

SECOND REGULAR SESSION

HOUSE BILL NO. 1462

101ST GENERAL ASSEMBLY

INTRODUCED BY REPRESENTATIVE SCHNELTING.

3488H.011

DANA RADEMAN MILLER, Chief Clerk

AN ACT

To repeal sections 70.441, 571.107, 577.703, and 577.712, RSMo, and to enact in lieu thereof four new sections relating to firearms on public transportation systems, with penalty provisions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the state of Missouri, as follows:

Section A. Sections 70.441, 571.107, 577.703, and 577.712, RSMo, are repealed and
2 four new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections 70.441, 571.107, 577.703,
3 and 577.712, to read as follows:

70.441. 1. As used in this section, the following terms have the following meanings:
2 (1) "Agency", the bi-state development agency created by compact under section
3 70.370;

4 (2) "Conveyance" includes bus, paratransit vehicle, rapid transit car or train,
5 locomotive, or other vehicle used or held for use by the agency as a means of transportation of
6 passengers;

7 (3) "Facilities" includes all property and equipment, including, without limitation,
8 rights-of-way and related trackage, rails, signals, power, fuel, communication and ventilation
9 systems, power plants, stations, terminals, signage, storage yards, depots, repair and
10 maintenance shops, yards, offices, parking lots and other real estate or personal property used
11 or held for or incidental to the operation, rehabilitation or improvement of any public mass
12 transportation system of the agency;

13 (4) "Person", any individual, firm, copartnership, corporation, association or
14 company; and

EXPLANATION — Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets ~~thus~~ in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted from the law. Matter in **bold-face** type in the above bill is proposed language.

15 (5) "Sound production device" includes, but is not limited to, any radio receiver,
16 phonograph, television receiver, musical instrument, tape recorder, cassette player, speaker
17 device and any sound amplifier.

18 2. In interpreting or applying this section, the following provisions shall apply:

19 (1) Any act otherwise prohibited by this section is lawful if specifically authorized by
20 agreement, permit, license or other writing duly signed by an authorized officer of the agency
21 or if performed by an officer, employee or designated agent of the agency acting within the
22 scope of his or her employment or agency;

23 (2) Rules shall apply with equal force to any person assisting, aiding or abetting
24 another, including a minor, in any of the acts prohibited by the rules or assisting, aiding or
25 abetting another in the avoidance of any of the requirements of the rules; and

26 (3) The singular shall mean and include the plural; the masculine gender shall mean
27 the feminine and the neuter genders; and vice versa.

28 3. (1) No person shall use or enter upon the light rail conveyances of the agency
29 without payment of the fare or other lawful charges established by the agency. Any person on
30 any such conveyance must have properly validated fare media in his possession. This ticket
31 must be valid to or from the station the passenger is using, and must have been used for entry
32 for the trip then being taken;

33 (2) No person shall use any token, pass, badge, ticket, document, transfer, card or fare
34 media to gain entry to the facilities or conveyances of, or make use of the services of, the
35 agency, except as provided, authorized or sold by the agency and in accordance with any
36 restriction on the use thereof imposed by the agency;

37 (3) No person shall enter upon parking lots designated by the agency as requiring
38 payment to enter, either by electronic gate or parking meters, where the cost of such parking
39 fee is visibly displayed at each location, without payment of such fees or other lawful charges
40 established by the agency;

41 (4) Except for employees of the agency acting within the scope of their employment,
42 no person shall sell, provide, copy, reproduce or produce, or create any version of any token,
43 pass, badge, ticket, document, transfer, card or any other fare media or otherwise authorize
44 access to or use of the facilities, conveyances or services of the agency without the written
45 permission of an authorized representative of the agency;

46 (5) No person shall put or attempt to put any paper, article, instrument or item, other
47 than a token, ticket, badge, coin, fare card, pass, transfer or other access authorization or other
48 fare media issued by the agency and valid for the place, time and manner in which used, into
49 any fare box, pass reader, ticket vending machine, parking meter, parking gate or other fare
50 collection instrument, receptacle, device, machine or location;

