

- 29 (iv) within the last 10 years has been adjudicated under Section 80-6-701 for an
30 offense which if committed by an adult would have been a violent felony as
31 defined in Section 76-3-203.5;
- 32 (v) is an alien who is illegally or unlawfully in the United States, including an alien
33 who has:
- 34 (A) submitted an asylum application in accordance with 8 U.S.C. Sec. 1158 and is
35 waiting for a disposition on the application; or
- 36 (B) submitted a temporary protected status application in accordance with 8
37 U.S.C. Sec. 1254a and is waiting for a disposition on the application; or
- 38 (vi) is on probation for a conviction of possessing:
- 39 (A) a substance classified in Section 58-37-4 as a Schedule I or II controlled
40 substance;
- 41 (B) a controlled substance analog; or
- 42 (C) a substance listed in Section 58-37-4.2.
- 43 (b) A Category II restricted person is a person who:
- 44 (i) has been convicted of:
- 45 (A) a domestic violence offense that is a felony;
- 46 (B) a felony that is not a domestic violence offense or a violent felony and within
47 seven years after completing the sentence for the conviction, has been
48 convicted of or charged with another felony or class A misdemeanor;
- 49 (C) multiple felonies that are part of a single criminal episode and are not
50 domestic violence offenses or violent felonies and within seven years after
51 completing the sentence for the convictions, has been convicted of or charged
52 with another felony or class A misdemeanor; or
- 53 (D) multiple felonies that are not part of a single criminal episode;
- 54 (ii)(A) within the last seven years has completed a sentence for:
- 55 (I) a conviction for a felony that is not a domestic violence offense or a violent
56 felony; or
- 57 (II) convictions for multiple felonies that are part of a single criminal episode
58 and are not domestic violence offenses or violent felonies; and
- 59 (B) within the last seven years and after the completion of a sentence for a
60 conviction described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(A), has not been convicted of or
61 charged with another felony or class A misdemeanor;
- 62 (iii) within the last seven years has been adjudicated delinquent for an offense which

- 63 if committed by an adult would have been a felony;
- 64 (iv) is an unlawful user of a controlled substance as defined in Section 58-37-2;
- 65 (v) is in possession of a dangerous weapon and is knowingly and intentionally in
66 unlawful possession of a Schedule I or II controlled substance as defined in
67 Section 58-37-2;
- 68 (vi) has been found not guilty by reason of insanity for a felony offense;
- 69 (vii) has been found mentally incompetent to stand trial for a felony offense;
- 70 (viii) has been adjudicated as mentally defective as provided in the Brady Handgun
71 Violence Prevention Act, Pub. L. No. 103-159, 107 Stat. 1536 (1993), or has been
72 committed to a mental institution;
- 73 (ix) has been dishonorably discharged from the armed forces;
- 74 (x) has renounced the individual's citizenship after having been a citizen of the
75 United States;
- 76 (xi) is a respondent or defendant subject to a protective order or child protective order
77 that is issued after a hearing for which the respondent or defendant received actual
78 notice and at which the respondent or defendant has an opportunity to participate,
79 that restrains the respondent or defendant from harassing, stalking, threatening, or
80 engaging in other conduct that would place an intimate partner, as defined in 18
81 U.S.C. Sec. 921, or a child of the intimate partner, in reasonable fear of bodily
82 injury to the intimate partner or child of the intimate partner, and that:
- 83 (A) includes a finding that the respondent or defendant represents a credible threat
84 to the physical safety of an individual who meets the definition of an intimate
85 partner in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 921 or the child of the individual; or
- 86 (B) explicitly prohibits the use, attempted use, or threatened use of physical force
87 that would reasonably be expected to cause bodily harm against an intimate
88 partner or the child of an intimate partner; or
- 89 (xii) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d), has been convicted of the commission
90 or attempted commission of misdemeanor assault under Section 76-5-102 or
91 aggravated assault under Section 76-5-103 against an individual:
- 92 (A) who is a current or former spouse, parent, or guardian;
- 93 (B) with whom the restricted person shares a child in common;
- 94 (C) who is cohabitating or has cohabitated with the restricted person as a spouse,
95 parent, or guardian;
- 96 (D) involved in a dating relationship with the restricted person within the last five

97 years; or

98 (E) similarly situated to a spouse, parent, or guardian of the restricted person.

99 (c)(i) As used in this section, a conviction of a felony or adjudication of delinquency
100 for an offense which would be a felony if committed by an adult does not include:

101 (A) a conviction or an adjudication under Section 80-6-701 for an offense
102 pertaining to antitrust violations, unfair trade practices, restraint of trade, or
103 other similar offenses relating to the regulation of business practices not
104 involving theft or fraud; or

105 (B) a conviction or an adjudication under Section 80-6-701 which, in accordance
106 with the law of the jurisdiction in which the conviction or adjudication
107 occurred, has been expunged, set aside, reduced to a misdemeanor by court
108 order, pardoned or regarding which the person's civil rights have been restored
109 unless the pardon, reduction, expungement, or restoration of civil rights
110 expressly provides that the person may not ship, transport, possess, or receive
111 firearms.

112 (ii) As used in this section, a conviction for misdemeanor assault under Subsection
113 (1)(b)(xii), does not include a conviction which, in accordance with the law of the
114 jurisdiction in which the conviction occurred, has been expunged, set aside,
115 reduced to an infraction by court order, pardoned, or regarding which the person's
116 civil rights have been restored, unless the pardon, reduction, expungement, or
117 restoration of civil rights expressly provides that the person may not ship,
118 transport, possess, or receive firearms.

