1	SENATE BILL 318
2	57TH LEGISLATURE - STATE OF NEW MEXICO - FIRST SESSION, 2025
3	INTRODUCED BY
4	Joseph Cervantes
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10	AN ACT
11	RELATING TO FIREARMS; INCLUDING FIREARMS AND DESTRUCTIVE
12	DEVICES IN THE UNFAIR PRACTICES ACT; EXPANDING PRIVATE REMEDIES
13	FOR UNFAIR, DECEPTIVE AND UNCONSCIONABLE TRADE PRACTICES;
14	MAKING TECHNICAL CHANGES.
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO:
17	SECTION 1. Section 53-17-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967,
18	Chapter 81, Section 104) is amended to read:
19	"53-17-2. POWERS OF FOREIGN CORPORATIONA foreign
20	corporation [which] <u>that</u> has received a certificate of
21	authority under the Business Corporation Act consents to
22	general personal jurisdiction in this state and shall, until a
23	certificate of revocation or of withdrawal has been issued as
24	provided in the Business Corporation Act, enjoy the same, but
25	no greater, rights and privileges as a domestic corporation
	.230437.1

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1 organized for the purposes set forth in the application 2 pursuant to which the certificate of authority is issued; and, 3 except as otherwise provided in the Business Corporation Act, 4 is subject to the same duties, restrictions, penalties and 5 liabilities now or hereafter imposed upon a domestic corporation of like character." 6 7 SECTION 2. Section 57-12-2 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, 8 Chapter 268, Section 2, as amended) is amended to read: 9 "57-12-2. DEFINITIONS.--As used in the Unfair Practices 10 Act: A. "destructive device" means any: 11 12 (1) explosive, incendiary or poison gas: 13 (a) bomb; 14 (b) grenade; 15 (c) rocket having a propellant charge of 16 more than four ounces; 17 (d) missile having an explosive or 18 incendiary charge of more than one-fourth ounce; 19 (e) mine; or 20 (f) similar device; 21 (2) type of weapon by whatever name known that 22 will, or that may be readily converted to, expel a projectile 23 by the action of an explosive or other propellant, the barrel 24 or barrels of which have a bore of more than one-half inch in 25 diameter, except a shotgun shell that is generally recognized .230437.1

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1	as particularly suitable for sporting purposes;
2	(3) combination of parts either designed or
3	intended for use in converting a device into a destructive
4	device as defined in Paragraphs (1) and (2) of this subsection
5	and from which a destructive device may be readily assembled;
6	and
7	(4) device that is designed to convert a
8	semiautomatic firearm to fire more than one round through the
9	single activation of a trigger;
10	B. "destructive device" does not include any device
11	that is neither designed nor redesigned for use as a weapon or
12	any device, although originally designed for use as a weapon,
13	that is redesigned for use as a signaling, pyrotechnic, line-
14	throwing, safety or similar device;
15	C. "firearm" means any weapon that will or is
15 16	<u>C.</u> "firearm" means any weapon that will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile
16	designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile
16 17	designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosion; the frame or receiver of any
16 17 18	designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosion; the frame or receiver of any such weapon; or any firearm muffler or firearm silencer.
16 17 18 19	designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosion; the frame or receiver of any such weapon; or any firearm muffler or firearm silencer. "Firearm" includes any handgun, rifle or shotgun; but does not
16 17 18 19 20	designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosion; the frame or receiver of any such weapon; or any firearm muffler or firearm silencer. "Firearm" includes any handgun, rifle or shotgun; but does not include an antique firearm as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section
16 17 18 19 20 21	<pre>designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosion; the frame or receiver of any such weapon; or any firearm muffler or firearm silencer. "Firearm" includes any handgun, rifle or shotgun; but does not include an antique firearm as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 921(16), a powder-actuated tool or other device designed to be</pre>
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosion; the frame or receiver of any such weapon; or any firearm muffler or firearm silencer. "Firearm" includes any handgun, rifle or shotgun; but does not include an antique firearm as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 921(16), a powder-actuated tool or other device designed to be used for construction purposes, an emergency flare or a firearm</pre>
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>designed to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosion; the frame or receiver of any such weapon; or any firearm muffler or firearm silencer. "Firearm" includes any handgun, rifle or shotgun; but does not include an antique firearm as defined in 18 U.S.C. Section 921(16), a powder-actuated tool or other device designed to be used for construction purposes, an emergency flare or a firearm in permanently inoperable condition;</pre>

