

Assembly Bill No. 35—Committee on Judiciary

CHAPTER.....

AN ACT relating to crimes; establishing the preferred manner of referring to items or materials that depict or describe a minor engaging in certain sexual conduct; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

**Legislative Counsel’s Digest:**

**Sections 30 and 31** of this bill establish the preferred manner of referring to items or materials that depict or describe a minor as the subject of a sexual portrayal or engaging in or simulating, or assisting others to engage in or simulate, sexual conduct in the Nevada Revised Statutes and the Nevada Administrative Code. **Sections 6-29 and 32-37** of this bill make conforming changes to replace words and terms that are not preferred for use in the Nevada Revised Statutes, including the term “child pornography” and various related terms, with the term “child sexual abuse material” in accordance with **section 30**.

EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~[omitted material]~~ is material to be omitted.

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THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN  
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Sections 1-5.** (Deleted by amendment.)

**Sec. 6.** NRS 202.876 is hereby amended to read as follows:

202.876 “Violent or sexual offense” means any act that, if prosecuted in this State, would constitute any of the following offenses:

1. Murder or voluntary manslaughter pursuant to NRS 200.010 to 200.260, inclusive.
2. Mayhem pursuant to NRS 200.280.
3. Kidnapping pursuant to NRS 200.310 to 200.340, inclusive.
4. Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366.
5. Robbery pursuant to NRS 200.380.
6. Administering poison or another noxious or destructive substance or liquid with intent to cause death pursuant to NRS 200.390.
7. Battery with intent to commit a crime pursuant to NRS 200.400.
8. Administering a drug or controlled substance to another person with the intent to enable or assist the commission of a felony or crime of violence pursuant to NRS 200.405 or 200.408.
9. False imprisonment pursuant to NRS 200.460 if the false imprisonment involves the use or threatened use of force or violence against the victim or the use or threatened use of a firearm or a deadly weapon.



10. Assault with a deadly weapon pursuant to NRS 200.471.
11. Battery which is committed with the use of a deadly weapon or which results in substantial bodily harm as described in NRS 200.481 or battery which is committed by strangulation as described in NRS 200.481 or 200.485.
12. An offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ *child sexual abuse material* pursuant to NRS 200.710 ~~[or 200.720.]~~ *to 200.730, inclusive.*
13. Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210.
14. Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230.
15. An offense involving pandering or sex trafficking in violation of NRS 201.300, prostitution in violation of NRS 201.320 or advancing prostitution in violation of NRS 201.395.
16. Coercion pursuant to NRS 207.190, if the coercion involves the use or threatened use of force or violence against the victim or the use or threatened use of a firearm or a deadly weapon.
17. An attempt, conspiracy or solicitation to commit an offense listed in this section.

**Sec. 7.** NRS 50.700 is hereby amended to read as follows:

50.700 1. In any criminal or juvenile delinquency action relating to the commission of a sexual offense, a court may not order the victim of or a witness to the sexual offense to take or submit to a psychological or psychiatric examination.

2. The court may exclude the testimony of a licensed psychologist, psychiatrist or clinical social worker who performed a psychological or psychiatric examination on the victim or witness if:

(a) There is a prima facie showing of a compelling need for an additional psychological or psychiatric examination of the victim or witness by a licensed psychologist, psychiatrist or clinical social worker; and

(b) The victim or witness refuses to submit to an additional psychological or psychiatric examination by a licensed psychologist, psychiatrist or clinical social worker.

3. In determining whether there is a prima facie showing of a compelling need for an additional psychological or psychiatric examination of the victim or witness pursuant to subsection 2, the court must consider whether:

(a) There is a reasonable basis for believing that the mental or emotional state of the victim or witness may have affected his or her ability to perceive and relate events relevant to the criminal prosecution; and

(b) Any corroboration of the offense exists beyond the testimony of the victim or witness.



4. If the court determines there is a prima facie showing of a compelling need for an additional psychological or psychiatric examination of the victim or witness, the court shall issue a factual finding that details with particularity the reasons why an additional psychological or psychiatric examination of the victim or witness is warranted.

5. If the court issues a factual finding pursuant to subsection 4 and the victim or witness consents to an additional psychological or psychiatric examination, the court shall set the parameters for the examination consistent with the purpose of determining the ability of the victim or witness to perceive and relate events relevant to the criminal prosecution.

6. As used in this section, “sexual offense” includes, without limitation:

(a) An offense that is found to be sexually motivated pursuant to NRS 175.547 or 207.193;

(b) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366;

(c) Statutory sexual seduction pursuant to NRS 200.368;

(d) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.400;

(e) Abuse of a child pursuant to NRS 200.508, if the abuse involved sexual abuse or sexual exploitation;

(f) An offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ **child sexual abuse material** pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive;

(g) Fertility fraud pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.975;

(h) Incest pursuant to NRS 201.180;

(i) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210;

(j) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220;

(k) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230;

(l) Pandering or sex trafficking of a child pursuant to NRS 201.300;

(m) An offense involving the administration of a drug to another person with the intent to enable or assist the commission of a felony pursuant to NRS 200.405, if the felony is an offense listed in this section;

(n) An offense involving the administration of a controlled substance to another person with the intent to enable or assist the commission of a crime of violence pursuant to NRS 200.408, if the crime of violence is an offense listed in this section;

(o) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to NRS 201.450;



- (p) A violation of NRS 201.553;
- (q) Luring a child or a person with mental illness pursuant to NRS 201.560;
- (r) Any other offense that has an element involving a sexual act or sexual conduct with another person; or
- (s) Any attempt or conspiracy to commit an offense listed in this subsection.

**Sec. 8.** NRS 62B.270 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62B.270 1. A public institution or agency to which a juvenile court commits a child or the licensing authority of a private institution to which a juvenile court commits a child, including, without limitation, a facility for the detention of children, shall secure from appropriate law enforcement agencies information on the background and personal history of each employee of the institution or agency to determine:

(a) Whether the employee has been convicted of:

(1) Murder, voluntary manslaughter, involuntary manslaughter or mayhem;

(2) Any other felony involving the use or threatened use of force or violence or the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon;

(3) Assault with intent to kill or to commit sexual assault or mayhem;

(4) Battery which results in substantial bodily harm to the victim;

(5) Battery that constitutes domestic violence that is punishable as a felony;

(6) Battery that constitutes domestic violence, other than a battery described in subparagraph (5), within the immediately preceding 3 years;

(7) Sexual assault, statutory sexual seduction, incest, lewdness, indecent exposure, an offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ *child sexual abuse material* or any other sexually related crime;

(8) A crime involving pandering or prostitution, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 201.295 to 201.440, inclusive, other than a violation of NRS 201.353 or 201.354 by engaging in prostitution;

(9) Abuse or neglect of a child, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.508 or 200.5083;

(10) A violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution or use of any controlled substance or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS within the immediately preceding 3 years;



(11) A violation of any federal or state law prohibiting driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance that is punishable as a felony;

(12) A violation of any federal or state law prohibiting driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance, other than a violation described in subparagraph (11), within the immediately preceding 3 years;

(13) Abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation or abandonment of older persons or vulnerable persons, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.5091 to 200.50995, inclusive, or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct; or

(14) Any offense involving arson, fraud, theft, embezzlement, burglary, robbery, fraudulent conversion, misappropriation of property or perjury within the immediately preceding 7 years; or

(b) Whether there are criminal charges pending against the employee for a crime listed in paragraph (a).

2. An employee of the public or private institution or agency must submit to the public institution or agency or the licensing authority, as applicable, a complete set of fingerprints and written authorization to forward those fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report.

3. The public institution or agency or the licensing authority, as applicable, may exchange with the Central Repository or the Federal Bureau of Investigation any information concerning the fingerprints submitted.

4. The public institution or agency or the licensing authority, as applicable, may charge an employee investigated pursuant to this section for the reasonable cost of that investigation.

5. When a report from the Federal Bureau of Investigation is received by the Central Repository, the Central Repository shall immediately forward a copy of the report to the public institution or agency or the licensing authority, as applicable, for a determination of whether the employee has criminal charges pending against him or her for a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 or has been convicted of a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1.

6. A person who is required to submit to an investigation required pursuant to this section shall not have contact with a child without supervision in a public or private institution or agency to



which a juvenile court commits a child, including, without limitation, a facility for the detention of children, before the investigation of the background and personal history of the person has been conducted.

7. The public institution or agency or the licensing authority, as applicable, shall conduct an investigation of each employee of the institution or agency pursuant to this section at least once every 5 years after the initial investigation.

8. For the purposes of this section, the period during which criminal charges are pending against an employee for a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 begins when the employee is arrested for such a crime and ends when:

(a) A determination is made as to the guilt or innocence of the employee with regard to such a crime at a trial or by a plea; or

(b) The prosecuting attorney makes a determination to:

(1) Decline charging the employee with a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1; or

(2) Proceed with charges against the employee for only one or more crimes not listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1.

**Sec. 9.** NRS 62C.120 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62C.120 1. If a petition filed pursuant to the provisions of this title contains allegations that a child committed an unlawful act which would have been a sexual offense if committed by an adult or which involved the use or threatened use of force or violence against the victim, the district attorney shall provide to the victim and, if the victim is less than 18 years of age, to the parent or guardian of the victim, as soon as practicable after the petition is filed, documentation that includes:

(a) A form advising the victim and the parent or guardian of the victim of their rights pursuant to the provisions of this title; and

(b) The form or procedure that must be used to request disclosure pursuant to NRS 62D.440.

2. As used in this section, “sexual offense” means:

(a) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366;

(b) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.400;

(c) An offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ **child sexual abuse material** pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive;

(d) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210;

(e) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220;

(f) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230;



(g) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to NRS 201.450;

(h) Luring a child or person with mental illness pursuant to NRS 201.560, if punishable as a felony; or

(i) An attempt to commit an offense listed in this subsection.