51 (6) Tokens, tickets, fare cards, badges, passes, transfers or other fare media that have
52 been forged, counterfeited, imitated, altered or improperly transferred or that have been used
53 in a manner inconsistent with this section shall be confiscated;

54 (7) No person may perform any act which would interfere with the provision of
55 transit service or obstruct the flow of traffic on facilities or conveyances or which would in
56 any way interfere or tend to interfere with the safe and efficient operation of the facilities or
57 conveyances of the agency;

58 (8) All persons on or in any facility or conveyance of the agency shall:

59 (a) Comply with all lawful orders and directives of any agency employee acting
60 within the scope of his employment;

61 (b) Obey any instructions on notices or signs duly posted on any agency facility or
62 conveyance; and

63 (c) Provide accurate, complete and true information or documents requested by
64 agency personnel acting within the scope of their employment and otherwise in accordance
65 with law;

66 (9) No person shall falsely represent himself or herself as an agent, employee or
67 representative of the agency;

68 (10) No person on or in any facility or conveyance shall:

69 (a) Litter, dump garbage, liquids or other matter, or create a nuisance, hazard or
70 ~~unsanitary~~ **insanitary** condition, including, but not limited to, spitting and urinating, except
71 in facilities provided;

72 (b) Drink any alcoholic beverage or possess any opened or unsealed container of
73 alcoholic beverage, except on premises duly licensed for the sale of alcoholic beverages, such
74 as bars and restaurants;

75 (c) Enter or remain in any facility or conveyance while his ability to function safely in
76 the environment of the agency transit system is impaired by the consumption of alcohol or by
77 the taking of any drug;

78 (d) Loiter or stay on any facility of the agency;

79 (e) Consume foods or liquids of any kind, except in those areas specifically
80 authorized by the agency;

81 (f) Smoke or carry an open flame or lighted match, cigar, cigarette, pipe or torch,
82 except in those areas or locations specifically authorized by the agency; or

83 (g) Throw or cause to be propelled any stone, projectile or other article at, from, upon
84 or in a facility or conveyance;

85 (11) **Except as otherwise provided under section 571.107**, no weapon or other
86 instrument intended for use as a weapon may be carried in or on any facility or conveyance,
87 except for law enforcement personnel. For the purposes hereof, a weapon shall include, but

88 not be limited to, a firearm, switchblade knife, sword, or any instrument of any kind known as
89 blackjack, billy club, club, sandbag, metal knuckles, leather bands studded with metal, wood
90 impregnated with metal filings or razor blades; except that this subdivision shall not apply to
91 a rifle or shotgun which is unloaded and carried in any enclosed case, box or other container
92 which completely conceals the item from view and identification as a weapon;

93 (12) No explosives, flammable liquids, acids, fireworks or other highly combustible
94 materials or radioactive materials may be carried on or in any facility or conveyance, except
95 as authorized by the agency;

96 (13) No person, except as specifically authorized by the agency, shall enter or attempt
97 to enter into any area not open to the public, including, but not limited to, motorman's cabs,
98 conductor's cabs, bus operator's seat location, closed-off areas, mechanical or equipment
99 rooms, concession stands, storage areas, interior rooms, tracks, roadbeds, tunnels, plants,
100 shops, barns, train yards, garages, depots or any area marked with a sign restricting access or
101 indicating a dangerous environment;

102 (14) No person may ride on the roof, the platform between rapid transit cars, or on
103 any other area outside any rapid transit car or bus or other conveyance operated by the
104 agency;

105 (15) No person shall extend his hand, arm, leg, head or other part of his or her person
106 or extend any item, article or other substance outside of the window or door of a moving rapid
107 transit car, bus or other conveyance operated by the agency;