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1	(a) the wearing or carrying about one's
2	<u>person of a firearm; or</u>
3	(b) the storage or mounting in or on any
4	conveyance of a firearm; and
5	(2) any attachment or device specifically
6	adapted to be inserted into or affixed onto any firearm to
7	enable, alter or improve the functioning or capabilities of the
8	<u>firearm;</u>
9	E. "firearm part" means any component part of a
10	firearm, including ammunition;
11	F. "online marketplace" means any person, business
12	or other entity that hosts, publishes or operates an
13	electronically accessed platform that facilitates or enables
14	third-party sellers to transact or engage in the sale,
15	purchase, payment, storage, shipping or delivery of goods or
16	<u>services in New Mexico;</u>
17	[A.] <u>G.</u> "person" means, where applicable, natural
18	persons, corporations, trusts, partnerships, associations,
19	cooperative associations, clubs, companies, firms, joint
20	ventures or syndicates;
21	H. "seller" means any person, business or other
22	entity that sells or offers to sell any products or services in
23	<u>New Mexico or for delivery to New Mexico;</u>
24	[B.] <u>I.</u> "seller-initiated telephone <u>or internet</u>
25	sale" means a sale, lease or rental of goods or services in
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1 which the seller or the seller's representative solicits the 2 sale by telephoning, [the] electronic mailing, internet 3 marketing, soliciting through a website or computer program or 4 application a prospective purchaser and in which the sale is 5 consummated entirely by telephone, [or] mail, [but does not include a transaction: 6 7 (1) in which a person solicits a sale from a prospective purchaser who has previously made an authorized 8 9 purchase from the seller's business; or 10 (2) in which the purchaser is accorded the 11 right of rescission by the provisions of the federal Consumer 12 Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. 1635, or regulations issued 13 pursuant thereto] electronic mail or other online 14 communication; 15 J. "third-party seller" means any seller, 16 independent of an online marketplace, that sells, offers to 17 sell or contracts to sell a consumer product in New Mexico 18 through an online marketplace; 19 [C.] K. "trade" or "commerce" includes the 20 manufacturing, advertising, offering for sale or distribution, 21 [of any] distribution or delivery of any goods, products, 22 services [and any], property and any other article, commodity 23 or thing of value, including: 24 (1) any trade or commerce [directly or 25 indirectly affecting the people of this state with a person in .230437.1

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1	New Mexico or to a location within this state; or
2	(2) any trade or commerce by a person,
3	business or other entity that systematically serves a market in
4	<u>New Mexico for the same or similar goods or services at issue</u>
5	in any action brought in this state whether or not the specific
6	goods and services were purchased in New Mexico, which shall be
7	deemed, to the maximum extent permitted under the doctrine of
8	interstate federalism, to create specific jurisdiction against
9	a person, business or other entity that has:
10	(a) enjoyed the benefits and protection
11	of the laws of New Mexico;
12	(b) benefited from the ability to
13	enforce contracts, defend property or form effective markets in
14	<u>New Mexico; or</u>
15	(c) sold or otherwise placed a product
16	of goods into the national market or the stream of commerce;
17	$[D_{\bullet}]$ <u>L.</u> "unfair or deceptive trade practice" means
18	an act specifically declared unlawful pursuant to the Unfair
19	Practices Act, a false or misleading oral or written statement,
20	visual description or other representation of any kind
21	knowingly made in connection with the sale, lease, rental or
22	loan of goods or services or in the extension of credit or in
23	the collection of debts by a person in the regular course of
24	the person's trade or commerce, that may, tends to or does
25	deceive or mislead any person and includes:
	.230437.1 - 6 -