**Sec. 10.** NRS 62F.100 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62F.100 As used in NRS 62F.100 to 62F.150, inclusive, unless the context otherwise requires, “sexual offense” means:

1. Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366;  
2. Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.400;

3. An offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ *child sexual abuse material* pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive;

4. Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210, if punishable as a felony;

5. Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220, if punishable as a felony;

6. Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230;

7. Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to NRS 201.450;

8. Luring a child or person with mental illness pursuant to NRS 201.560, if punishable as a felony; or

9. An attempt to commit an offense listed in this section, if punishable as a felony.

**Sec. 11.** NRS 62F.225 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62F.225 1. “Sexual offense” means:

(a) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366;

(b) An offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ *child sexual abuse material* pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive;

(c) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230;

(d) An attempt or conspiracy to commit an offense listed in paragraph (a), (b) or (c), if punishable as a felony;

(e) An offense that is determined to be sexually motivated pursuant to NRS 175.547 or 207.193; or

(f) An aggravated sexual offense.

2. The term does not include an offense involving consensual sexual conduct if the victim was:

(a) An adult, unless the adult was under the custodial authority of the offender at the time of the offense; or



(b) At least 13 years of age and the offender was not more than 4 years older than the victim at the time of the commission of the offense.

**Sec. 12.** NRS 62G.223 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62G.223 1. A department of juvenile justice services shall secure from appropriate law enforcement agencies information on the background and personal history of each applicant for employment with the department of juvenile justice services, and each employee of the department of juvenile justice services, to determine:

(a) Whether the applicant or employee has been convicted of:

(1) Murder, voluntary manslaughter, involuntary manslaughter or mayhem;

(2) Any felony involving the use or threatened use of force or violence or the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon;

(3) Assault with intent to kill or to commit sexual assault or mayhem;

(4) Battery which results in substantial bodily harm to the victim;

(5) Battery that constitutes domestic violence that is punishable as a felony;

(6) Battery that constitutes domestic violence, other than a battery described in subparagraph (5), within the immediately preceding 3 years;

(7) Sexual assault, statutory sexual seduction, incest, lewdness, indecent exposure or an offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor;]~~ *child sexual abuse material*;

(8) A crime involving pandering or prostitution, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 201.295 to 201.440, inclusive;

(9) Abuse or neglect of a child, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.508 or 200.5083 or contributory delinquency;

(10) A violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution or use of any controlled substance or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS;

(11) A violation of any federal or state law prohibiting driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance that is punishable as a felony;

(12) A violation of any federal or state law prohibiting driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance, other





than a violation described in subparagraph (11), within the immediately preceding 3 years;

(13) Abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation or abandonment of older persons or vulnerable persons, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.5091 to 200.50995, inclusive, or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct; or

(14) Any offense involving arson, fraud, theft, embezzlement, burglary, robbery, fraudulent conversion, misappropriation of property or perjury within the immediately preceding 7 years; or

(b) Whether there are criminal charges pending against the applicant or employee for a violation of an offense listed in paragraph (a).

2. A department of juvenile justice services shall request information from:

(a) The Statewide Central Registry concerning an applicant for employment with the department of juvenile justice services, or an employee of the department of juvenile justice services, to determine whether there has been a substantiated report of child abuse or neglect made against the applicant or employee; and

(b) The central registry of information concerning the abuse or neglect of a child established by any other state in which the applicant or employee resided within the immediately preceding 5 years to ensure satisfactory clearance with that registry.

3. Each applicant for employment with the department of juvenile justice services, and each employee of the department of juvenile justice services, must submit to the department of juvenile justice services:

(a) A complete set of his or her fingerprints and written authorization to forward those fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report; and

(b) Written authorization for the department of juvenile justice services to obtain any information that may be available from the Statewide Central Registry or the central registry of information concerning the abuse or neglect of a child established by any other state in which the applicant or employee resided within the immediately preceding 5 years.

4. The department of juvenile justice services may exchange with the Central Repository or the Federal Bureau of Investigation any information concerning the fingerprints submitted pursuant to this section.



5. When a report from the Federal Bureau of Investigation is received by the Central Repository, the Central Repository shall immediately forward a copy of the report to the department of juvenile justice services for a determination of whether the applicant or employee has criminal charges pending against him or her for a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 or has been convicted of a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1.

6. A department of juvenile justice services shall conduct an investigation of each employee of the department pursuant to this section at least once every 5 years after the initial investigation.

7. As used in this section, “Statewide Central Registry” means the Statewide Central Registry for the Collection of Information Concerning the Abuse or Neglect of a Child established by NRS 432.100.

**Sec. 13.** NRS 62G.353 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62G.353 1. A department of juvenile justice services shall secure from appropriate law enforcement agencies information on the background and personal history of each applicant for employment with the department of juvenile justice services, and each employee of the department of juvenile justice services, to determine:

(a) Whether the applicant or employee has been convicted of:

(1) Murder, voluntary manslaughter, involuntary manslaughter or mayhem;

(2) Any felony involving the use or threatened use of force or violence or the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon;

(3) Assault with intent to kill or to commit sexual assault or mayhem;

(4) Battery which results in substantial bodily harm to the victim;

(5) Battery that constitutes domestic violence that is punishable as a felony;

(6) Battery that constitutes domestic violence, other than a battery described in subparagraph (5), within the immediately preceding 3 years;

(7) Sexual assault, statutory sexual seduction, incest, lewdness, indecent exposure or an offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor;]~~ *child sexual abuse material*;

(8) A crime involving pandering or prostitution, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 201.295 to 201.440, inclusive;



(9) Abuse or neglect of a child, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.508 or 200.5083 or contributory delinquency;

(10) A violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution or use of any controlled substance or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS;

(11) A violation of any federal or state law prohibiting driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance that is punishable as a felony;

(12) A violation of any federal or state law prohibiting driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance, other than a violation described in subparagraph (11), within the immediately preceding 3 years;

(13) Abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation or abandonment of older persons or vulnerable persons, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.5091 to 200.50995, inclusive, or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct; or

(14) Any offense involving arson, fraud, theft, embezzlement, burglary, robbery, fraudulent conversion, misappropriation of property or perjury within the immediately preceding 7 years; or

(b) Whether there are criminal charges pending against the applicant or employee for a violation of an offense listed in paragraph (a).

2. A department of juvenile justice services shall request information from:

(a) The Statewide Central Registry concerning an applicant for employment with the department of juvenile justice services, or an employee of the department of juvenile justice services, to determine whether there has been a substantiated report of child abuse or neglect made against the applicant or employee; and

(b) The central registry of information concerning the abuse or neglect of a child established by any other state in which the applicant or employee resided within the immediately preceding 5 years to ensure satisfactory clearance with that registry.

3. Each applicant for employment with the department of juvenile justice services, and each employee of the department of juvenile justice services, must submit to the department of juvenile justice services:



(a) A complete set of his or her fingerprints and written authorization to forward those fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report; and

(b) Written authorization for the department of juvenile justice services to obtain any information that may be available from the Statewide Central Registry or the central registry of information concerning the abuse or neglect of a child established by any other state in which the applicant or employee resided within the immediately preceding 5 years.

4. The department of juvenile justice services may exchange with the Central Repository or the Federal Bureau of Investigation any information concerning the fingerprints submitted pursuant to this section.

5. When a report from the Federal Bureau of Investigation is received by the Central Repository, the Central Repository shall immediately forward a copy of the report to the department of juvenile justice services for a determination of whether the applicant or employee has criminal charges pending against him or her for a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 or has been convicted of a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1.

6. A department of juvenile justice services shall conduct an investigation of each employee of the department pursuant to this section at least once every 5 years after the initial investigation.

7. As used in this section, “Statewide Central Registry” means the Statewide Central Registry for the Collection of Information Concerning the Abuse or Neglect of a Child established by NRS 432.100.

**Sec. 14.** NRS 62H.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62H.010 1. The fingerprints of a child must be taken if the child is in custody for an unlawful act that, if committed by an adult, would have been:

(a) A felony, gross misdemeanor or sexual offense; or

(b) A misdemeanor and the unlawful act involved:

(1) The use or threatened use of force or violence against the victim; or

(2) The possession, use or threatened use of a firearm or a deadly weapon.

2. The fingerprints of a child who is in custody but who is not subject to the provisions of subsection 1 may be taken if a law enforcement officer finds latent fingerprints during the investigation of an offense and the officer has reason to believe that the latent fingerprints are those of the child. The officer shall use the



fingerprints taken from the child to make an immediate comparison with the latent fingerprints. If the comparison is:

(a) Negative, the fingerprint card and other copies of the fingerprints taken may be immediately destroyed or may be retained for future use.

(b) Positive, the fingerprint card and other copies of the fingerprints:

(1) Must be delivered to the juvenile court for disposition if the child is referred to the juvenile court.

(2) May be immediately destroyed or may be retained for future use if the child is not referred to the juvenile court.

3. Fingerprints that are taken from a child pursuant to the provisions of this section:

(a) May be retained in a local file or a local system for the automatic retrieval of fingerprints if they are retained under special security measures that limit inspection of the fingerprints to law enforcement officers who are conducting criminal investigations. If the child from whom the fingerprints are taken subsequently is not adjudicated delinquent, the parent or guardian of the child or, when the child becomes at least 18 years of age, the child may petition the juvenile court for the removal of the fingerprints from any local file or local system.

(b) Must be submitted to the Central Repository if the child is adjudicated delinquent for an unlawful act that would have been a felony or a sexual offense if committed by an adult, and may be submitted to the Central Repository for any other act. Any such fingerprints submitted to the Central Repository must be submitted with a description of the child and the unlawful act, if any, that the child committed. The Central Repository shall retain the fingerprints and information of the child under special security measures that limit inspection of the fingerprints and the information to:

(1) Law enforcement officers who are conducting criminal investigations; and

(2) Officers and employees of the Central Repository who are assisting law enforcement officers with criminal investigations or who are conducting research or performing a statistical analysis.