108 (16) No person shall enter or leave a rapid transit car, bus or other conveyance
109 operated by the agency except through the entrances and exits provided for that purpose;

110 (17) No animals may be taken on or into any conveyance or facility except the
111 following:

112 (a) An animal enclosed in a container, accompanied by the passenger and carried in a
113 manner which does not annoy other passengers; and

114 (b) Working dogs for law enforcement agencies, agency dogs on duty, dogs properly
115 harnessed and accompanying blind or hearing-impaired persons to aid such persons, or dogs
116 accompanying trainers carrying a certificate of identification issued by a dog school;

117 (18) No vehicle shall be operated carelessly, or negligently, or in disregard of the
118 rights or safety of others or without due caution and circumspection, or at a speed in such a
119 manner as to be likely to endanger persons or property on facilities of the agency. The speed
120 limit on parking lots and access roads shall be posted as fifteen miles per hour unless
121 otherwise designated.

122 4. (1) Unless a greater penalty is otherwise provided by the laws of the state, any
123 violation of this section shall constitute a misdemeanor, and any person committing a
124 violation thereof shall be subject to arrest and, upon conviction in a court of competent

125 jurisdiction, shall pay a fine in an amount not less than twenty-five dollars and no greater than
126 two hundred fifty dollars per violation, in addition to court costs. Any default in the payment
127 of a fine imposed pursuant to this section without good cause shall result in imprisonment for
128 not more than thirty days;

129 (2) Unless a greater penalty is provided by the laws of the state, any person convicted
130 a second or subsequent time for the same offense under this section shall be guilty of a
131 misdemeanor and sentenced to pay a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than five
132 hundred dollars in addition to court costs, or to undergo imprisonment for up to sixty days, or
133 both such fine and imprisonment;

134 (3) Any person failing to pay the proper fare, fee or other charge for use of the
135 facilities and conveyances of the agency shall be subject to payment of such charge as part of
136 the judgment against the violator. All proceeds from judgments for unpaid fares or charges
137 shall be directed to the appropriate agency official;

138 (4) All juvenile offenders violating the provisions of this section shall be subject to
139 the jurisdiction of the juvenile court as provided in chapter 211;

140 (5) As used in this section, the term "conviction" shall include all pleas of guilty and
141 findings of guilt.

142 5. Any person who is convicted, pleads guilty, or pleads nolo contendere for failing to
143 pay the proper fare, fee, or other charge for the use of the facilities and conveyances of the bi-
144 state development agency, as described in subdivision (3) of subsection 4 of this section, may,
145 in addition to the unpaid fares or charges and any fines, penalties, or sentences imposed by
146 law, be required to reimburse the reasonable costs attributable to the enforcement,
147 investigation, and prosecution of such offense by the bi-state development agency. The
148 court shall direct the reimbursement proceeds to the appropriate agency official.

149 6. (1) Stalled or disabled vehicles may be removed from the roadways of the agency
150 property by the agency and parked or stored elsewhere at the risk and expense of the owner;

151 (2) Motor vehicles which are left unattended or abandoned on the property of the
152 agency for a period of over seventy-two hours may be removed as provided for in section
153 304.155, except that the removal may be authorized by personnel designated by the agency
154 under section 70.378.

571.107. 1. A concealed carry permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121,
2 a valid concealed carry endorsement issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a concealed carry
3 endorsement or permit issued by another state or political subdivision of another state shall
4 authorize the person in whose name the permit or endorsement is issued to carry concealed
5 firearms on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the state. No concealed carry
6 permit issued pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, valid concealed carry endorsement
7 issued prior to August 28, 2013, or a concealed carry endorsement or permit issued by another

8 state or political subdivision of another state shall authorize any person to carry concealed
9 firearms into:

10 (1) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or station without the consent of the
11 chief law enforcement officer in charge of that office or station. Possession of a firearm in a
12 vehicle on the premises of the office or station shall not be a criminal offense so long as the
13 firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