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1	(1) representing goods or services as those of
2	another when the goods or services are not the goods or
3	services of another;
4	(2) representing goods or services as legal to
5	purchase under the laws of New Mexico or the United States when
6	the goods or services are not legal to purchase under the laws
7	of New Mexico or the United States. No action shall be
8	maintained pursuant to this section based upon representations
9	or activities authorized under the Lynn and Erin Compassionate
10	Use Act or the Cannabis Regulation Act;
11	[(2)] <u>(3)</u> causing confusion or
12	misunderstanding as to the source, sponsorship, approval or
13	certification of goods or services;
14	[(3)] <u>(4)</u> causing confusion or
15	misunderstanding as to affiliation, connection or association
16	with or certification by another;
17	[(4)] <u>(5)</u> using deceptive representations or
18	designations of geographic origin in connection with goods or
19	services;
20	[(5)] <u>(6)</u> representing that goods or services
21	have sponsorship, approval, characteristics, ingredients, uses,
22	benefits or quantities that they do not have or that a person
23	has a sponsorship, approval, status, affiliation or connection
24	that the person does not have;
25	[(6)] <u>(7)</u> representing that goods are original
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1 or new if they are deteriorated, altered, reconditioned, 2 reclaimed, used or secondhand; 3 [(7)] (8) representing that goods or services 4 are of a particular standard, quality or grade, [or] that the 5 goods meet the warranty of merchantability or are fit for a 6 particular purpose or are of a particular style or model if 7 they are of another; 8 [(8)] (9) disparaging the goods, services or 9 business of another by false or misleading representations; 10 [(9)] (10) offering goods or services with 11 intent not to supply them in the quantity requested by the 12 prospective buyer to the extent of the stock available, unless 13 the purchaser is purchasing for resale; 14 [(10)] (11) offering goods or services with 15 intent not to supply reasonable expectable public demand; 16 [(11)] (12) making false or misleading 17 statements of fact concerning the price of goods or services, 18 the prices of competitors or one's own price at a past or 19 future time or the reasons for, existence of or amounts of 20 price reduction; 21 [(12)] (13) making false or misleading 22 statements of fact for the purpose of obtaining appointments 23 for the demonstration, exhibition or other sales presentation 24 of goods or services; 25 [(13)] <u>(14)</u> packaging goods for sale in a .230437.1

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1 container that bears a trademark or trade name identified with 2 goods formerly packaged in the container, without 3 authorization, unless the container is labeled or marked to 4 disclaim a connection between the contents and the trademark or 5 trade name; [(14)] (15) using exaggeration, innuendo or 6 7 ambiguity as to a material fact or failing to state a material 8 fact if doing so deceives or tends to deceive; 9 [(15)] (16) stating that a transaction 10 involves rights, remedies or obligations that it does not 11 involve; 12 [(16)] (17) stating that services, 13 replacements or repairs are needed if they are not needed; 14 [(17)] (18) failing to deliver the quality or 15 quantity of goods or services contracted for; 16 [(18)] (19) violating the Tobacco Escrow Fund 17 Act; [or] 18 [(19)] (20) offering or providing unposted or 19 unadvertised pricing or service based on the buyer's gender or 20 perceived gender identity; provided, however, that this 21 provision does not apply to persons regulated by the office of 22 superintendent of insurance pursuant to the New Mexico 23 Insurance Code; [and] or 24 (21) knowingly manufacturing, advertising, 25 distributing or offering for sale a firearm, destructive .230437.1

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1 device, firearm part or firearm accessory contrary to the laws 2 of New Mexico or the United States; and 3 [E.] M. "unconscionable trade practice" means an 4 act or practice in connection with the sale, lease, rental or

5 loan, or in connection with the offering for sale, lease, 6 rental or loan, of any goods or services, <u>including goods or</u> 7 <u>services offered for sale by an online marketplace whether</u> 8 <u>directly or by a third-party seller, and</u> including services 9 provided by licensed professionals, or in the extension of 10 credit or in the collection of debts that to a person's 11 detriment:

(1) takes advantage of the lack of knowledge, ability, experience or capacity of a person to a grossly unfair degree; [or]

15 (2) results in a gross disparity between the
16 value received by a person and the price paid; or

(3) violates state or federal law."