(c) Must not be submitted to the Federal Bureau of Investigation unless the child is adjudicated delinquent for an unlawful act that would have been a felony or a sexual offense if committed by an adult.

4. A child who is in custody must be photographed for the purpose of identification. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the photographs of the child must be kept in the file



pertaining to the child under special security measures which provide that the photographs may be inspected only to conduct criminal investigations and photographic lineups. If the juvenile court subsequently determines that the child is not delinquent, the juvenile court shall order the photographs to be destroyed.

5. Any person who willfully violates any provision of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.

6. As used in this section, “sexual offense” means:

(a) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366;

(b) Statutory sexual seduction pursuant to NRS 200.368;

(c) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.400;

(d) An offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ **child sexual abuse material** pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive;

(e) Incest pursuant to NRS 201.180;

(f) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210;

(g) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220;

(h) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230;

(i) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to NRS 201.450;

(j) Luring a child or person with mental illness pursuant to NRS 201.560, if punishable as a felony;

(k) An attempt to commit an offense listed in paragraphs (a) to (j), inclusive; or

(l) An offense that is determined to be sexually motivated pursuant to NRS 175.547.

**Sec. 15.** NRS 62H.220 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62H.220 1. For each child adjudicated delinquent for an unlawful act that would have been a sexual offense if committed by an adult, the Division of Child and Family Services shall collect from the juvenile courts, local juvenile probation departments and the staff of the youth correctional services, as directed by the Department of Health and Human Services:

(a) The information listed in NRS 62H.210;

(b) The name of the child; and

(c) All information concerning programs of treatment in which the child participated that:

(1) Were directly related to the delinquent act committed by the child; or

(2) Were designed or utilized to prevent the commission of another such act by the child in the future.



2. The Division of Child and Family Services shall provide the information collected pursuant to subsection 1 to the Director of the Department of Health and Human Services for use in the program established pursuant to NRS 62H.300, 62H.310 and 62H.320.

3. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 239.0115, all information containing the name of the child and all information relating to programs of treatment in which the child participated is confidential and must not be used for a purpose other than that provided for in this section and NRS 62H.320.

4. As used in this section, “sexual offense” means:

- (a) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366;
- (b) Statutory sexual seduction pursuant to NRS 200.368;
- (c) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.400;

(d) An offense involving ~~{pornography and a minor}~~ **child sexual abuse material** pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive;

- (e) Incest pursuant to NRS 201.180;
- (f) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210;
- (g) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220;
- (h) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230;
- (i) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to NRS 201.450;

(j) Luring a child using a computer, system or network pursuant to NRS 201.560, if punished as a felony;

(k) Annoyance or molestation of a minor pursuant to NRS 207.260;

(l) An attempt to commit an offense listed in paragraphs (a) to (k), inclusive;

(m) An offense that is determined to be sexually motivated pursuant to NRS 175.547; or

(n) An offense committed in another jurisdiction that, if committed in this State, would have been an offense listed in this subsection.

**Sec. 16.** NRS 62H.310 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62H.310 As used in this section and NRS 62H.300 and 62H.320:

1. “Juvenile sex offender” means a child adjudicated delinquent for an act that, if committed by an adult, would be a sexual offense.

2. “Sexual offense” means:

- (a) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366;
- (b) Statutory sexual seduction pursuant to NRS 200.368;



(c) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.400;

(d) An offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ *child sexual abuse material* pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive;

(e) Incest pursuant to NRS 201.180;

(f) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210;

(g) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220;

(h) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230;

(i) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to NRS 201.450;

(j) Luring a child or a person with mental illness pursuant to NRS 201.560, if punished as a felony;

(k) An attempt to commit an offense listed in paragraphs (a) to (j), inclusive;

(l) An offense that is determined to be sexually motivated pursuant to NRS 175.547; or

(m) An offense committed in another jurisdiction that, if committed in this State, would be an offense listed in this subsection.

**Sec. 17.** NRS 127.1869 is hereby amended to read as follows:

127.1869 1. If the court determines that tribal customary adoption is in the best interests, as described in NRS 125E.230, of a ward who is an Indian child and the Indian child's tribe consents to the tribal customary adoption:

(a) The appropriate agency which provides child welfare services shall provide the Indian child's tribe and proposed tribal customary adoptive parents with a written report on the Indian child, including, without limitation, to the extent not otherwise prohibited by state or federal law, the medical background, if known, of the Indian child's parents, and the Indian child's educational information, developmental history and medical background, including all known diagnostic information, current medical reports and any psychological evaluations.

(b) The court shall accept a tribal customary adoptive home study conducted by the Indian child's tribe if the home study:

(1) Includes federal criminal background checks, including reports of child abuse, that meet the standards applicable under the laws of this State for all other proposed adoptive placements;

(2) Uses the prevailing social and cultural standards of the Indian child's tribe as the standards for evaluation of the proposed adoptive placement;





(3) Includes an evaluation of the background, safety and health information of the proposed adoptive placement, including the biological, psychological and social factors of the proposed adoptive placement and assessment of the commitment, capability and suitability of the proposed adoptive placement to meet the Indian child's needs; and

(4) Except where the proposed adoptive placement is the Indian child's current foster care placement, is completed before the placement of the Indian child in the proposed adoptive placement.

(c) Notwithstanding subsection 2, the court may not accept the tribe's order or judgment of tribal customary adoption if any adult living in the proposed adoptive placement has a felony conviction for child abuse or neglect, spousal abuse, crimes against a child, including child ~~[pornography,]~~ *sexual abuse material*, or a crime involving violence. The Division shall, by regulation, define "crime involving violence" for the purposes of this paragraph. The definition must include rape, sexual assault and homicide, but must not include other physical assault or battery.

2. The court shall accept an order or judgment for tribal customary adoption that is filed by the Indian child's tribe if:

(a) The court determines that tribal customary adoption is an appropriate permanent placement option for the Indian child;

(b) The court finds that the tribal customary adoption is in the Indian child's best interests, as described in NRS 125E.230; and

(c) The order or judgment:

(1) Includes a description of the modification of the legal relationship of the Indian child's parents or Indian custodian and the Indian child, including any contact between the Indian child and the Indian child's parents or Indian custodian, responsibilities of the Indian child's parents or Indian custodian and the rights of inheritance of the parents and Indian child;

(2) Includes a description of the Indian child's legal relationship with the tribe; and

(3) Does not include any child support obligation from the Indian child's parents or Indian custodian.

↪ The court shall afford full faith and credit to a tribal customary adoption order or judgment that is accepted under this subsection.

3. A tribal customary adoptive parent is not required to file a petition for adoption when the court accepts a tribal customary adoption order or judgment under subsection 2. The clerk of the court may not charge or collect a fee for a proceeding under this subsection.



4. After accepting a tribal customary adoption order or judgment under subsection 2, the court that accepted the order or judgment shall proceed as provided in NRS 127.150 and enter an order or decree of adoption. In addition to the requirements under NRS 127.151, the order or decree of adoption must include a statement that any parental rights or obligations not specified in the order or decree are transferred to the tribal customary adoptive parents and a description of any parental rights or duties retained by the Indian child's parents, the rights of inheritance of the parents and Indian child and the Indian child's legal relationship with the child's tribe.

5. A tribal customary adoption under this section does not require the consent of the Indian child or the child's parents.

6. Upon the court's entry of an order or decree of adoption under this section, the court's jurisdiction over the Indian child terminates.

7. Any parental rights or obligations not specifically retained by the Indian child's parents in the order or decree of adoption are conclusively presumed to transfer to the tribal customary adoptive parents.

8. This section remains operative only to the extent that compliance with the provisions of this section do not conflict with federal law as a condition of receiving funding under Title IV-E of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ ~~601~~ 670 et seq.

9. The Division shall adopt regulations requiring that any report regarding a ward who is an Indian child that an agency which provides child welfare services submits to the court, including any home studies, placement reports or other reports required by law must address tribal customary adoption as a permanency option. The Supreme Court may adopt rules necessary for the court processes to implement the provisions of this section, and the Court Administrator may prepare necessary forms for the implementation of this section.

10. As used in this section, "tribal customary adoption" means the adoption of an Indian child, by and through the tribal custom, traditions or law of the child's tribe, and which may be effected without the termination of parental rights.

**Sec. 18.** NRS 176.133 is hereby amended to read as follows:

176.133 As used in NRS 176.133 to 176.161, inclusive, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "Person professionally qualified to conduct psychosexual evaluations" means a person who has received training in conducting psychosexual evaluations and is:



(a) A psychiatrist licensed to practice medicine in this State and certified by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc.;

(b) A psychologist licensed to practice in this State;

(c) A social worker holding a master's degree in social work and licensed in this State as a clinical social worker;

(d) A registered nurse holding a master's degree in the field of psychiatric nursing and licensed to practice professional nursing in this State;

(e) A marriage and family therapist licensed in this State pursuant to chapter 641A of NRS; or

(f) A clinical professional counselor licensed in this State pursuant to chapter 641A of NRS.

2. "Psychosexual evaluation" means an evaluation conducted pursuant to NRS 176.139.

3. "Sexual offense" means:

(a) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366;

(b) Statutory sexual seduction pursuant to NRS 200.368, if punished as a felony;

(c) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.400;

(d) Abuse of a child pursuant to NRS 200.508, if the abuse involved sexual abuse or sexual exploitation and is punished as a felony;

(e) An offense involving ~~pornography and a minor~~ **child sexual abuse material** pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive;

(f) Fertility fraud pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.975;

(g) Incest pursuant to NRS 201.180;

(h) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210, if punished as a felony;

(i) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220, if punished as a felony;

(j) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230;

(k) Soliciting a child for prostitution pursuant to NRS 201.354;

(l) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to NRS 201.450;

(m) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a school or volunteers at a school and a pupil pursuant to NRS 201.540;

(n) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a college or university and a student pursuant to NRS 201.550;

(o) Luring a child or a person with mental illness pursuant to NRS 201.560, if punished as a felony;



(p) An attempt to commit an offense listed in paragraphs (a) to (o), inclusive, if punished as a felony; or

(q) An offense that is determined to be sexually motivated pursuant to NRS 175.547 or 207.193.