119 (iii) It is the burden of the defendant in a criminal case to provide evidence that a
120 conviction or an adjudication under Section 80-6-701 is subject to an exception
121 provided in this Subsection (1)(c), after which it is the burden of the state to prove
122 beyond a reasonable doubt that the conviction or the adjudication is not subject to
123 that exception.

124 (d) A person is not a restricted person for a conviction under Subsection (1)(b)(xii)(D) if:

125 (i) five years have elapsed from the later of:

126 (A) the day on which the conviction is entered;

127 (B) the day on which the person is released from incarceration following the
128 conviction; or

129 (C) the day on which the person's probation for the conviction is successfully
130 terminated;

- 131 (ii) the person only has a single conviction for misdemeanor assault as described in
132 Subsection (1)(b)(xii)(D); and
- 133 (iii) the person is not otherwise a restricted person under Subsection (1)(a) or (b).
- 134 (2) A Category I restricted person who intentionally or knowingly agrees, consents, offers,
135 or arranges to purchase, transfer, possess, use, or have under the person's custody or
136 control, or who intentionally or knowingly purchases, transfers, possesses, uses, or has
137 under the person's custody or control:
- 138 (a) a firearm is guilty of a second degree felony; or
139 (b) a dangerous weapon other than a firearm is guilty of a third degree felony.
- 140 (3) A Category II restricted person who intentionally or knowingly purchases, transfers,
141 possesses, uses, or has under the person's custody or control:
- 142 (a) a firearm is guilty of a third degree felony; or
143 (b) a dangerous weapon other than a firearm is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- 144 (4) A person may be subject to the restrictions of both categories at the same time.
- 145 (5) A Category I or Category II restricted person may not use an antique firearm for an
146 activity regulated under Title 23A, Wildlife Resources Act.
- 147 (6) If a higher penalty than is prescribed in this section is provided in another section for
148 one who purchases, transfers, possesses, uses, or has under this custody or control a
149 dangerous weapon, the penalties of that section control.
- 150 (7) It is an affirmative defense to a charge based on the definition in Subsection (1)(b)(v)
151 that the person was:
- 152 (a) in possession of a controlled substance pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner for
153 use of a member of the person's household or for administration to an animal owned
154 by the person or a member of the person's household; or
155 (b) otherwise authorized by law to possess the substance.
- 156 (8)(a) It is an affirmative defense to transferring a firearm or other dangerous weapon by
157 a person restricted under Subsection (2) or (3) that the firearm or dangerous weapon:
- 158 (i) was possessed by the person or was under the person's custody or control before
159 the person became a restricted person;
- 160 (ii) was not used in or possessed during the commission of a crime or subject to
161 disposition under Section Title 77, Chapter 11a, Part 4, Disposal of Seized
162 Property and Contraband;
- 163 (iii) is not being held as evidence by a court or law enforcement agency;
- 164 (iv) was transferred to a person not legally prohibited from possessing the weapon;

- 165 and
- 166 (v) unless a different time is ordered by the court, was transferred within 10 days of
- 167 the person becoming a restricted person.
- 168 (b) Subsection (8)(a) is not a defense to the use, purchase, or possession on the person of
- 169 a firearm or other dangerous weapon by a restricted person.
- 170 (9)(a) A person may not sell, transfer, or otherwise dispose of a firearm or dangerous
- 171 weapon to a person, knowing that the recipient is a person described in Subsection
- 172 (1)(a) or (b).
- 173 (b) A person who violates Subsection (9)(a) when the recipient is:
- 174 (i) a person described in Subsection (1)(a) and the transaction involves a firearm, is
- 175 guilty of a second degree felony;
- 176 (ii) a person described in Subsection (1)(a) and the transaction involves a dangerous
- 177 weapon other than a firearm, and the transferor has knowledge that the recipient
- 178 intends to use the weapon for any unlawful purpose, is guilty of a third degree
- 179 felony;
- 180 (iii) a person described in Subsection (1)(b) and the transaction involves a firearm, is
- 181 guilty of a third degree felony; or
- 182 (iv) a person described in Subsection (1)(b) and the transaction involves a dangerous
- 183 weapon other than a firearm, and the transferor has knowledge that the recipient
- 184 intends to use the weapon for an unlawful purpose, is guilty of a class A
- 185 misdemeanor.
- 186 (10)(a) A person may not knowingly solicit, persuade, encourage or entice a dealer or
- 187 other person to sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of a firearm or dangerous weapon
- 188 under circumstances which the person knows would be a violation of the law.
- 189 (b) A person may not provide to a dealer or other person information that the person
- 190 knows to be materially false information with intent to deceive the dealer or other
- 191 person about the legality of a sale, transfer or other disposition of a firearm or
- 192 dangerous weapon.
- 193 (c) "Materially false information" means information that portrays an illegal transaction
- 194 as legal or a legal transaction as illegal.
- 195 (d) A person who violates this Subsection (10) is guilty of:
- 196 (i) a third degree felony if the transaction involved a firearm; or
- 197 (ii) a class A misdemeanor if the transaction involved a dangerous weapon other than
- 198 a firearm.

199 Section 2. **Effective Date.**
200 This bill takes effect on May 7, 2025.