SECTION 3. Section 57-12-3.1 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1991, Chapter 28, Section 1) is amended to read:

"57-12-3.1. UNAUTHORIZED USE OF DELIVERY CONTAINER PROHIBITED.--

A. It [shall be] is an unlawful practice within the meaning of the Unfair Practices Act for any person to:

(1) remove [the] an owner's container from the
owner's or a recipient's premises or parking area without the
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1 permission of the owner or recipient; 2 possess or use [the] an owner's container (2) 3 if it has been removed from the owner's or recipient's premises 4 or parking area without the permission of the owner or 5 recipient; 6 (3) alter, convert, destroy or tamper with 7 [the] an owner's container without permission of the owner or 8 recipient; or 9 sell [the] an owner's container to or (4) 10 purchase [the] an owner's container from someone other than the 11 owner without the permission of the owner. 12 As used in this section: Β. 13 "bakery rack" means a metal frame that (1)14 holds bakery trays or other bakery products and that is used by 15 a bakery, distributor or retailer or its agent as a means to 16 transport, store or carry bakery products; 17 "bakery tray" means a wire or plastic (2) 18 receptacle that holds bread, buns or other baked goods and that 19 is used by a bakery, distributor or retailer or its agent as a 20 means to transport, store or carry bakery products; 21 "owner's container" means a bakery rack, (3) 22 bakery tray, dairy case, egg basket, poultry box, shopping cart 23 or pallet; 24 "dairy case" means a plastic receptacle (4) 25 that holds sixteen quarts or more of beverage and that is used .230437.1 - 11 -

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1 by a dairy, distributor or retailer or its agent as a means to 2 transport, store or carry dairy products; 3 "pallet" means a wooden or plastic base (5) 4 that allows stacks of merchandise to be placed upon it and that 5 provides a space and support beneath the stack for forklift 6 handling; 7 "parking area" means a lot or other (6) property provided by a recipient for the use of its customers 8 9 to park vehicles while at the recipient's establishment; 10 "poultry box" means a permanent type of (7) 11 container that is used by a processor, distributor, retailer or 12 food service establishment or an agent of one of those persons 13 to transport, store or carry poultry; 14 "recipient" means a person, firm, (8) 15 corporation or association that is authorized by the owner to 16 use an owner's container; and 17 "shopping cart" means a basket that is (9) 18 mounted on wheels, or a similar device, that is generally used 19 in a retail establishment by a customer to transport goods of 20 any kind. 21 No civil action shall be maintained pursuant to C. 22 this section against any person who returns to its owner within 23 sixty days after the effective date of this section a container 24 that was unlawfully obtained." 25 SECTION 4. Section 57-12-7 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, .230437.1