14 (2) Within twenty-five feet of any polling place on any election day. Possession of a
15 firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the polling place shall not be a criminal offense so
16 long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the
17 premises;

18 (3) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or correctional institution, prison or
19 jail. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of any adult, juvenile detention, or
20 correctional institution, prison or jail shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is
21 not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

22 (4) Any courthouse solely occupied by the circuit, appellate or supreme court, or any
23 courtrooms, administrative offices, libraries or other rooms of any such court whether or not
24 such court solely occupies the building in question. This subdivision shall also include, but
25 not be limited to, any juvenile, family, drug, or other court offices, any room or office wherein
26 any of the courts or offices listed in this subdivision are temporarily conducting any business
27 within the jurisdiction of such courts or offices, and such other locations in such manner as
28 may be specified by supreme court rule pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection.
29 Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude those persons listed in subdivision (1) of subsection
30 2 of section 571.030 while within their jurisdiction and on duty, those persons listed in
31 subdivisions (2), (4), and (10) of subsection 2 of section 571.030, or such other persons who
32 serve in a law enforcement capacity for a court as may be specified by supreme court rule
33 pursuant to subdivision (6) of this subsection from carrying a concealed firearm within any of
34 the areas described in this subdivision. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of
35 any of the areas listed in this subdivision shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm
36 is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

37 (5) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government; or any meeting
38 of the general assembly or a committee of the general assembly, except that nothing in this
39 subdivision shall preclude a member of the body holding a valid concealed carry permit or
40 endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she is a
41 member. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense
42 so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on
43 the premises. Nothing in this subdivision shall preclude a member of the general assembly, a
44 full-time employee of the general assembly employed under Section 17, Article III,

45 Constitution of Missouri, legislative employees of the general assembly as determined under
46 section 21.155, or statewide elected officials and their employees, holding a valid concealed
47 carry permit or endorsement, from carrying a concealed firearm in the state capitol building
48 or at a meeting whether of the full body of a house of the general assembly or a committee
49 thereof, that is held in the state capitol building;

50 (6) The general assembly, supreme court, county or municipality may by rule,
51 administrative regulation, or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying of concealed firearms by
52 permit or endorsement holders in that portion of a building owned, leased or controlled by
53 that unit of government. Any portion of a building in which the carrying of concealed
54 firearms is prohibited or limited shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance to
55 the restricted area. The statute, rule or ordinance shall exempt any building used for public
56 housing by private persons, highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and private dwellings
57 owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of government from any restriction on the carrying
58 or possession of a firearm. The statute, rule or ordinance shall not specify any criminal
59 penalty for its violation but may specify that persons violating the statute, rule or ordinance
60 may be denied entrance to the building, ordered to leave the building and if employees of the
61 unit of government, be subjected to disciplinary measures for violation of the provisions of
62 the statute, rule or ordinance. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any other
63 unit of government;

64 (7) Any establishment licensed to dispense intoxicating liquor for consumption on the
65 premises, which portion is primarily devoted to that purpose, without the consent of the
66 owner or manager. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to the licensee of said
67 establishment. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply to any bona fide restaurant
68 open to the general public having dining facilities for not less than fifty persons and that
69 receives at least fifty-one percent of its gross annual income from the dining facilities by the
70 sale of food. This subdivision does not prohibit the possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the
71 premises of the establishment and shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not
72 removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. Nothing in this
73 subdivision authorizes any individual who has been issued a concealed carry permit or
74 endorsement to possess any firearm while intoxicated;

75 (8) Any area of an airport to which access is controlled by the inspection of persons
76 and property. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of the airport shall not be a
77 criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while
78 the vehicle is on the premises;

79 (9) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is prohibited by federal law;

80 (10) Any higher education institution or elementary or secondary school facility
81 without the consent of the governing body of the higher education institution or a school

