANY COMPUTER-BASED  
26 CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION SYSTEM AVAILABLE IN THIS STATE  
27 USED BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES. THE ORDER MUST REMAIN IN

1 EACH SYSTEM FOR THE PERIOD STATED IN THE ORDER, AND THE LAW  
2 ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL ONLY EXPUNGE ORDERS FROM THE  
3 SYSTEMS THAT HAVE EXPIRED OR TERMINATED AND SHALL PROMPTLY  
4 REMOVE THE EXPIRED OR TERMINATED ORDERS. ENTRY INTO THE  
5 COMPUTER-BASED CRIMINAL INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION SYSTEM IS  
6 NOTICE TO ALL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES OF THE EXISTENCE OF THE  
7 ORDER. THE ORDER IS FULLY ENFORCEABLE IN ANY COUNTY IN THE STATE.

8 (3) THE ISSUING COURT SHALL, WITHIN THREE COURT DAYS AFTER  
9 ISSUANCE OF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR A TEMPORARY  
10 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, FORWARD ALL IDENTIFYING  
11 INFORMATION THE COURT HAS REGARDING THE RESPONDENT, ALONG WITH  
12 THE DATE THE ORDER IS ISSUED, TO THE COUNTY SHERIFF IN THE  
13 JURISDICTION WHERE THE RESPONDENT RESIDES. UPON RECEIPT OF THE  
14 INFORMATION, THE COUNTY SHERIFF SHALL DETERMINE IF THE  
15 RESPONDENT HAS A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT. IF THE RESPONDENT DOES  
16 HAVE A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT, THE ISSUING COUNTY SHERIFF SHALL  
17 IMMEDIATELY REVOKE THE PERMIT. THE RESPONDENT MAY REAPPLY FOR  
18 A CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT AFTER THE TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK  
19 PROTECTION ORDER AND EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, IF ORDERED,  
20 ARE NO LONGER IN EFFECT.

21 (4) IF AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER IS TERMINATED  
22 BEFORE ITS EXPIRATION DATE, THE COURT CLERK SHALL FORWARD, ON THE  
23 SAME DAY AS THE TERMINATION ORDER, A COPY OF THE TERMINATION  
24 ORDER TO THE COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND THE  
25 APPROPRIATE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SPECIFIED IN THE TERMINATION  
26 ORDER. UPON RECEIPT OF THE ORDER, THE COLORADO BUREAU OF  
27 INVESTIGATION AND THE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY SHALL PROMPTLY

1 REMOVE THE ORDER FROM ANY COMPUTER-BASED SYSTEM IN WHICH IT  
2 WAS ENTERED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.

3 (5) UPON THE EXPIRATION OF A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK  
4 PROTECTION ORDER OR EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, THE  
5 COLORADO BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION AND THE LAW ENFORCEMENT  
6 AGENCY SPECIFIED IN THE ORDER SHALL PROMPTLY REMOVE THE ORDER  
7 FROM ANY COMPUTER-BASED SYSTEM IN WHICH IT WAS ENTERED  
8 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (2) OF THIS SECTION.

9 (6) AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER DOES NOT CONSTITUTE  
10 A FINDING THAT A RESPONDENT IS A PROHIBITED PERSON PURSUANT TO 18  
11 U.S.C. SEC. 922.

12 **13-14.5-111. Penalties.** ANY PERSON WHO HAS IN HIS OR HER  
13 CUSTODY OR CONTROL A FIREARM OR PURCHASES, POSSESSES, OR  
14 RECEIVES A FIREARM WITH KNOWLEDGE THAT HE OR SHE IS PROHIBITED  
15 FROM DOING SO BY AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY  
16 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE  
17 14.5 IS GUILTY OF A CLASS 2 MISDEMEANOR.

18 **13-14.5-112. Other authority retained.** THIS ARTICLE 14.5 DOES  
19 NOT AFFECT THE ABILITY OF A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER TO REMOVE A  
20 FIREARM OR CONCEALED CARRY PERMIT FROM A PERSON OR CONDUCT A  
21 SEARCH AND SEIZURE FOR ANY FIREARM PURSUANT TO OTHER LAWFUL  
22 AUTHORITY.