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1	Chapter 268, Section 6, as amended) is amended to read:
2	"57-12-7. EXEMPTIONSNothing in the Unfair Practices
3	Act shall apply to actions or transactions:
4	<u>A.</u> expressly permitted [under laws administered] <u>by</u>
5	<u>the laws of the United States or New Mexico or</u> by a regulatory
6	body of New Mexico or the United States; [but all actions or
7	transactions forbidden by the regulatory body, and about which
8	the regulatory body remains silent, are subject to the Unfair
9	Practices Act]
10	B. for which a person, business or other entity is
11	immune from suit under the laws of the United States or New
12	Mexico or by a regulatory body of New Mexico or the United
13	<u>States; or</u>
14	C. without including any allegation or proof
15	specifically required by the laws of the United States or New
16	Mexico, including where explicitly required:
17	(1) proximate cause resulting in harm; or
18	(2) establishing that the actions or
19	transactions giving rise to claims made pursuant to the Unfair
20	Practices Act occurred, in whole or in part, inside New
21	Mexico."
22	SECTION 5. Section 57-12-8 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967,
23	Chapter 268, Section 7, as amended) is amended to read:
24	"57-12-8. RESTRAINT OF PROHIBITED ACTSREMEDIES FOR
25	VIOLATIONS
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1 Whenever the attorney general has reasonable Α. 2 belief that [any] a person is using, has used or is about to 3 use any method, act or practice [which] that is declared by the 4 Unfair Practices Act to be unlawful and that proceedings would 5 be in the public interest, [he] the attorney general may bring an action in the name of the state alleging violations of the 6 7 Unfair Practices Act. The action may be brought in the 8 district court of the county in which the person resides or has 9 [his] the person's principal place of business or in the 10 district court in [any] a county in which the person is using, has used or is about to use the practice [which] that has been 11 12 alleged to be unlawful under the Unfair Practices Act. The 13 attorney general acting on behalf of the state [of New Mexico] 14 shall not be required to post bond when seeking a temporary or 15 permanent injunction in such action.

B. In [any] an action filed pursuant to the Unfair Practices Act, including an action with respect to unimproved real property, the attorney general may petition the district court for temporary or permanent injunctive relief and restitution."

SECTION 6. Section 57-12-9 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1971, Chapter 240, Section 3, as amended) is amended to read: "57-12-9. SETTLEMENTS.--

A. In lieu of beginning or continuing an action pursuant to the Unfair Practices Act, the attorney general may .230437.1

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1 accept a written assurance of discontinuance of any practice in 2 violation of the Unfair Practices Act from the person who has 3 engaged in the unlawful practice. The attorney general may require an agreement by the person engaged in the unlawful 4 5 practice that, by the date set by the attorney general and 6 stated in the assurance, [he] the person will make restitution 7 to all persons of money, property or other things received from 8 them in any transaction related to the unlawful practice. All 9 settlements are a matter of public record but are not 10 admissible against [any] a defendant in [any] an action brought 11 by any other person or public body against [such] the defendant 12 under the Unfair Practices Act [and do not constitute a basis 13 for the introduction of the assurance of discontinuance as 14 prima facie evidence against such defendant in any action or 15 proceeding].

B. A person need not accept restitution pursuant to an assurance. [His] Acceptance of restitution bars recovery of [any] damages in [any] an action by [him] the person or on [his] the person's behalf against the same defendant on account of the same unlawful practice <u>unless the defendant fails to</u> <u>make restitution as agreed</u>.

C. A violation of an assurance entered into pursuant to this section is a violation of the Unfair Practices Act."

SECTION 7. Section 57-12-10 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, .230437.1

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Chapter 268, Section 8, as amended) is amended to read: "57-12-10. PRIVATE REMEDIES.--

A. A person likely to be damaged by an unfair or deceptive trade practice or by an unconscionable trade practice of another may be granted an injunction against it under the principles of equity and on terms that the court considers reasonable. Proof of monetary damage, loss of profits or intent to deceive or take unfair advantage of [any] <u>a</u> person is not required. Relief granted for the copying of an article shall be limited as to the prevention of confusion or misunderstanding as to source.

B. Any person who suffers any loss of money or property, real or personal, as a result of any employment by another person of a method, act or practice declared unlawful by the Unfair Practices Act may bring an action to recover actual damages or the sum of [one hundred dollars (\$100)] ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), whichever is greater. Where the trier of fact finds that the party charged with an unfair or deceptive trade practice or an unconscionable trade practice has willfully engaged in the trade practice, the court may award up to three times actual damages or [three hundred dollars (\$300)] ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), whichever is greater, to the party complaining of the practice.