82 official or the district school board, unless the person with the concealed carry endorsement or
83 permit is a teacher or administrator of an elementary or secondary school who has been
84 designated by his or her school district as a school protection officer and is carrying a firearm
85 in a school within that district, in which case no consent is required. Possession of a firearm
86 in a vehicle on the premises of any higher education institution or elementary or secondary
87 school facility shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the
88 vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

89 (11) Any portion of a building used as a child care facility without the consent of the
90 manager. Nothing in this subdivision shall prevent the operator of a child care facility in a
91 family home from owning or possessing a firearm or a concealed carry permit or
92 endorsement;

93 (12) Any riverboat gambling operation accessible by the public without the consent
94 of the owner or manager pursuant to rules promulgated by the gaming commission.
95 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises of a riverboat gambling operation shall
96 not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished
97 while the vehicle is on the premises;

98 (13) Any gated area of an amusement park. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on
99 the premises of the amusement park shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is
100 not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises;

101 (14) Any church or other place of religious worship without the consent of the
102 minister or person or persons representing the religious organization that exercises control
103 over the place of religious worship. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall
104 not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished
105 while the vehicle is on the premises;

106 (15) Any private property whose owner has posted the premises as being off-limits to
107 concealed firearms by means of one or more signs displayed in a conspicuous place of a
108 minimum size of eleven inches by fourteen inches with the writing thereon in letters of not
109 less than one inch. The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a private business
110 enterprise, or any other organization, entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a
111 concealed carry permit or endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the premises and
112 may prohibit employees, not authorized by the employer, holding a concealed carry permit or
113 endorsement from carrying concealed firearms on the property of the employer. If the
114 building or the premises are open to the public, the employer of the business enterprise shall
115 post signs on or about the premises if carrying a concealed firearm is prohibited. Possession
116 of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm
117 is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises. An

118 employer may prohibit employees or other persons holding a concealed carry permit or
119 endorsement from carrying a concealed firearm in vehicles owned by the employer;

120 (16) Any sports arena or stadium with a seating capacity of five thousand or more.
121 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not be a criminal offense so long as
122 the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the
123 premises;

124 (17) Any hospital accessible by the public. Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the
125 premises of a hospital shall not be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed
126 from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the premises.

127 2. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in subdivisions (1) to (17)
128 of subsection 1 of this section by any individual who holds a concealed carry permit issued
129 pursuant to sections 571.101 to 571.121, or a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to
130 August 28, 2013, shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to denial to the
131 premises or removal from the premises. If such person refuses to leave the premises and a
132 peace officer is summoned, such person may be issued a citation for an amount not to exceed
133 one hundred dollars for the first offense. If a second citation for a similar violation occurs
134 within a six-month period, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed two hundred
135 dollars and his or her permit, and, if applicable, endorsement to carry concealed firearms shall
136 be suspended for a period of one year. If a third citation for a similar violation is issued
137 within one year of the first citation, such person shall be fined an amount not to exceed five
138 hundred dollars and shall have his or her concealed carry permit, and, if applicable,
139 endorsement revoked and such person shall not be eligible for a concealed carry permit for a
140 period of three years. Upon conviction of charges arising from a citation issued pursuant to
141 this subsection, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the concealed
142 carry permit, or, if the person is a holder of a concealed carry endorsement issued prior to
143 August 28, 2013, the court shall notify the sheriff of the county which issued the certificate of
144 qualification for a concealed carry endorsement and the department of revenue. The sheriff
145 shall suspend or revoke the concealed carry permit or, if applicable, the certificate of
146 qualification for a concealed carry endorsement. If the person holds an endorsement, the
147 department of revenue shall issue a notice of such suspension or revocation of the concealed
148 carry endorsement and take action to remove the concealed carry endorsement from the
149 individual's driving record. The director of revenue shall notify the licensee that he or she
150 must apply for a new license pursuant to chapter 302 which does not contain such
151 endorsement. The notice issued by the department of revenue shall be mailed to the last
152 known address shown on the individual's driving record. The notice is deemed received three
153 days after mailing.