23 **13-14.5-113. Liability.** (1) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION  
24 13-14.5-111, THIS ARTICLE 14.5 DOES NOT IMPOSE CRIMINAL OR CIVIL  
25 LIABILITY ON ANY PERSON OR ENTITY FOR ACTS OR OMISSIONS MADE IN  
26 GOOD FAITH RELATED TO OBTAINING AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
27 ORDER OR A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER, INCLUDING

1 BUT NOT LIMITED TO REPORTING, DECLINING TO REPORT, INVESTIGATING,  
2 DECLINING TO INVESTIGATE, FILING, OR DECLINING TO FILE A PETITION  
3 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5.

4 (2) A PERSON WHO FILES A MALICIOUS OR FALSE PETITION FOR  
5 TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR AN EXTREME RISK  
6 PROTECTION ORDER MAY BE SUBJECT TO CRIMINAL PROSECUTION FOR  
7 THOSE ACTS.

8 (3) IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER REMEDIES, A RESPONDENT WHO  
9 HAD A MALICIOUS OR FALSE PETITION FOR A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK  
10 PROTECTION ORDER OR EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER FILED AGAINST  
11 HIM OR HER HAS A PRIVATE CAUSE OF ACTION AGAINST THE PETITIONER.  
12 IN THE ACTION, THE PLAINTIFF IS ENTITLED TO ACTUAL DAMAGES,  
13 ATTORNEY FEES, AND COSTS.

14 **13-14.5-114. Instructional and informational material -**  
15 **definition.** (1) (a) THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR SHALL DEVELOP  
16 STANDARD PETITIONS AND EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER FORMS AND  
17 TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER FORMS IN MORE THAN ONE  
18 LANGUAGE CONSISTENT WITH STATE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT PRACTICES.  
19 THE STANDARD PETITION AND ORDER FORMS MUST BE USED AFTER  
20 JANUARY 1, 2020, FOR ALL PETITIONS FILED AND ORDERS ISSUED  
21 PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE 14.5. THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR MAY  
22 CONSULT WITH INTERESTED PARTIES IN DEVELOPING THE PETITIONS AND  
23 FORMS. THE MATERIALS MUST BE AVAILABLE ONLINE CONSISTENT WITH  
24 STATE JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT PRACTICES.

25 (b) THE EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER FORM MUST INCLUDE,  
26 IN A CONSPICUOUS LOCATION, NOTICE OF CRIMINAL PENALTIES RESULTING  
27 FROM VIOLATION OF THE ORDER AND THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:

1           YOU HAVE THE SOLE RESPONSIBILITY TO AVOID OR REFRAIN  
2           FROM VIOLATING THIS EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER'S  
3           PROVISIONS. ONLY THE COURT CAN CHANGE THE ORDER  
4           AND ONLY UPON WRITTEN MOTION.

5           (2) A COURT CLERK FOR EACH JUDICIAL DISTRICT SHALL CREATE  
6           A COMMUNITY RESOURCE LIST OF CRISIS INTERVENTION, MENTAL HEALTH,  
7           SUBSTANCE ABUSE, INTERPRETER, COUNSELING, AND OTHER RELEVANT  
8           RESOURCES SERVING THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE COURT IS LOCATED. THE  
9           COURT SHALL MAKE THE COMMUNITY RESOURCE LIST AVAILABLE AS PART  
10          OF OR IN ADDITION TO THE INFORMATIONAL BROCHURES DESCRIBED IN  
11          SUBSECTION (1) OF THIS SECTION.

12          (3) THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR SHALL DISTRIBUTE A  
13          MASTER COPY OF THE STANDARD PETITION AND EXTREME RISK  
14          PROTECTION ORDER FORMS TO ALL COURT CLERKS AND ALL DISTRICT AND  
15          COUNTY COURTS.

16          (4) COURTS SHALL ACCEPT PETITIONS PURSUANT TO SECTIONS  
17          13-14.5-103 AND 13-14.5-104 BEGINNING ON JANUARY 1, 2020.