C. A person aware of an unfair or deceptive trade practice or an unconscionable trade practice of another .230437.1 - 16 -

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involving the manufacture, marketing, distributing, sale or
offering for sale of a firearm, destructive device, firearm
part or firearm accessory that violates New Mexico or federal
law may be granted an injunction against the practice under the
principles of equity and on terms that the court considers
reasonable and shall be awarded two hundred fifty thousand
dollars (\$250,000) per violation.

8 D. Proof of a claim involving the manufacture, 9 marketing, distributing, sale or offering for sale of a 10 firearm, destructive device, firearm part or firearm accessory 11 or other unfair trade practice or an unconscionable trade 12 practice shall comply with the specific requirements placed on 13 such a claim by the Unfair Practices Act. Beyond those 14 specific requirements, proof of monetary damage, loss of 15 profits or intent to deceive or take unfair advantage of any 16 person is not required.

[G.] E. The court shall award attorney fees and costs to the party complaining of an unfair or deceptive trade practice or unconscionable trade practice if the party prevails. The court shall award attorney fees and costs to the party charged with an unfair or deceptive trade practice or an unconscionable trade practice if it finds that the party complaining of such trade practice brought an action that <u>the</u> <u>party knew</u> was groundless <u>at the time it was initiated</u>.

[D.] <u>F.</u> The relief provided in this section is in .230437.1

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addition to remedies otherwise available against the same conduct under the common law or other statutes of this state.

[E.] G. In [any] a class action filed under this section, the court may award damages to the named plaintiffs as provided in Subsection B of this section and may award members of the class such actual damages as were suffered by each member of the class as a result of the unlawful method, act or practice.

9 [F. A party to a court action for a private remedy 10 pursuant to this section may request in writing during the 11 thirty-day period following service of the summons and 12 complaint on all parties named in the action that the parties 13 attempt to settle the claim in early mediation. If a request 14 for mediation is made, the parties shall choose a mutually 15 acceptable mediator and enter into mediation within sixty days 16 of the appointment of an acceptable mediator unless otherwise 17 agreed by the parties. A request for mediation may be 18 rescinded at any time if agreed to by all parties.

G. If the parties do not agree on a mutually acceptable mediator, the court shall appoint the mediator. If the early mediation pursuant to this section is entered into within sixty days following the appointment of the mediator, the parties suing on the basis of unfair, deceptive or unconscionable trade practices or acts under the Unfair Practices Act shall be required to pay no more than fifty .230437.1