**Sec. 19.** NRS 176A.110 is hereby amended to read as follows:

176A.110 1. The court shall not grant probation to or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of an offense listed in subsection 3 unless:

(a) If a psychosexual evaluation of the person is required pursuant to NRS 176.139, the person who conducts the psychosexual evaluation certifies in the report prepared pursuant to NRS 176.139 that the person convicted of the offense does not represent a high risk to reoffend based upon a currently accepted standard of assessment; or

(b) If a psychosexual evaluation of the person is not required pursuant to NRS 176.139, a psychologist licensed to practice in this State who is trained to conduct psychosexual evaluations or a psychiatrist licensed to practice medicine in this State who is certified by the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc., and is trained to conduct psychosexual evaluations certifies in a written report to the court that the person convicted of the offense does not represent a high risk to reoffend based upon a currently accepted standard of assessment.

2. This section does not create a right in any person to be certified or to continue to be certified. No person may bring a cause of action against the State, its political subdivisions, or the agencies, boards, commissions, departments, officers or employees of the State or its political subdivisions for not certifying a person pursuant to this section or for refusing to consider a person for certification pursuant to this section.

3. The provisions of this section apply to a person convicted of any of the following offenses:

(a) Attempted sexual assault of a person who is 16 years of age or older pursuant to NRS 200.366.

(b) Statutory sexual seduction pursuant to NRS 200.368.

(c) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.400.

(d) Abuse or neglect of a child pursuant to NRS 200.508.

(e) An offense involving ~~pornography and a minor~~ **child sexual abuse material** pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive.

(f) Fertility fraud pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.975.



- (g) Incest pursuant to NRS 201.180.
- (h) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210.
- (i) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220.
- (j) Soliciting a child for prostitution pursuant to NRS 201.354.
- (k) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to NRS 201.450.

(l) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a school or volunteers at a school and a pupil pursuant to NRS 201.540.

(m) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a college or university and a student pursuant to NRS 201.550.

(n) Luring a child or a person with mental illness pursuant to NRS 201.560, if punished as a felony.

(o) A violation of NRS 207.180.

(p) An attempt to commit an offense listed in paragraphs (b) to (o), inclusive.

(q) Coercion or attempted coercion that is determined to be sexually motivated pursuant to NRS 207.193.

**Sec. 20.** NRS 176A.413 is hereby amended to read as follows:

176A.413 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, if a defendant is convicted of stalking with the use of an Internet or network site, electronic mail, text messaging or any other similar means of communication pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 200.575, an offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ **child sexual abuse material** pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive, luring a child or a person with mental illness through the use of a computer, system or network pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection 4 of NRS 201.560 or a violation of NRS 201.553 which involved the use of an electronic communication device and the court grants probation or suspends the sentence, the court shall, in addition to any other condition ordered pursuant to NRS 176A.400, order as a condition of probation or suspension that the defendant not own or use a computer, including, without limitation, use electronic mail, a chat room or the Internet.

2. The court is not required to impose a condition of probation or suspension of sentence set forth in subsection 1 if the court finds that:

(a) The use of a computer by the defendant will assist a law enforcement agency or officer in a criminal investigation;

(b) The defendant will use the computer to provide technological training concerning technology of which the defendant has a unique knowledge; or

(c) The use of the computer by the defendant will assist companies that require the use of the specific technological



knowledge of the defendant that is unique and is otherwise unavailable to the company.

3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 1, if a defendant is convicted of an offense that involved the use of a computer, system or network and the court grants probation or suspends the sentence, the court may, in addition to any other condition ordered pursuant to NRS 176A.400, order as a condition of probation or suspension that the defendant not own or use a computer, including, without limitation, use electronic mail, a chat room or the Internet.

4. As used in this section:

(a) “Computer” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 205.4735 and includes, without limitation, an electronic communication device.

(b) “Electronic communication device” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.737.

(c) “Network” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 205.4745.

(d) “System” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 205.476.

(e) “Text messaging” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.575.

**Sec. 21.** NRS 178.5698 is hereby amended to read as follows:

178.5698 1. The prosecuting attorney, sheriff or chief of police shall, upon the request of a victim or witness, inform the victim or witness:

(a) When the defendant is released from custody at any time before or during the trial, including, without limitation, when the defendant is released pending trial or subject to electronic supervision;

(b) If the defendant is so released, the amount of bail required, if any; and

(c) Of the final disposition of the criminal case in which the victim or witness was directly involved.

2. A request for information pursuant to subsection 1 must be made:

(a) In writing; or

(b) By telephone through an automated or computerized system of notification, if such a system is available.

3. If an offender is convicted of a sexual offense or an offense involving the use or threatened use of force or violence against the victim, the court shall provide:

(a) To each witness, documentation that includes:

(1) A form advising the witness of the right to be notified pursuant to subsection 5;



(2) The form that the witness must use to request notification in writing; and

(3) The form or procedure that the witness must use to provide a change of address after a request for notification has been submitted.

(b) To each person listed in subsection 4, documentation that includes:

(1) A form advising the person of the right to be notified pursuant to subsection 5 or 6 and NRS 176.015, 176A.630, 178.4715, 209.392, 209.3923, 209.3925, 209.429, 209.521, 213.010, 213.040, 213.095 and 213.131 or NRS 213.10915;

(2) The forms that the person must use to request notification; and

(3) The forms or procedures that the person must use to provide a change of address after a request for notification has been submitted.

4. The following persons are entitled to receive documentation pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 3:

(a) A person against whom the offense is committed.

(b) A person who is injured as a direct result of the commission of the offense.

(c) If a person listed in paragraph (a) or (b) is under the age of 18 years, each parent or guardian who is not the offender.

(d) Each surviving spouse, parent and child of a person who is killed as a direct result of the commission of the offense.

(e) A relative of a person listed in paragraphs (a) to (d), inclusive, if the relative requests in writing to be provided with the documentation.

5. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, if the offense was a felony and the offender is imprisoned, the warden of the prison shall, if the victim or witness so requests in writing and provides a current address, notify the victim or witness at that address when the offender is released from the prison.

6. If the offender was convicted of a violation of subsection 3 of NRS 200.366 or a violation of subsection 1, paragraph (a) of subsection 2 or subparagraph (2) of paragraph (b) of subsection 2 of NRS 200.508, the warden of the prison shall notify:

(a) The immediate family of the victim if the immediate family provides their current address;

(b) Any member of the victim's family related within the third degree of consanguinity, if the member of the victim's family so requests in writing and provides a current address; and



(c) The victim, if the victim will be 18 years of age or older at the time of the release and has provided a current address,  
→ before the offender is released from prison.

7. The warden must not be held responsible for any injury proximately caused by the failure to give any notice required pursuant to this section if no address was provided to the warden or if the address provided is inaccurate or not current.

8. As used in this section:

(a) “Immediate family” means any adult relative of the victim living in the victim’s household.

(b) “Sexual offense” means:

(1) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366;

(2) Statutory sexual seduction pursuant to NRS 200.368;

(3) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.400;

(4) An offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ *child sexual abuse material* pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive;

(5) Fertility fraud pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.975;

(6) Incest pursuant to NRS 201.180;

(7) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210;

(8) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220;

(9) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230;

(10) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to NRS 201.450;

(11) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a school or volunteers at a school and a pupil pursuant to NRS 201.540;

(12) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a college or university and a student pursuant to NRS 201.550;

(13) Luring a child or a person with mental illness pursuant to NRS 201.560, if punished as a felony;

(14) An offense that, pursuant to a specific statute, is determined to be sexually motivated; or

(15) An attempt to commit an offense listed in this paragraph.

**Sec. 22.** NRS 179.245 is hereby amended to read as follows:

179.245 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6 and NRS 176.211, 176A.245, 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.247, 179.259, 201.354 and 453.3365, a person may petition the court in which the person was convicted for the sealing of all records relating to a conviction of:





(a) A category A felony, a crime of violence or residential burglary pursuant to NRS 205.060 after 10 years from the date of release from actual custody or discharge from parole or probation, whichever occurs later;

(b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (a) and (e), a category B, C or D felony after 5 years from the date of release from actual custody or discharge from parole or probation, whichever occurs later;

(c) A category E felony after 2 years from the date of release from actual custody or discharge from parole or probation, whichever occurs later;

(d) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e), any gross misdemeanor after 2 years from the date of release from actual custody or discharge from probation, whichever occurs later;

(e) A violation of NRS 422.540 to 422.570, inclusive, a violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 other than a felony, or a battery which constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018 other than a felony, after 7 years from the date of release from actual custody or from the date when the person is no longer under a suspended sentence, whichever occurs later;

(f) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e), if the offense is punished as a misdemeanor, a battery pursuant to NRS 200.481, harassment pursuant to NRS 200.571, stalking pursuant to NRS 200.575 or a violation of a temporary or extended order for protection, after 2 years from the date of release from actual custody or from the date when the person is no longer under a suspended sentence, whichever occurs later; or

(g) Any other misdemeanor after 1 year from the date of release from actual custody or from the date when the person is no longer under a suspended sentence, whichever occurs later.