154 **3. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter or chapter 70, 577, or 578 to the**
155 **contrary, a person carrying a firearm concealed on or about his or her person who is**
156 **lawfully in possession of a valid concealed carry permit or endorsement shall not be**
157 **prohibited or impeded from accessing or using any publicly funded transportation**
158 **system and shall not be harassed or detained for carrying a concealed firearm on the**
159 **property, vehicles, or conveyances owned, contracted, or leased by such systems that are**
160 **accessible to the public. For purposes of this subsection, "publicly funded**
161 **transportation system" means the property, equipment, rights-of-way, or buildings,**
162 **whether publicly or privately owned and operated, of an entity that receives public**
163 **funds and holds itself out to the general public for the transportation of persons. This**
164 **includes portions of a public transportation system provided through a contract with a**
165 **private entity but excludes any corporation that provides intercity passenger train**
166 **service on railroads throughout the United States or any private partnership in which**
167 **the corporation engages.**

 577.703. 1. A person commits the offense of bus hijacking if he or she seizes or
2 exercises control, by force or violence or threat of force or violence, of any bus. The offense
3 of bus hijacking is a class B felony.

4 2. The offense of "assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking" is defined as an
5 intimidation, threat, assault or battery toward any driver, attendant or guard of a bus so as to
6 interfere with the performance of duties by such person. Assault to commit bus hijacking is a
7 class D felony.

8 3. Any person, who, in the commission of such intimidation, threat, assault or battery
9 with the intent to commit bus hijacking, employs a dangerous or deadly weapon or other
10 means capable of inflicting serious bodily injury shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a class A
11 felony.

12 4. **Except as otherwise provided under section 571.107**, any passenger who boards
13 a bus with a dangerous or deadly weapon or other means capable of inflicting serious bodily
14 injury concealed upon his or her person or effects is guilty of the felony of "possession and
15 concealment of a dangerous or deadly weapon" upon a bus. Possession and concealment of a
16 dangerous and deadly weapon by a passenger upon a bus is a class D felony. The provisions
17 of this subsection shall not apply to:

18 **(1)** Duly elected or appointed law enforcement officers or commercial security
19 personnel who are in possession of weapons used within the course and scope of their
20 employment; ~~[nor shall the provisions of this subsection apply to]~~

21 **(2)** Persons who are in possession of weapons or other means of inflicting serious
22 bodily injury with the consent of the owner of such bus, his or her agent, or the lessee or
23 bailee of such bus; **or**

24 **(3) Persons carrying a concealed firearm who lawfully possess a valid concealed**
25 **carry permit or endorsement in accordance with section 571.107.**

577.712. 1. In order to provide for the safety, comfort, and well-being of passengers
2 and others having a bona fide business interest in any terminal, a bus transportation company
3 may refuse admission to terminals to any person not having bona fide business within the
4 terminal. Any such refusal shall not be inconsistent or contrary to state or federal laws,
5 regulations pursuant thereto, or to any ordinance of the political subdivision in which such
6 terminal is located. A duly authorized company representative may ask any person in a
7 terminal or on the premises of a terminal to identify himself or herself and state his or her
8 business. Failure to comply with such request or failure to state an acceptable business
9 purpose shall be grounds for the company representative to request that such person leave the
10 terminal. Refusal to comply with such request shall constitute disorderly conduct. Disorderly
11 conduct shall be a class C misdemeanor.

12 **2. Except as otherwise provided by section 571.107,** it is unlawful for any person to
13 carry a deadly or dangerous weapon or any explosives or hazardous material into a terminal
14 or aboard a bus. Possession of a deadly or dangerous weapon, explosive or hazardous
15 material shall be a class D felony. Upon the discovery of any such item or material, the
16 company may obtain possession and retain custody of such item or material until it is
17 transferred to the custody of law enforcement officers.

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