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1	dollars (\$50.00) toward the cost of the mediation and the other
2	party shall pay the remainder of such cost, unless otherwise
3	agreed by the parties. If a person is seeking injunctive
4	relief in accordance with Subsection A of this section, the
5	person may pursue the claim for injunctive relief without
6	following the mediation requirements of this subsection and
7	Subsection F of this section.]
8	H. Multiple parties acting in concert to
9	<u>manufacture, advertise, distribute or offer for sale a firearm,</u>
10	destructive device, firearm part or firearm accessory, which
11	would violate the laws of New Mexico or the United States,
12	shall be jointly and severally liable for any violations of the
13	<u>Unfair Practices Act.</u>
14	I. An online marketplace that offers for sale or
15	allows third-party sellers to offer for sale a firearm,
16	destructive device, firearm part or firearm accessory, the
17	manufacture, advertising, distribution or sale of which would
18	violate the laws of New Mexico or the United States, shall be
19	jointly and severally liable for any violations of the Unfair
20	Practices Act that occurred on the online marketplace.
21	J. In any action brought pursuant to the Unfair
22	Practices Act against a third-party seller on an online
23	marketplace, the online marketplace shall comply with validly
	marketprace, the online marketprace sharr compry with variary
24	issued subpoenas that seek information about a third-party
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1	K. A willful failure or refusal to respond to a
2	subpoena described in Subsection J of this section shall itself
3	be a violation of the Unfair Practices Act, for which the court
4	shall award the requesting party statutory damages of:
5	(1) two hundred fifty thousand dollars
6	(\$250,000) and attorney fees and costs if the subpoena was
7	issued in an action involving an allegation that a third-party
8	seller violated the Unfair Practices Act while manufacturing,
9	advertising, distributing or selling a firearm, destructive
10	device, firearm part or firearm accessory in violation of the
11	laws of New Mexico or the United States; or
12	(2) ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) and
13	attorney fees and costs if the subpoena was issued in an action
14	involving any other allegations actionable under the Unfair
15	Practices Act.
16	L. An online marketplace, seller or third-party
17	seller that does not maintain a place of business in the United
18	States or that conceals its place of business and offers goods
19	or services for sale inside New Mexico shall be deemed, such
20	that a suit may be maintained against the online marketplace,
21	seller or third-party seller without violating the standards of
22	fair play and substantial justice, to have:
23	(1) minimum contacts with New Mexico;
24	(2) invoked the benefits and protections of
25	<u>the laws of New Mexico;</u>
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1	(3) purposely availed itself of the privileges
2	of conducting activities within New Mexico; and
3	(4) reasonably anticipated being haled into a
4	<u>court within New Mexico.</u> "
5	SECTION 8. Section 57-12-11 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1970,
6	Chapter 38, Section 2) is amended to read:
7	"57-12-11. CIVIL PENALTYIn any action brought under
8	Section [49-15-7 NMSA 1953] <u>57-12-8 NMSA 1978</u> , if the court
9	finds that a person is willfully using or has willfully used a
10	method, act or practice declared unlawful by the Unfair
11	Practices Act, the attorney general, upon petition to the
12	court, may recover on behalf of the state [of New Mexico] a
13	civil penalty [of] not exceeding [five thousand dollars
14	(\$5,000)] <u>twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000)</u> per violation,
15	unless the violation involved the manufacturing, advertising,
16	distribution or sale of a firearm, in which case the attorney
17	general may petition the court for a civil penalty not
18	exceeding two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) per
19	violation."
20	SECTION 9. Section 57-12-12 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967,
21	Chapter 268, Section 10) is amended to read:
22	"57-12-12. CIVIL INVESTIGATIVE DEMAND
23	A. Whenever the attorney general has reason to
24	believe that [any] <u>a</u> person may be in possession, custody or
25	control of an original or copy of [any] <u>a</u> book, record, report,

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1 memorandum, paper, communication, tabulation, map, chart, 2 photograph, mechanical transcription or other tangible document 3 or recording [which he] that the attorney general believes to 4 be relevant to the subject matter of an investigation of a 5 probable violation of the Unfair Practices Act, [he] the 6 attorney general may, prior to the institution of a civil 7 proceeding, execute in writing and cause to be served upon the 8 person a civil investigative demand requiring [such] the person 9 to produce documentary material and permit the inspection and 10 copying of the material. The demand of the attorney general 11 shall not be a matter of public record and shall not be 12 published by [him] the attorney general except by order of the 13 court. 14 Β. Each demand shall: 15 state the general subject matter of the (1)16 investigation; 17 describe the classes of documentary (2) 18 material to be produced with reasonable certainty; and 19 (3) prescribe the return date within which the 20 documentary material is to be produced, which in no case shall 21 be less than ten days after the date of service. [and 22 (4) identify the members of the attorney 23 general's staff to whom such documentary material is to be made 24 available for inspection and copying.] 25 C. No demand shall: .230437.1 - 22 -