18          **SECTION 2.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 13-3-101, **add** (10)  
19          as follows:

20          **13-3-101. State court administrator.** (10) THE STATE COURT  
21          ADMINISTRATOR OR HIS OR HER DESIGNEE SHALL PRESENT AT THE  
22          JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT'S HEARING PURSUANT TO SECTION 2-7-203  
23          STATISTICS RELATED TO EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS IN ARTICLE  
24          14.5 OF THIS TITLE 13. THE STATISTICS MUST INCLUDE THE NUMBER OF  
25          PETITIONS FILED FOR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS,  
26          THE NUMBER OF PETITIONS FILED FOR EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS,  
27          THE NUMBER OF TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS ISSUED

1 AND DENIED, THE NUMBER OF EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDERS ISSUED  
2 AND DENIED, THE NUMBER OF TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
3 ORDERS TERMINATED, THE NUMBER OF EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
4 ORDERS TERMINATED, AND THE NUMBER OF EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
5 ORDERS RENEWED. THE STATE COURT ADMINISTRATOR OR HIS OR HER  
6 DESIGNEE SHALL ALSO REPORT STATE COURT DATA RELATED TO ALL  
7 PERSONS WHO ARE SUBJECT TO ANY TEMPORARY EMERGENCY RISK  
8 PROTECTION ORDER OR EMERGENCY RISK PROTECTION ORDER AND WHO,  
9 WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE ISSUANCE OR EXECUTION THE  
10 PROTECTION ORDER, ARE CHARGED WITH A CRIMINAL OFFENSE. THE  
11 REPORT MUST INCLUDE THE NATURE OF THE CRIMINAL OFFENSE,  
12 INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY OFFENSE FOR VIOLATION OF THE  
13 EMERGENCY RISK PROTECTION ORDER AND THE DISPOSITION OR STATUS OF  
14 THAT CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

15 **SECTION 3.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, **add** 16-3-301.5 as  
16 follows:

17 **16-3-301.5. Search warrant for firearms possessed by a**  
18 **respondent in an extreme risk protection order.** (1) ANY COURT MAY  
19 ISSUE A SEARCH WARRANT TO SEARCH FOR AND TAKE CUSTODY OF ANY  
20 FIREARM IN THE POSSESSION OF A NAMED RESPONDENT IN AN EXTREME  
21 RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
22 ORDER FILED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14.5 OF TITLE 13 IF THE APPLICATION  
23 FOR THE WARRANT COMPLIES WITH ALL REQUIRED PROVISIONS OF SECTION  
24 16-3-303 AND ALSO PROVIDES FACTS SUFFICIENT TO ESTABLISH BY  
25 PROBABLE CAUSE:

26 (a) THAT THE NAMED PERSON IS A NAMED RESPONDENT IN AN  
27 EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER OR TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK

1 PROTECTION ORDER FILED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 14.5 OF TITLE 13; AND

2 (b) THAT THE NAMED PERSON IS IN POSSESSION OF ONE OR MORE  
3 FIREARMS; AND

4 (c) THE LOCATION OF SUCH FIREARMS; AND

5 (d) ANY OTHER INFORMATION RELIED UPON BY THE APPLICANT  
6 AND WHY THE APPLICANT CONSIDERS SUCH INFORMATION CREDIBLE AND  
7 RELIABLE.

8 (2) THE RETURN OR DISPOSAL OF ANY FIREARM TAKEN CUSTODY  
9 OF PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE ACCOMPLISHED PURSUANT TO  
10 SECTION 13-14.5-109.

11 **SECTION 4.** In Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-12-203, **amend**  
12 (1)(g)(II) and (1)(g)(III); and **add** (1)(g)(IV) as follows:

13 **18-12-203. Criteria for obtaining a permit.** (1) Beginning May  
14 17, 2003, except as otherwise provided in this section, a sheriff shall issue  
15 a permit to carry a concealed handgun to an applicant who:

16 (g) Is not subject to:

17 (II) A permanent protection order issued pursuant to article 14 of  
18 title 13; ~~C.R.S.~~; or

19 (III) A temporary protection order issued pursuant to article 14 of  
20 title 13 ~~C.R.S.~~; that is in effect at the time the application is submitted; OR

21 (IV) A TEMPORARY EXTREME RISK PROTECTION ORDER ISSUED  
22 PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-103 (3) OR AN EXTREME RISK PROTECTION  
23 ORDER ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 13-14.5-105 (2);

24 **SECTION 5. Appropriation.** For the 2019-20 state fiscal year,  
25 \$119,392 is appropriated to the judicial department. This appropriation  
26 is from the general fund. To implement this act, the department may use  
27 this appropriation for court costs, jury costs, and court-appointed counsel.



1           **SECTION 6. Safety clause.** The general assembly hereby finds,  
2 determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate  
3 preservation of the public peace, health, and safety.