2. A petition filed pursuant to subsection 1 must:

(a) Be accompanied by the petitioner's current, verified records received from the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History;

(b) If the petition references NRS 453.3365, include a certificate of acknowledgment or the disposition of the proceedings for the records to be sealed from all agencies of criminal justice which maintain such records;

(c) Include a list of any other public or private agency, company, official or other custodian of records that is reasonably known to the petitioner to have possession of records of the conviction and to whom the order to seal records, if issued, will be directed;



(d) Include information that, to the best knowledge and belief of the petitioner, accurately and completely identifies the records to be sealed, including, without limitation, the:

(1) Date of birth of the petitioner;  
(2) Specific conviction to which the records to be sealed pertain; and

(3) Date of arrest relating to the specific conviction to which the records to be sealed pertain; and

(e) If applicable, include a statement from the petitioner certifying that at the time the crime for which the records to be sealed was committed, the petitioner was being sex trafficked pursuant to NRS 201.300.

3. Upon receiving a petition pursuant to this section, the court shall notify the law enforcement agency that arrested the petitioner for the crime and the prosecuting attorney, including, without limitation, the Attorney General, who prosecuted the petitioner for the crime. The prosecuting attorney and any person having relevant evidence may testify and present evidence at any hearing on the petition.

4. If the prosecuting agency that prosecuted the petitioner for the crime stipulates to the sealing of the records, the court shall apply the presumption set forth in NRS 179.2445 and seal the records. If the prosecuting agency does not stipulate to the sealing of the records or does not file a written objection within 30 days after receiving notification pursuant to subsection 3 and the court makes the findings set forth in subsection 5, the court may order the sealing of the records in accordance with subsection 5 without a hearing. If the court does not order the sealing of the records or the prosecuting agency files a written objection, a hearing on the petition must be conducted. At the hearing, unless an objecting party presents evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption set forth in NRS 179.2445, the court shall apply the presumption and seal the records.

5. If the court finds that, in the period prescribed in subsection 1, the petitioner has not been charged with any offense for which the charges are pending or convicted of any offense, except for minor moving or standing traffic violations, the court may order sealed all records of the conviction which are in the custody of any agency of criminal justice or any public or private agency, company, official or other custodian of records in the State of Nevada, and may also order all such records of the petitioner returned to the file of the court where the proceeding was commenced from, including, without limitation, the Federal Bureau of Investigation and all other agencies of criminal justice which maintain such records and which



are reasonably known by either the petitioner or the court to have possession of such records.

6. A person may not petition the court to seal records relating to a conviction of:

- (a) A crime against a child;
- (b) A sexual offense;
- (c) Invasion of the home with a deadly weapon pursuant to NRS 205.067;
- (d) A violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 that is punishable as a felony pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400;
- (e) A violation of NRS 484C.430;
- (f) A homicide resulting from driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance or resulting from any other conduct prohibited by NRS 484C.110, 484C.130 or 484C.430;
- (g) A violation of NRS 488.410 that is punishable as a felony pursuant to NRS 488.427; or
- (h) A violation of NRS 488.420 or 488.425.

7. The provisions of paragraph (e) of subsection 1 and paragraph (d) of subsection 6 must not be construed to preclude a person from being able to petition the court to seal records relating to a conviction for a violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 pursuant to this section if the person was found guilty of a violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 that is punishable pursuant to:

- (a) Paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400; or
- (b) Paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400 but had a judgment of conviction entered against him or her for a violation of paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400 because the person participated in the statewide sobriety and drug monitoring program established pursuant to NRS 484C.392.

8. If the court grants a petition for the sealing of records pursuant to this section, upon the request of the person whose records are sealed, the court may order sealed all records of the civil proceeding in which the records were sealed.

9. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no fee may be charged by any court or agency of criminal justice in this State related to a petition for the sealing of records pursuant to this section if, at the time the crime for which the records to be sealed was committed, the petitioner was being sex trafficked pursuant to NRS 201.300. As used in this subsection, “fee” includes, without limitation, any fee to file a petition, obtain fingerprints if provided by a governmental agency of this State, obtain any records of



criminal history, obtain records of past arrests and convictions or obtain or certify copies of documents pursuant to NRS 19.013 and any other fee related to the sealing of records pursuant to this section.

10. As used in this section:

(a) “Crime against a child” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 179D.0357.

(b) “Sexual offense” means:

(1) Murder of the first degree committed in the perpetration or attempted perpetration of sexual assault or of sexual abuse or sexual molestation of a child less than 14 years of age pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.030.

(2) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366.

(3) Statutory sexual seduction pursuant to NRS 200.368, if punishable as a felony.

(4) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.400.

(5) An offense involving the administration of a drug to another person with the intent to enable or assist the commission of a felony pursuant to NRS 200.405, if the felony is an offense listed in this paragraph.

(6) An offense involving the administration of a controlled substance to another person with the intent to enable or assist the commission of a crime of violence, if the crime of violence is an offense listed in this paragraph.

(7) Abuse of a child pursuant to NRS 200.508, if the abuse involved sexual abuse or sexual exploitation.

(8) An offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ **child sexual abuse material** pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive.

(9) Fertility fraud pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.975.

(10) Incest pursuant to NRS 201.180.

(11) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210, if punishable as a felony.

(12) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220, if punishable as a felony.

(13) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230.

(14) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to NRS 201.450.

(15) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a school or volunteers at a school and a pupil pursuant to NRS 201.540.



(16) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a college or university and a student pursuant to NRS 201.550.

(17) Luring a child or a person with mental illness pursuant to NRS 201.560, if punishable as a felony.

(18) An attempt to commit an offense listed in this paragraph.

**Sec. 23.** NRS 179A.073 is hereby amended to read as follows:

179A.073 1. “Sexual offense” includes acts upon a child constituting:

- (a) Sexual assault under NRS 200.366;
- (b) Statutory sexual seduction under NRS 200.368;
- (c) Use of a minor in producing ~~[pornography]~~ *child sexual abuse material* under NRS 200.710;
- (d) Promotion of a sexual performance of a minor under NRS 200.720;
- (e) Possession of a visual presentation depicting the sexual conduct of a child under NRS 200.730;
- (f) Incest under NRS 201.180;
- (g) Lewdness with a child under NRS 201.230; or
- (h) Luring a child or a person with mental illness pursuant to NRS 201.560, if punished as a felony.

2. “Sexual offense” also includes acts committed outside the State that would constitute any of the offenses in subsection 1 if committed in the State, and the aiding, abetting, attempting or conspiring to engage in any of the offenses in subsection 1.

**Sec. 24.** NRS 179D.097 is hereby amended to read as follows:

179D.097 1. “Sexual offense” means any of the following offenses:

(a) Murder of the first degree committed in the perpetration or attempted perpetration of sexual assault or of sexual abuse or sexual molestation of a child less than 14 years of age pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.030.

(b) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366.

(c) Statutory sexual seduction pursuant to NRS 200.368.

(d) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 200.400.

(e) An offense involving the administration of a drug to another person with the intent to enable or assist the commission of a felony pursuant to NRS 200.405, if the felony is an offense listed in this subsection.

(f) An offense involving the administration of a controlled substance to another person with the intent to enable or assist the



commission of a crime of violence, if the crime of violence is an offense listed in this section.

(g) Abuse of a child pursuant to NRS 200.508, if the abuse involved sexual abuse or sexual exploitation.

(h) An offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ **child sexual abuse material** pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive.

(i) Fertility fraud pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.975.

(j) Incest pursuant to NRS 201.180.

(k) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210.

(l) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220.

(m) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230.

(n) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to NRS 201.450.

(o) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a school or volunteers at a school and a pupil pursuant to NRS 201.540.

(p) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a college or university and a student pursuant to NRS 201.550.

(q) Luring a child or a person with mental illness pursuant to NRS 201.560, if punished as a felony.

(r) Sex trafficking pursuant to NRS 201.300.

(s) Any other offense that has an element involving a sexual act or sexual conduct with another.

(t) An attempt or conspiracy to commit an offense listed in paragraphs (a) to (s), inclusive.

(u) An offense that is determined to be sexually motivated pursuant to NRS 175.547 or 207.193.

(v) An offense committed in another jurisdiction that, if committed in this State, would be an offense listed in this subsection. This paragraph includes, without limitation, an offense prosecuted in:

(1) A tribal court.

(2) A court of the United States or the Armed Forces of the United States.

(w) An offense of a sexual nature committed in another jurisdiction, whether or not the offense would be an offense listed in this section, if the person who committed the offense resides or has resided or is or has been a student or worker in any jurisdiction in which the person is or has been required by the laws of that jurisdiction to register as a sex offender because of the offense. This paragraph includes, without limitation, an offense prosecuted in:

(1) A tribal court.



(2) A court of the United States or the Armed Forces of the United States.

(3) A court having jurisdiction over juveniles.

2. Except for the offenses described in paragraphs (o) and (p) of subsection 1, the term does not include an offense involving consensual sexual conduct if the victim was:

(a) An adult, unless the adult was under the custodial authority of the offender at the time of the offense; or

(b) At least 13 years of age and the offender was not more than 4 years older than the victim at the time of the commission of the offense.

**Sec. 25.** NRS 179D.115 is hereby amended to read as follows:

179D.115 “Tier II offender” means an offender convicted of a crime against a child or a sex offender, other than a Tier III offender, whose crime against a child is punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year or whose sexual offense:

1. If committed against a child, constitutes:

(a) Luring a child pursuant to NRS 201.560, if punishable as a felony;

(b) Abuse of a child pursuant to NRS 200.508, if the abuse involved sexual abuse or sexual exploitation;

(c) An offense involving sex trafficking pursuant to NRS 201.300 or prostitution pursuant to NRS 201.320 or 201.395;

(d) An offense involving ~~pornography and a minor~~ **child sexual abuse material** pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive; or

(e) Any other offense that is comparable to or more severe than the offenses described in 34 U.S.C. § 20911(3);

2. Involves an attempt or conspiracy to commit any offense described in subsection 1;

3. If committed in another jurisdiction, is an offense that, if committed in this State, would be an offense listed in this section. This subsection includes, without limitation, an offense prosecuted in:

(a) A tribal court; or

(b) A court of the United States or the Armed Forces of the United States; or

4. Is committed after the person becomes a Tier I offender if any of the person’s sexual offenses constitute an offense punishable by imprisonment for more than 1 year.