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1 contain [any] a requirement [which] that (1) 2 would be unreasonable or improper if contained in a subpoena 3 duces tecum issued by a court of this state; [or] 4 require the disclosure of any documentary (2) 5 material [which] that would be privileged or [which] that for 6 any other reason would not be required by a subpoena duces 7 tecum issued by a court of this state; or 8 require the removal of any documentary (3) 9 material from the custody of the person upon whom the demand is 10 served except in accordance with the provisions of Subsection E 11 of this section. 12 Service of the demand may be made by: D. delivering a duly executed copy [thereof] 13 (1)14 to the person to be served or, if the person is not a natural 15 person, to the statutory agent for the person or to [any] an 16 officer of the person to be served; [or] 17 delivering a duly executed copy [thereof] (2) 18 to the principal place of business in this state of the person 19 to be served; or 20 mailing by registered or certified mail a (3) 21 duly executed copy of the demand addressed to the person to be 22 served at [his] the person's principal place of business in 23 this state or, if the person has no place of business in this 24 state, to [his] the person's principal office or place of 25 business. .230437.1

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Ε. Documentary material demanded pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be produced for inspection and copying during normal business hours at the principal office or place of business of the person served or may be inspected and copied at such other times and places as may be agreed upon by the person served and the attorney general.

F. [No] Documentary material produced pursuant to a demand, or copies thereof, shall, unless otherwise ordered by 8 the district court in the county in which the person resides or 10 has [his] the person's principal place of business or is about 11 to perform or is performing the practice [which] that is 12 alleged to be unlawful under the Unfair Practices Act, [for good cause shown] be [produced for inspection or copying by 13 14 anyone other than an authorized employee of the attorney general nor shall the contents thereof be disclosed to anyone 15 other than an authorized employee of the attorney general or in court in an action relating to a violation of the] subject to 18 the Inspection of Public Records Act and discoverable by any party to an action brought pursuant to the Unfair Practices Act.

At any time before the return date of the G. demand, a petition to set aside the demand, modify the demand or extend the return date [thereon] on the demand may be filed in the district court in the county in which the person resides or has [his] the person's principal place of business or is .230437.1 - 24 -

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about to <u>perform</u> or is performing the practice [which] <u>that</u> is alleged to be unlawful under the Unfair Practices Act, and the court upon a showing of good cause may set aside the demand, modify it or extend the return date of the demand.

H. After service of the investigative demand upon [him] the person, if [any] the person neglects or refuses to comply with the demand, the attorney general may invoke the aid of the court in the enforcement of the demand. In appropriate cases, the court shall issue its order requiring the person to appear and produce the documentary material required in the demand and may, upon failure of the person to comply with the order, punish the person for contempt.

I. This section shall not be applicable to criminal prosecutions."

SECTION 10. Section 57-12-15 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, Chapter 268, Section 12) is amended to read:

"57-12-15. ENFORCEMENT.--In order to promote the uniform administration of the Unfair Practices Act in New Mexico, the attorney general is to be responsible for its enforcement, but [he] the attorney general may in appropriate cases delegate this authority to the district attorneys of the state, and when this is done, the district attorneys shall have every power conferred upon the attorney general by the Unfair Practices Act."

SECTION 11. Section 57-12-16 NMSA 1978 (being Laws 1967, .230437.1

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1	Chapter 268, Section 13, as amended) is amended to read:
2	"57-12-16. ADVERTISING MEDIA EXCLUDEDThe Unfair
3	Practices Act does not apply to publishers, broadcasters,
4	printers or other persons engaged in the dissemination of
5	information or reproduction of printed or pictorial matters who
6	publish, broadcast or reproduce material without knowledge of
7	its deceptive or unconscionable character, <u>unless the</u>
8	publication, broadcast or reproduction violates the laws of New
9	Mexico or the United States."
10	SECTION 12. A new section of the Unfair Practices Act,
11	Section 57-12-3.2 NMSA 1978, is enacted to read:
12	"57-12-3.2. [<u>NEW MATERIAL</u>] UNLAWFUL MANUFACTURE,
13	ADVERTISING, DISTRIBUTION OR SALE OF A FIREARM PROHIBITEDIt
14	shall be an unlawful practice within the meaning of the Unfair
15	Practices Act for any person to violate:
16	A. the provisions of Section 30-7-7 NMSA 1978; or
17	B. the laws of New Mexico or the United States
18	controlling the manufacture, advertising, distribution or sale
19	of firearms."
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