**Sec. 26.** NRS 213.1258 is hereby amended to read as follows:

213.1258 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, if the Board releases on parole a prisoner convicted of stalking with



the use of an Internet or network site, electronic mail, text messaging or any other similar means of communication pursuant to subsection 4 of NRS 200.575, an offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ **child sexual abuse material** pursuant to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive, luring a child or a person with mental illness through the use of a computer, system or network pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection 4 of NRS 201.560 or a violation of NRS 201.553 which involved the use of an electronic communication device, the Board shall, in addition to any other condition of parole, require as a condition of parole that the parolee not own or use a computer, including, without limitation, use electronic mail, a chat room or the Internet.

2. The Board is not required to impose a condition of parole set forth in subsection 1 if the Board finds that:

(a) The use of a computer by the parolee will assist a law enforcement agency or officer in a criminal investigation;

(b) The parolee will use the computer to provide technological training concerning technology of which the defendant has a unique knowledge; or

(c) The use of the computer by the parolee will assist companies that require the use of the specific technological knowledge of the parolee that is unique and is otherwise unavailable to the company.

3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 1, if the Board releases on parole a prisoner convicted of an offense that involved the use of a computer, system or network, the Board may, in addition to any other condition of parole, require as a condition of parole that the parolee not own or use a computer, including, without limitation, use electronic mail, a chat room or the Internet.

4. As used in this section:

(a) “Computer” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 205.4735 and includes, without limitation, an electronic communication device.

(b) “Electronic communication device” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.737.

(c) “Network” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 205.4745.

(d) “System” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 205.476.

(e) “Text messaging” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 200.575.

**Sec. 27.** NRS 217.050 is hereby amended to read as follows:  
217.050 “Personal injury” means:

1. Actual bodily harm or threat of bodily harm which results in a need for medical treatment;





2. In the case of a minor who was involved in the production of ~~[pornography]~~ *child sexual abuse material* in violation of NRS 200.710, 200.720, 200.725 or 200.730, any harm which results in a need for medical treatment or any psychological or psychiatric counseling, or both;

3. Any harm which results from sexual abuse; or

4. Any harm which results from a violation of NRS 200.5099 or 200.50995.

**Sec. 28.** NRS 217.070 is hereby amended to read as follows:

217.070 1. “Victim” means a person who suffers direct or threatened physical, financial or psychological harm as a result of the commission of a crime, including, without limitation:

(a) A person who is injured or killed as the direct result of a criminal act;

(b) A minor who was involved in the production of ~~[pornography]~~ *child sexual abuse material* in violation of NRS 200.710, 200.720, 200.725 or 200.730;

(c) A minor who was sexually abused, as “sexual abuse” is defined in NRS 432B.100;

(d) A person who is physically injured or killed as the direct result of a violation of NRS 484C.110 or any act or neglect of duty punishable pursuant to NRS 484C.430 or 484C.440;

(e) A pedestrian who is physically injured or killed as the direct result of a driver of a motor vehicle who failed to stop at the scene of a crash involving the driver and the pedestrian in violation of NRS 484E.010;

(f) An older person or a vulnerable person who is abused, neglected, exploited, isolated or abandoned in violation of NRS 200.5099 or 200.50995;

(g) A person who is physically injured or killed as the direct result of an act of international terrorism as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 2331(1);

(h) A person who is trafficked in violation of subsection 2 of NRS 201.300;

(i) A veteran who experienced an act of sexual assault while serving on active duty, active duty for training or inactive duty training;

(j) A person who is subjected to facilitating sex trafficking in violation of subsection 1 of NRS 201.301; or

(k) A person who is an immediate family member of a victim who:

(1) Is a minor;

(2) Is physically or mentally incompetent; or



(3) Was killed.

2. The term includes any person who was harmed by an act listed in subsection 1, regardless of whether:

(a) The person is a resident of this State, a citizen of the United States or is lawfully entitled to reside in the United States; or

(b) The act was committed by an adult or a minor.

**Sec. 29.** NRS 217.100 is hereby amended to read as follows:

217.100 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, any person eligible for compensation under the provisions of NRS 217.010 to 217.270, inclusive, may apply to the Director for such compensation not later than 24 months after the injury or death for which compensation is claimed or, for a person who is a victim of sex trafficking or facilitating sex trafficking, not later than 60 months after the injury or death for which compensation is claimed, unless waived by the Director or a person designated by the Director for good cause shown, and the personal injury or death was the result of an incident or offense that was reported to the police within 5 days of its occurrence or, if the incident or offense could not reasonably have been reported within that period, within 5 days of the time when a report could reasonably have been made.

2. An order for the payment of compensation must not be made unless the application is made within the time set forth in subsection 1.

3. Where the person entitled to make application is:

(a) A minor, the application may be made on his or her behalf by a parent or guardian.

(b) Mentally incapacitated, the application may be made on his or her behalf by a parent, guardian or other person authorized to administer his or her estate.

4. The applicant must submit with his or her application the reports, if reasonably available, from all physicians who, at the time of or subsequent to the victim's injury or death, treated or examined the victim in relation to the injury for which compensation is claimed.

5. The limitations upon payment of compensation established in subsection 1 do not apply to a minor who is sexually abused or who is involved in the production of ~~pornography~~ *child sexual abuse material*. Such a minor must apply for compensation before reaching 21 years of age.

6. As used in this section:

(a) "Facilitating sex trafficking" means a violation of NRS 201.301.



(b) “Sex trafficking” means a violation of subsection 2 of NRS 201.300.

**Sec. 30.** NRS 220.125 is hereby amended to read as follows:

220.125 1. The Legislative Counsel shall, to the extent practicable, ensure that persons with physical, mental or cognitive disabilities are referred to in Nevada Revised Statutes using language that is commonly viewed as respectful and sentence structure that refers to the person before referring to his or her disability as follows:

(a) Words and terms that are preferred for use in Nevada Revised Statutes include, without limitation, “persons with disabilities,” “persons with mental illness,” “persons with developmental disabilities,” “persons with intellectual disabilities” and other words and terms that are structured in a similar manner.

(b) Words and terms that are not preferred for use in Nevada Revised Statutes include, without limitation, “disabled,” “handicapped,” “mentally disabled,” “mentally ill,” “mentally retarded” and other words and terms that tend to equate the disability with the person.

2. The Legislative Counsel shall, to the extent practicable, ensure that terms related to persons affected by addictive disorders are referred to in Nevada Revised Statutes using language that is commonly viewed as respectful and sentence structure that refers to the person before referring to his or her disorder as follows:

(a) Words and terms that are preferred for use in Nevada Revised Statutes include, without limitation, “addictive disorder,” “persons with addictive disorders,” “person with an addictive disorder,” “person with an addictive disorder related to gambling” and “substance use disorder.”

(b) Words and terms that are not preferred for use in Nevada Revised Statutes include, without limitation, “addict,” “alcoholic,” “alcohol abuse,” “alcohol abuser,” “alcohol and drug abuser,” “drug abuse,” “drug addict,” “problem gambler,” “substance abuse” and “substance abuser.”

3. The Legislative Counsel shall, to the extent practicable, ensure that terms related to persons with mental illness are referred to in Nevada Revised Statutes using language that is commonly viewed as respectful and sentence structure that refers to the person before referring to his or her illness as follows:

(a) Words and terms that are preferred for use in Nevada Revised Statutes include, without limitation, “persons with mental illness” and other words and terms that are structured in a similar manner.



(b) Words and terms that are not preferred for use in Nevada Revised Statutes include, without limitation, “insane” and “insanity.”

4. The Legislative Counsel shall, to the extent practicable, ensure that terms related to persons who are deaf or hard of hearing are referred to in Nevada Revised Statutes using language that is commonly viewed as respectful and sentence structure that refers to the person before referring to his or her condition. Words and terms that are not preferred for use in Nevada Revised Statutes include, without limitation, “deaf and dumb.”

5. The Legislative Counsel shall, to the extent practicable, ensure that:

(a) Terms related to persons living with the human immunodeficiency virus are referred to in Nevada Revised Statutes using language that is commonly viewed as respectful and sentence structure that refers to the person before referring to the human immunodeficiency virus as follows:

(1) Words and terms that are preferred for use in Nevada Revised Statutes include, without limitation, “person living with the human immunodeficiency virus” and “person diagnosed with the human immunodeficiency virus.”

(2) Words and terms that are not preferred for use in Nevada Revised Statutes include, without limitation, “HIV positive” and “human immunodeficiency virus positive.”

(b) The human immunodeficiency virus is referred to in Nevada Revised Statutes using language that refers only to the human immunodeficiency virus or HIV rather than using duplicative references to both the human immunodeficiency virus or HIV and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, acquired immune deficiency syndrome or AIDS.

(c) Duplicative references to both communicable diseases and the human immunodeficiency virus or HIV are not used in Nevada Revised Statutes.

*6. The Legislative Counsel shall, to the extent practicable, ensure that terms related to items or materials that depict or describe a minor as the subject of a sexual portrayal or engaging in or simulating, or assisting others to engage in or simulate, sexual conduct are referred to in Nevada Revised Statutes using language that is commonly viewed as respectful and sentence structure which clearly indicates that a minor depicted or described in any such item or material is a victim as follows:*



*(a) Words and terms that are preferred in Nevada Revised Statutes include, without limitation, “child sexual abuse material” and words and terms that are structured in a similar manner.*

*(b) Words and terms that are not preferred for use in Nevada Revised Statutes include, without limitation, “child pornography.”*

**Sec. 31.** NRS 233B.062 is hereby amended to read as follows:

233B.062 1. It is the policy of this State that every regulation of an agency be made easily accessible to the public and expressed in clear and concise language. To assist in carrying out this policy:

(a) The Attorney General must develop guidelines for drafting regulations; and

(b) Every permanent regulation must be incorporated, excluding any forms used by the agency, any publication adopted by reference, the title, any signature and other formal parts, in the Nevada Administrative Code, and every emergency or temporary regulation must be distributed in the same manner as the Nevada Administrative Code.

2. It is the policy of this State that:

(a) Persons with physical, mental or cognitive disabilities and persons living with the human immunodeficiency virus are to be referred to in the Nevada Administrative Code using language that is commonly viewed as respectful and sentence structure that refers to the person before referring to the person’s disability or the human immunodeficiency virus, as applicable;

(b) Terms related to persons affected by addictive disorders are referred to in the Nevada Administrative Code using language that is commonly viewed as respectful and sentence structure that refers to the person before referring to his or her disorder;

(c) Terms related to persons with mental illness are referred to in the Nevada Administrative Code using language that is commonly viewed as respectful and sentence structure that refers to the person before referring to his or her illness;

(d) Terms related to persons who are deaf or hard of hearing are referred to in the Nevada Administrative Code using language that is commonly viewed as respectful and sentence structure that refers to the person before referring to his or her condition; ~~and~~

(e) References to only the human immunodeficiency virus or HIV should be used in the Nevada Administrative Code instead of duplicative references to both human immunodeficiency virus or HIV and acquired immunodeficiency syndrome, acquired immune deficiency syndrome or AIDS ~~and~~; ~~and~~

*(f) Terms related to items or materials that depict or describe a minor as the subject of a sexual portrayal or engaging in or*



*simulating, or assisting others to engage in or simulate, sexual conduct are referred to in the Nevada Administrative Code using language that is commonly viewed as respectful and sentence structure which clearly indicates that a minor depicted or described in any such item or material is a victim,*

↪ in the same manner as provided in NRS 220.125 for Nevada Revised Statutes.

3. The Legislative Counsel shall:

(a) Include each permanent regulation in the Nevada Administrative Code; and

(b) Distribute in the same manner as the Nevada Administrative Code each emergency or temporary regulation,

↪ that is required to be adopted pursuant to the provisions of this chapter and which is adopted by an entity other than an agency.

4. The Legislative Commission may authorize inclusion in the Nevada Administrative Code of the regulations of an agency otherwise exempted from the requirements of this chapter.

**Sec. 32.** NRS 424.031 is hereby amended to read as follows:

424.031 1. The licensing authority or a person or entity designated by the licensing authority shall obtain from appropriate law enforcement agencies information on the background and personal history of each applicant for a license to conduct a foster home, person who is licensed to conduct a foster home, employee of that applicant or licensee, and resident of a foster home who is 18 years of age or older, other than a resident who remains under the jurisdiction of a court pursuant to NRS 432B.594, to determine whether the person investigated has been arrested for, has charges pending for or has been convicted of:

(a) Murder, voluntary manslaughter or mayhem;

(b) Any other felony involving the use or threatened use of force or violence against the victim or the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon;

(c) Assault with intent to kill or to commit sexual assault or mayhem;

(d) Sexual assault, statutory sexual seduction, incest, lewdness, indecent exposure or any other sexually related crime or a felony relating to prostitution;

(e) Abuse or neglect of a child or contributory delinquency;

(f) A violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution or use of any controlled substance or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS;

(g) Abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation or abandonment of older persons or vulnerable persons, including, without limitation, a



violation of any provision of NRS 200.5091 to 200.50995, inclusive, or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct;

(h) Any offense involving fraud, theft, embezzlement, burglary, robbery, fraudulent conversion or misappropriation of property within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(i) Any offense relating to ~~{pornography involving minors,}~~ *child sexual abuse material*, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.700 to 200.760, inclusive, or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct;

(j) Prostitution, solicitation, lewdness or indecent exposure, or any other sexually related crime that is punishable as a misdemeanor, within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(k) A crime involving domestic violence that is punishable as a felony;

(l) A crime involving domestic violence that is punishable as a misdemeanor, within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(m) A criminal offense under the laws governing Medicaid or Medicare, within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(n) Any offense involving the sale, furnishing, purchase, consumption or possession of alcoholic beverages by a minor including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 202.015 to 202.067, inclusive, or driving a vehicle under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance in violation of chapter 484C of NRS or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct, within the immediately preceding 7 years; or

(o) An attempt or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses listed in this subsection within the immediately preceding 7 years.

2. A licensing authority or a person or entity designated by the licensing authority may conduct an investigation of the background and personal history of a person who is 18 years of age or older who routinely supervises a child in a foster home in the same manner as described in subsection 1.

3. The licensing authority or its approved designee may charge each person investigated pursuant to this section for the reasonable cost of that investigation.

4. Unless a preliminary Federal Bureau of Investigation Interstate Identification Index name-based check of the records of criminal history has been conducted pursuant to NRS 424.039, a person who is required to submit to an investigation pursuant to subsection 1 shall not have contact with a child in a foster home



without supervision before the investigation of the background and personal history of the person has been conducted.

5. The licensing authority or its designee:

(a) Shall conduct an investigation of each licensee, employee and resident pursuant to this section at least once every 5 years after the initial investigation; and

(b) May conduct an investigation of any person who is 18 years of age or older who routinely supervises a child in a foster home at such times as it deems appropriate.

**Sec. 33.** NRS 424.145 is hereby amended to read as follows:

424.145 1. The licensing authority or a person designated by the licensing authority shall obtain from appropriate law enforcement agencies information on the background and personal history of each applicant for or holder of a license to conduct a foster care agency and each owner, member of the governing body, employee, paid consultant, contractor, volunteer or vendor of that applicant or licensee who may come into direct contact with a child placed by the foster care agency, to determine whether the person investigated has been arrested for, has charges pending for or has been convicted of:

(a) Murder, voluntary manslaughter or mayhem;

(b) Any other felony involving the use or threatened use of force or violence against the victim or the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon;

(c) Assault with intent to kill or to commit sexual assault or mayhem;

(d) Sexual assault, statutory sexual seduction, incest, lewdness, indecent exposure or any other sexually related crime or a felony relating to prostitution;

(e) Abuse or neglect of a child or contributory delinquency;

(f) A violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution or use of any controlled substance or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS;

(g) Abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation or abandonment of older persons or vulnerable persons, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.5091 to 200.50995, inclusive, or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct;

(h) Any offense involving fraud, theft, embezzlement, burglary, robbery, fraudulent conversion or misappropriation of property within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(i) Any offense relating to ~~pornography involving minors,~~  
*child sexual abuse material*, including, without limitation, a





violation of any provision of NRS 200.700 to 200.760, inclusive, or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct;

(j) Prostitution, solicitation, lewdness or indecent exposure, or any other sexually related crime that is punishable as a misdemeanor, within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(k) A crime involving domestic violence that is punishable as a felony;

(l) A crime involving domestic violence that is punishable as a misdemeanor, within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(m) A criminal offense under the laws governing Medicaid or Medicare, within the immediately preceding 7 years;

(n) Any offense involving the sale, furnishing, purchase, consumption or possession of alcoholic beverages by a minor, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 202.015 to 202.067, inclusive, or driving a vehicle under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance in violation of chapter 484C of NRS or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct, within the immediately preceding 7 years; or

(o) An attempt or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses listed in this subsection within the immediately preceding 7 years.

2. Unless a preliminary Federal Bureau of Investigation Interstate Identification Index name-based check of the records of criminal history has been conducted pursuant to NRS 424.039, a person who is required to submit to an investigation pursuant to this section shall not have contact with a child in a foster home without supervision before the investigation of the background and personal history of the person is completed.

3. The licensing authority or its designee shall conduct an investigation of each holder of a license to conduct a foster care agency and each owner, member of a governing body, employee, paid consultant, contractor, volunteer or vendor who may come into direct contact with a child placed by the foster care agency pursuant to this section at least once every 5 years after the initial investigation.

**Sec. 34.** NRS 432.150 is hereby amended to read as follows:

432.150 As used in NRS 432.150 to 432.220, inclusive, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. “Clearinghouse” means the program established by the Attorney General pursuant to NRS 432.170.

2. “Director” means the Director of the Clearinghouse.



3. “Exploited child” means a person under the age of 18 years who has been:

(a) Used in the production of ~~[pornography]~~ *child sexual abuse material* in violation of the provisions of NRS 200.710 ~~[:] to 200.730, inclusive;~~

(b) Subjected to sexual exploitation as defined in NRS 432B.110; or

(c) Employed or exhibited in any injurious, immoral or dangerous business or occupation in violation of the provisions of NRS 609.210.

4. “Missing child” means a person under the age of 18 years who has run away or is otherwise missing from the lawful care, custody and control of a parent or guardian.

**Sec. 35.** NRS 432A.170 is hereby amended to read as follows:

432A.170 1. The Division may, upon receipt of an application for a license to operate a child care facility, conduct an investigation into the:

(a) Buildings or premises of the facility and, if the application is for an outdoor youth program, the area of operation of the program;

(b) Qualifications and background of the applicant or the employees of the applicant;

(c) Method of operation for the facility; and

(d) Policies and purposes of the applicant.

2. Subject to the provisions of subsection 7, the Division shall secure from appropriate law enforcement agencies information on the background and personal history of every applicant, licensee, operator of a small child care establishment, employee of an applicant, licensee or small child care establishment, resident of a child care facility or small child care establishment who is 18 years of age or older, other than a resident who remains under the jurisdiction of a court pursuant to NRS 432B.594, or participant in an outdoor youth program who is 18 years of age or older, to determine whether the person has been convicted of:

(a) Murder, voluntary manslaughter or mayhem;

(b) Any other felony involving the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon;

(c) Assault with intent to kill or to commit sexual assault or mayhem;

(d) Sexual assault, statutory sexual seduction, incest, lewdness, indecent exposure or any other sexually related crime;

(e) Any crime against a child, including, without limitation, abuse, neglect or endangerment of a child, contributory delinquency or ~~[pornography involving a minor;]~~ *child sexual abuse material;*



- (f) Arson;
- (g) Assault;
- (h) Battery, including, without limitation, battery which constitutes domestic violence;
- (i) Kidnapping;
- (j) Any offense relating to the possession or use of any controlled substance or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS within the immediately preceding 5 years;
- (k) Any offense relating to the distribution or manufacture of any controlled substance or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS, including, without limitation, possession of a controlled substance for the purpose of sale;
- (l) Abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation or abandonment of older persons or vulnerable persons, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.5091 to 200.50995, inclusive, or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct;
- (m) Any offense involving fraud, theft, embezzlement, burglary, robbery, fraudulent conversion or misappropriation of property within the immediately preceding 7 years;
- (n) A crime that constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018;
- (o) A violation of NRS 484C.430; or
- (p) A violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 within the immediately preceding 5 years.

3. Subject to the provisions of subsection 7, the Division shall request information concerning every applicant, licensee, operator of a small child care establishment, employee of an applicant, licensee or small child care establishment, resident of a child care facility or small child care establishment who is 18 years of age or older, other than a resident who remains under the jurisdiction of a court pursuant to NRS 432B.594, or participant in an outdoor youth program who is 18 years of age or older, from:

(a) The Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for its report concerning a conviction in this State of any of the crimes set forth in subsection 2 and for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report pursuant to NRS 432A.175; and

(b) The Statewide Central Registry for the Collection of Information Concerning the Abuse or Neglect of a Child established pursuant to NRS 432.100 to determine whether there has been a substantiated report of child abuse or neglect made against any of them.



4. The Division may charge each person investigated pursuant to this section for the reasonable cost of that investigation.

5. The information required to be obtained pursuant to subsections 2 and 3 must be requested concerning an:

(a) Employee of an applicant, licensee or small child care establishment, resident of a child care facility or small child care establishment who is 18 years of age or older, other than a resident who remains under the jurisdiction of a court pursuant to NRS 432B.594, or participant in an outdoor youth program who is 18 years of age or older for an initial background check not later than 3 days after the employee is hired, the residency begins or the participant begins participating in the program and before the employee, resident or participant has direct contact with any child at the child care facility, and then at least once every 5 years thereafter.

(b) Applicant at the time that an application is submitted for licensure, and then at least once every 5 years after the license is issued.

(c) Operator of a small child care establishment before the operator begins operating the establishment, and then at least once every 5 years after the establishment begins operating.

6. A person who is required to submit to an investigation required pursuant to this section shall not have contact with a child in a child care facility without supervision before the investigation of the background and personal history of the person has been conducted.

7. The provisions of subsections 2, 3 and 5 apply to a small child care establishment and an operator of a small child care establishment if the operator of such an establishment has applied or registered with the Division of Welfare and Supportive Services of the Department pursuant to NRS 432A.1756.

**Sec. 36.** NRS 432B.198 is hereby amended to read as follows:

432B.198 1. An agency which provides child welfare services shall secure from appropriate law enforcement agencies information on the background and personal history of each applicant for employment with the agency, and each employee of the agency, to determine:

(a) Whether the applicant or employee has been convicted of:

(1) Murder, voluntary manslaughter, involuntary manslaughter or mayhem;

(2) Any other felony involving the use or threatened use of force or violence or the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon;

(3) Assault with intent to kill or to commit sexual assault or mayhem;



(4) Battery which results in substantial bodily harm to the victim;

(5) Battery that constitutes domestic violence that is punishable as a felony;

(6) Battery that constitutes domestic violence, other than a battery described in subparagraph (5), within the immediately preceding 3 years;

(7) Sexual assault, statutory sexual seduction, incest, lewdness, indecent exposure, an offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ *child sexual abuse material* or any other sexually related crime;

(8) A crime involving pandering or prostitution, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 201.295 to 201.440, inclusive, other than a violation of NRS 201.354 by engaging in prostitution;

(9) Abuse or neglect of a child, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.508 or 200.5083;

(10) A violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution or use of any controlled substance or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS within the immediately preceding 3 years;

(11) A violation of any federal or state law prohibiting driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance that is punishable as a felony;

(12) A violation of any federal or state law prohibiting driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance, other than a violation described in subparagraph (11), within the immediately preceding 3 years;

(13) Abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation or abandonment of older persons or vulnerable persons, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.5091 to 200.50995, inclusive, or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct; or

(14) Any offense involving arson, fraud, theft, embezzlement, burglary, robbery, fraudulent conversion, misappropriation of property or perjury within the immediately preceding 7 years; or

(b) Whether there are criminal charges pending against the applicant or employee for a crime listed in paragraph (a).

2. An agency which provides child welfare services shall request information from:



(a) The Statewide Central Registry concerning an applicant for employment with the agency, or an employee of the agency, to determine whether there has been a substantiated report of child abuse or neglect made against the applicant or employee; and

(b) The central registry of information concerning the abuse or neglect of a child established by any other state in which the applicant or employee resided within the immediately preceding 5 years to ensure satisfactory clearance with that registry.

3. Each applicant for employment with an agency which provides child welfare services, and each employee of an agency which provides child welfare services, must submit to the agency:

(a) A complete set of his or her fingerprints and written authorization to forward those fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report; and

(b) Written authorization for the agency to obtain any information that may be available from the Statewide Central Registry or the central registry of information concerning the abuse or neglect of a child established by any other state in which the applicant or employee resided within the immediately preceding 5 years.

4. An agency which provides child welfare services may exchange with the Central Repository or the Federal Bureau of Investigation any information concerning the fingerprints submitted pursuant to this section.

5. When a report from the Federal Bureau of Investigation is received by the Central Repository, the Central Repository shall immediately forward a copy of the report to the agency which provides child welfare services for a determination of whether the applicant or employee has criminal charges pending against him or her for a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 or has been convicted of a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1.

6. An agency which provides child welfare services shall conduct an investigation of each employee of the agency pursuant to this section at least once every 5 years after the initial investigation.

7. For the purposes of this section, the period during which criminal charges are pending against an applicant or employee for a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 begins when the applicant or employee is arrested for such a crime and ends when:

(a) A determination is made as to the guilt or innocence of the applicant or employee with regard to such a crime at a trial or by a plea; or

(b) The prosecuting attorney makes a determination to:



(1) Decline charging the applicant or employee with a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1; or

(2) Proceed with charges against the applicant or employee for only one or more crimes not listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1.

8. As used in this section, “Statewide Central Registry” means the Statewide Central Registry for the Collection of Information Concerning the Abuse or Neglect of a Child established by NRS 432.100.

**Sec. 37.** NRS 433B.183 is hereby amended to read as follows:

433B.183 1. A division facility which provides residential treatment to children shall secure from appropriate law enforcement agencies information on the background and personal history of each employee of the facility to determine:

(a) Whether the employee has been convicted of:

(1) Murder, voluntary manslaughter, involuntary manslaughter or mayhem;

(2) Any other felony involving the use or threatened use of force or violence or the use of a firearm or other deadly weapon;

(3) Assault with intent to kill or to commit sexual assault or mayhem;

(4) Battery which results in substantial bodily harm to the victim;

(5) Battery that constitutes domestic violence that is punishable as a felony;

(6) Battery that constitutes domestic violence, other than a battery described in subparagraph (5), within the immediately preceding 3 years;

(7) Sexual assault, statutory sexual seduction, incest, lewdness, indecent exposure, an offense involving ~~[pornography and a minor]~~ *child sexual abuse material* or any other sexually related crime;

(8) A crime involving pandering or prostitution, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 201.295 to 201.440, inclusive, other than a violation of NRS 201.354 by engaging in prostitution;

(9) Abuse or neglect of a child, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.508 or 200.5083;

(10) A violation of any federal or state law regulating the possession, distribution or use of any controlled substance or any dangerous drug as defined in chapter 454 of NRS within the immediately preceding 3 years;



(11) A violation of any federal or state law prohibiting driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance that is punishable as a felony;

(12) A violation of any federal or state law prohibiting driving or being in actual physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance, other than a violation described in subparagraph (11), within the immediately preceding 3 years;

(13) Abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation or abandonment of older persons or vulnerable persons, including, without limitation, a violation of any provision of NRS 200.5091 to 200.50995, inclusive, or a law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct; or

(14) Any offense involving arson, fraud, theft, embezzlement, burglary, robbery, fraudulent conversion, misappropriation of property or perjury within the immediately preceding 7 years; or

(b) Whether there are criminal charges pending against the employee for a crime listed in paragraph (a).

2. An employee must submit to the Division a complete set of fingerprints and written authorization to forward those fingerprints to the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History for submission to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its report.

3. The Division may exchange with the Central Repository or the Federal Bureau of Investigation any information concerning the fingerprints submitted.

4. The Division may charge an employee investigated pursuant to this section for the reasonable cost of that investigation.

5. When a report from the Federal Bureau of Investigation is received by the Central Repository, the Central Repository shall immediately forward a copy of the report to the Division for a determination of whether the employee has criminal charges pending against him or her for a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 or has been convicted of a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1.

6. An employee who is required to submit to an investigation required pursuant to this section shall not have contact with a child in a division facility without supervision before the investigation of the background and personal history of the employee has been conducted.





7. The division facility shall conduct an investigation of each employee pursuant to this section at least once every 5 years after the initial investigation.

8. For the purposes of this section, the period during which criminal charges are pending against an employee for a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1 begins when the employee is arrested for such a crime and ends when:

(a) A determination is made as to the guilt or innocence of the employee with regard to such a crime at a trial or by a plea; or

(b) The prosecuting attorney makes a determination to:

(1) Decline charging the employee with a crime listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1; or

(2) Proceed with charges against the employee for only one or more crimes not listed in paragraph (a) of subsection 1.

**Sec. 38.** This act becomes effective upon passage and approval.

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